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Lighting Design Report and Specifications for

Gordon Park

Revision

Client	Greenwalk Development Ltd.
Project number	22085
Designed by	Patrick Redmond <i>HDip Bus, EngTech AMILP, AMSLL, Tech IEI</i>
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Accompanying Documents

22085 Lighting level calculation full output Gordon Park Revision.

22085 Lighting level calculation report full output Gordon Park Revision.

22085 Lighting level calculation dimmed by 25% Gordon Park Revision.

22085 Lighting level calculation report dimmed by 25% Gordon Park Revision.

22085 Electrical calculations Gordon Park Revision.

22085 Energy consumption calculation Gordon Park Revision.

22085 Lighting layout drawing Gordon Park Revision.

21075 Lighting layout drawing Gordon Park Revision ~ PDF version.

1 General Information

The Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Construction) Regulations 2013 clearly defines certain duties for Designers and for Project Supervisors, Design Stage. In order to meet these duties and to assist other designers and supervisors involved in this project to meet their duties we provide the following information. It must be noted that this information is based on our observations and there may be other risks that are beyond our knowledge on this project.

1.1 Client & Project

Project Name	Gordon Park Revision
Project Location	Dublin 24
Client	Greenwalk Development Ltd.
Contact	Tommy Canny

1.2 Our Design Role

We have completed a lighting design for the above project to comply with relevant EU Norms, National Standards, and best guidance documents as appropriate.

European lighting standards	<i>I.S. EN 13201-2:2015</i> <i>I.S. EN 13201-5:2015</i> <i>I.S. EN 12464-2:2007</i>
Code of practise	<i>BS 5489-1: 2020</i>
Professional guidance documents	<i>ILP PLG03 (2012)</i> <i>Technical Report 12. ILP (2007)</i>
Electrical standard	<i>I.S. 10101:2020</i>
Lantern standard	<i>EN 60598</i>
Column standard	<i>EN 40</i>
Column calculation method	<i>BD94/07</i>
Steelwork protection	<i>EN 1461</i>

The design has been completed based on the drawings provided to us.

Our design covers the physical area defined by the calculation grids marked in the lighting design booklet accompanying this report.

It is not possible to incorporate the blocking and shadowing effect of trees, or other obstructions into the lighting level calculations.

2 Safety

We are committed to safe working practises and have done all in our power to identify and 'design out' hazards. If there is any detail within this design that requires clarification or if you need further information, please contact us and we will endeavour to co-operate fully.

2.1 Particular Risks

Using Schedule 1 *Non-exhaustive List of Work Involving Particular Risks to the Safety, Health and Welfare of Persons at Work* as a template, we have identified the following risks that affect the design process:

None that we could identify.

2.2 Other Risks

In addition to the risks described in **2 Particular Risks** above, we have identified the following risks that affect the design process:

None that we could identify.

2.3 Construction and Risk Control

It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that their method of work meets their duty of care and requirements under the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Construction) Regulations 2013 and any other national or local requirements.

2.4 Electrical Safety Tests

It is the electrical contractor's duty to calculate the appropriate fuse size for the electrical infrastructure.

It is the contractor's duty to ensure that all his electrical work meets relevant national and local standards. The contractor must ensure that all electrical safety testing is completed by a competent member of staff and that all test results are recorded and signed, and a copy given to the client and to us.

2.4 Lighting Columns as a Hazard

Public lighting columns are defined in *BS 5489-1:2020 6.13* as a potential hazard to road users and defines minimal setbacks to the column face from the edge of the carriageway. In general, the edge of the carriageway is defined by the raised kerb in residential developments.

In this project we have located the columns at the back of the footpath or set back by at least 800mm from the kerb edge.

3 Lighting Design

Using *S.R. CEN/TR 13201-1:2014 Table 4* we have determined that designing the lighting in the residential section to comply with *I.S. EN 13201-2:2015 P4* is appropriate for this project given its size, location, and usage.

Each construction phase is self-contained.

We have designed the lighting on the Old Naas Road to comply with *I.S. EN 13201-2:2015 P2* to blend with the existing lighting.

3.1 Dimming

We have designed the lighting to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00 in line with dimming profile *U14*.

3.2 Constant Lumen Output

The luminaires shall utilise constant lumen output.

3.3 Switching

The luminaires will be operated by PECUs switching at 35/18_{lux} levels.

3.4 Lighting Impact

We select the luminaire that uses the lowest energy consumption for the specific application. We utilise the most appropriate lumen package (lumen output and distribution optics) to ensure efficient lighting of the target area and to minimise light spill outside of the area. Our energy consumption calculations are based on the requirements of *IS EN 13201-5:2015*.

We design using full cut off luminaires to ensure there is no direct upward light. We ensure that *threshold increment* is included in our calculations so that the luminaires are not a glare source.

We believe our lighting designs utilise the most energy efficient, sustainable luminaires currently available on the market and reflect practises laid out in relevant standards and in guidance notes from the professional bodies of which we are members, the Institution of Lighting Professionals and the Society of Light and Lighting.

4 Lighting Performance

The lighting design has been carried out based on the performance of the selected luminaire. Any changes to the selected luminaire will make our design obsolete. This includes variation of specification of the luminaire by any member of the supply chain, including the OEM. Once this design has been approved by the local authority, any changes to the design will also require approval.

4.1 Maintenance Factor

The luminaire manufacturer's stated *lumen depreciation factor* is 0.9 at 100,000 hours at 25° C for drive current selected. The *lamp survival factor* is 1. The mounting height, environmental zone and cleaning cycle derives a *luminaire maintenance factor* of 0.92 from *table C.1, BS 5489-1:2020*. This results in a *combined maintenance factor* of 0.83 which has been applied to the calculations.

4.2 Luminaire Selection

We have selected a luminaire based on energy consumption, photometric performance, and general quality.

4.3 Luminaire Variation

While we endeavour to use the smallest number of luminaire variations on our projects, our primary aim is to comply with relevant European lighting standards while minimising energy consumption, minimising light pollution and light spill.

We achieve this by selecting an appropriate lumen package to suit the geometry of the area to be illuminated.

4.4 Design Luminaire

In this instance, we have selected a design based on the stated photometric performance and energy consumption of the Philips LumiStreet range.

5 Columns

We have used 6m columns throughout the residential areas. We have specified hinged columns where future access by maintenance crews will be challenging. These columns are clearly identified on the accompanying drawing.

We have used 8m columns on the Old Naas Road, as this is the most efficient method to efficiently illuminate the road, given it's width.

5.1 Trees and Landscaping

Trees and tall growth should be pruned back so that they do not cause shadowing. No trees or tall shrubs can be planted within 6m of the column.

6 Cable and Ducting

Ducting must be laid in accordance with the *National Rules for Electrical Installations I.S. 10101: Latest version*.

No cable joints are permitted. Cables can share ducts, but they must not be jointed in any manner.

No element of public lighting can stand on, or pass under, private property.

6.1 Midi Pillars

The project will require three midi pillars.

Midi pillars must be located in places that afford ease of identification and access for future maintenance crews. They must be located logically so as not to cause any risk to maintenance crews in the future.

6.2 Circuits

Midi pillar *MP 1* and *MP 2* will supply three circuits. Midi pillar *MP 3* will supply two circuits.

7 Energy Consumption

The total energy consumption for this project will be 1,766 kW/h per annum, including dimming.

Appendix A Luminaire Quantities

Luminaire Quantities	
Quantity	Item
10	Philips BGP291 DW52 3.0klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 6m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DW52_3000_20LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies PT U14
4	Philips BGP291 DM12 2.0klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 6m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DM12_2000_10LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies PT U14
3	Philips BGP291 DN09 1.0klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 6m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DN09_1000_6LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies PT U14
3	Philips BGP291 DRN1 0.8klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 6m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DRN1_800_6LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies SE U14
1	Philips BGP291 DM10 1.6klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 6m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DM10_1600_6LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies SE U14
1	Philips BGP291 DM10 3.4klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 6m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DM10_3400_20LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies SE U14
5	Philips BGP292 DM31 7.5klm in neutral white with 7 pin NEMA socket, DALI registered driver, and CLO. Programmed to dim by 25% from 00:00 to 06:00. Prewired to suit 8m column. Luminaire to comply with Appendix B attached. LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP292_DM31_7500_40LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies SE U14
16	6m column to comply with Appendix C attached.
6	6m hinged column to comply with Appendix C attached.
5	8m column to comply with Appendix C attached.
27	18/35 PECU.
27	Cut outs.
3	Midi pillar
22	Cable access chamber
950	Metres (approximately) 2 core 6mm ² NYCY cable to link columns.
1200	Metres (approximately) Rigid duct to comply with Appendix D attached.
150	Metres (approximately) flexi duct to comply with Appendix D attached.

Appendix B Luminaire Specification

- 1 The luminaire shall be designed specifically to be used with LED light sources. It shall comply with all relevant EN standards and EC directives required by the CE *Community Marketing Directive*.

Product quality and standard measurements will be based on *IEC/PAS 62717* and *IEC/PAS 62722*.

Lantern shall comply with *EN 60598*.
- 2 The luminaire shall be supplied with surge protection of no less than 10kVa.
- 3 The light source shall be modular and replaceable on site. The module should be fixed in such a way as to maximise heat transfer from the LED chip and its respective board. The LED shall be a neutral white.

The lens assembly shall be protected by an appropriate material. The optic assembly will be protected to IP 66 as defined by *BS EN 60529*.

The lumen depreciation factor shall not exceed 10% at 100 000 hours at t_a 25°C
- 4 The driver shall be housed in a dedicated, separate chamber within the luminaire, the enclosure will be protected to a minimum of IP 65 as defined by *BS EN 60529*.

The driver shall be DALI registered and capable of communication and interaction with a CMS communication module should it be required in the future. Or shall be capable of being controlled by 1 to 10.

The manufacturer shall ensure that the driver is compatible with the LED array being used, that the driver complies with all appropriate regulation, standards, quality criteria and directives.

Drivers shall have over temperature protection and provide power factor correction of no less than 0.9.
- 5 The luminaire shall be constructed from die cast aluminium and powder coated in grey. All coloured components of the lantern shall be of the same colour code (RAL) and have the same visual appearance when viewed together.
- 6 The optic shall be protected to IP 66, the driver housing shall be protected to IP 66 as defined by *BS EN 60529*. The IP rating must be capable of being maintained throughout the design life of the luminaire.
- 7 The luminaire will be constructed in a robust manner and be suitable to use in the intended application and location. The luminaire shall have a minimum impact resistance of *IK08*.
- 8 A comprehensive written warranty covering lantern, driver and LED chip and module/array shall be provided. Warranty period shall be ten years as a minimum. Details of how the local authority can access the warranty claim procedure should be supplied by the manufacturer in writing and signed by a director.
- 9 A signed declaration of conformity, along with certificates for ENC compliance and EMC Directive compliance shall be provided. The equipment will be fully compliant with RoHS requirements.
- 10 The weight and projected side area should be stated for the luminaire with all equipment and angle of installation considered in order to calculate column load for this installation.
- 11 Covers or openings on the lantern or the gear box required to be opened during the installation or maintenance of the light point must be captive when open.
- 12 All screws or fixtures required to be opened during installation or maintenance of the product must be protected against corrosion and seizure for the design life of the lantern.

- 13 LED failure fraction shall not be greater than 5% of the LEDs installed in the lantern over the design life of the lantern.
- 14 Correlated colour temperature shall not exceed four thousand Kelvin.
- 15 The luminaire shall provide thermal protection for all its components to ensure the lantern and its components operate within the stated temperature parameters through the design life of the lantern.
- Ambient temperature related to lantern performance and tests will be in the range of -35°C to +55°C.
- 16 Electrical connection terminals shall be indelibly marked to indicate all wiring connections and use shrouded screws. Control equipment shall bear a clear circuit diagram in order to indicate all component connections in a concise manner.
- Operating voltages shall be clearly marked within the enclosure.
- 17 Electrical terminals shall be capable of terminating three core 2.5mm² flexible cable.
- 18 Any link cables, connector blocks and plug & socket arrangements must be of a suitable IP rating for their location and application and comply with all standards or directives.
- 19 The complete luminaire including all component parts shall be guaranteed by the manufacturer for a minimum of ten years. Full written details of the warranty must be provided with the bid.
- 20 The luminaire shall be individually switched via PECU set to 35/18 lux switching. This PECU will be selected by the lantern manufacturer and be included in the lantern warranty, unless a NEMA socket is selected.
- When a NEMA socket is used, it shall be a 7 pin unit and all communication cables shall be connected to the driver at the time of manufacturing.
- 21 The manufacturer shall provide the following information in accordance with the Lighting Industry Liaison Group's *A Guide to the Specification of LED Lighting Products*:
- i. Rated input power, identifying the amount of energy consumed by the lantern, including its power supply in Watts.
 - ii. Rated luminous flux in lumens in absolute photometric values. Absolute photometry results in a LOR=1
 - iii. Lantern efficacy in lumens per Watt.
 - iv. Luminous intensity distribution.
 - v. Correlated colour temperature in Kelvin.
 - vi. Rated colour rendering index (CRI).
 - vii. Rated chromaticity co-ordinate values. Initial and maintained.
 - viii. Maintained luminous flux.
 - ix. Rated life in hours of the LED module and the associated rated lumen maintenance.
 - x. Failure fracture corresponding to the rated life of the LED module within the lantern.
 - xi. Ambient temperature for the lantern.

Appendix C Column & Bracket Specification

The column and bracket shall be designed to *EN 40* and in accordance with *BD 94/07*. They shall be of suitable size to bear the specified lantern and to achieve a nominal height to light source as called for by the lighting design.

The lighting column manufacturer shall be registered with and certified by either NSAI, British Standards Institute of Quality Assurance Services or Lloyds Register Quality Assurance Register for the design, manufacture, supply and verification of road lighting columns and brackets under their quality assessment schedule to ISO 9001.

The quality assurance certification shall relate to the specific lighting column material being proposed. The local authority reserves the right to request proof of certification from the proposed column manufacturer.

Aluminium columns can be considered for use, especially as they can be more environmentally favourable than steel columns.

Brackets will be manufactured from the same material as the column.

The column will comply with the following specifications:

- 1 The column shall be of functional design and suitable for the location and intended loading.
- 2 The column shall be protected against the ingress of moisture at the top and at the door entry.
- 3 Steel columns shall be galvanised to *BS EN 1461*.
- 4 Roots shall be protected with bitumen or other appropriate material. This protection should extend 100mm above ground level.
- 5 Doors shall be fitted in such a way as to minimise the risk of being pried off. Twin locks should be fitted. Column and door should have earth terminals of suitable mechanical type.
- 6 A suitable non-hygroscopic backboard will be fitted in line with the door and be large enough to take local authority approved termination units.
- 7 The space between the door and the backboard will be sufficient to enable the fitment of termination units as required by the County Council.
- 8 Each lantern shall be individually protected with a suitable fuse unit in the column base.
- 9 Neutral blocks, or looping-in blocks, shall be of an approved grooved bore 63A type, fully insulated and solidly mounted on the backboard.
- 10 Columns shall be wired with a minimum 2.5mm² PVC/PVC stranded copper cable.
- 11 All columns shall comply with *I.S. 10101:2020* regulations with regard to minimum door height.
- 12 Columns shall be installed so that their doors are aligned at 90° to the curb edge to enable maintenance personnel face towards oncoming traffic.
- 13 Close protection of street lighting lanterns to be provided by a 25A rated cut-out loaded with a 6A fuse incorporating a *cam lever* single pole disconnection. The cut-out will use a separate neutral and earth. The cut-out must provide ingress protection to *IP21* as defined by *EN 60529*. This fuse type is colloquially identified as conforming to *BS 88*.
- 14 The cut-out shall be constructed to conform to the requirements laid out in *BS 7654* For example: *MC040SLF 25A SLCO TYPE 1 (SNE)* by Lucy Zodion. Note that other cut-outs that meet this specification will be acceptable so long as they are an established and recognised, quality brand and do not have a negative impact on maintenance stock requirements of the local authority or their agents.
- 15 Where three phase supply is required, then separate link boxes will be installed in the column below the cut-out to allow for interconnecting. Link boxes must comply with the requirements

laid out in *BS 7657:2010*. Link boxes will be supplied for live 1, live 2, live 3, neutral and finally earth. The link box must provide ingress protection to *IP21* as defined by *EN 60529*.

- 16 All terminals shall be formed from solid brass and be electroplated for temperature rise stability. Terminals shall have a serrated bore to ensure good contact with all types of conductors. The incoming terminals shall have additional protection, provided by a red safety shield to guard against accidental contact with live metal.
- 17 All components required will be firmly fixed to the back board of the column in a tidy professional manner. All conductors will be stripped to the appropriate length to allow for connection. No exposed conductors shall be allowed.
- 18 The column shall be earthed from the incoming cable via a 6mm² PVC cable which will be connected to the column by a crimped lug.

Appendix D Ducting & Cable Specification

- 1 All cabling shall be laid underground in 110mm PVC-U pipe coloured red of high density to *IS 135 class B* with a wall thickness in the range 2.3-2.8mm or other pipe coloured red having a high resistance to impact.

Cable access chambers shall be provided at all road crossings with spare duct provided between chambers.
- 2 The minimum standard acceptable is *EN 50086-2-4* with a 750 Newton load rating for 5% deflection. A minimum cover of 600mm to the ducting shall be provided in grass margins and minimum cover of 750mm to the ducting shall be provided at road crossings.
- 3 The electrical cable should be at least:

6mm² NYCY type to *BS 6346:1989*, with colours brown, blue, and green-yellow.
- 4 Cable joints are not permitted. Cables shall be looped from column to column on each circuit. If faults develop on cables prior to commissioning, the section of cable involved shall be replaced.
- 5 A duct should be provided between the ESB section pillar and the Public Lighting Customer Service Pillar.

Appendix E Public Lighting Midi Pillar

Public lighting midi pillars must not be located within two metres of an ESN service pillar.

- 1 All columns shall be supplied from a Public Lighting Customer Service Pillar, located adjacent to the ESB section pillar. Not more than eight columns may be supplied from any one circuit and not more than four circuits may be taken from any one Customer Service Pillar.
- 2 The pillar shall consist of a rectangular box of approximate dimensions above ground of 150mm deep, 250mm width, and 600mm high. The root section shall be 320mm long and turned out at the bottom for a distance of 50mm. This root section will be protected by bitumen or other suitable material.
- 3 The pillar shall be fitted with a recessed, lift-out, door with a weather strip all round. The door shall be fixed with an M8 triangular headed locking screw at the top onto a suitably tapped fixing plate and secured at the bottom by a fixed catch onto the weather strip.
- 4 The door shall be equipped with a suitable unobtrusive finger grip to facilitate easy removal of the door.
- 5 The minimum opening size shall be 220mm wide by 510mm high.
- 6 The pillar shell, door and extension plates shall be of 3mm thick mild steel. The pillar, when fabricated, shall be suitable for free standing or recessing into a wall.
- 7 A suitable non-hygroscopic backboard shall be fitted in each pillar which shall be easily removable.
- 8 A main earth terminal shall also be provided with an insulated earth lead to the door.
- 9 After fabrication the pillar shall be hot dipped galvanized both inside and outside in accordance with *BS EN 1461*.
- 10 The pillar shall have a smooth exterior finish and be free of all sharp and rough edges, both outside and inside.

Appendix F Public Lighting Midi Pillar Fit Out

- 1 All electrical components shall be securely mounted on the baseboard.
- 2 All outgoing circuits shall be individually fused by means of a 20A HRC fuse unit, capable of accommodating cable sizes up to 25mm². The fuse shall be rated 16kA minimum rupturing capacity and shall comply with *BS 1361*. The terminals of the fuse unit shall be of the grooved bore type. Unless appropriate calculations call for a different size fuse.

RCDs must not be used.
- 3 Where there is more than one outgoing circuit, a main fuse shall also be provided. The main fuse shall be rated 25A and shall otherwise be identical with individual circuit fuses.
- 4 The electrical contractor shall consult with the local ESB Networks office on ESB interface requirements at the Customer Service Pillar.
- 5 The installed pillar shall be embedded in concrete, *Class E, Clause 1502*, Specification for Road-works, published by the Department of the Environment.
- 6 The front of all Public Lighting Customer Service Pillars shall display a permanent rigid danger warning sign (black lettering on a yellow background), 100mm wide by 120mm deep, securely fixed, as per the local authority specification.

Appendix G Public Lighting Midi Pillar Earthing

- 1 All public lighting midi pillars shall be earthed, using an earth electrode and the supply neutralised. The electrode shall consist of a bare copper, or hot dipped galvanised steel rod/pipe of at least 16mm diameter, driven vertically into the soil for a length of at least 1,200mm. If difficulties arise in driving the vertical rod, due to underground services, a horizontal earth electrode may be installed as follows:

A straight length of at least 4.5m of either:

 - 16mm diameter bare copper.
 - 16mm diameter hot dipped galvanised steel rod.
 - 25mm² cross-section bare copper.
 - 25mm² cross-section hot dipped galvanised steel rod.

This should be buried in the soil to a depth of at least 500mm. The earthing lead shall exit the pillar through the services cable entry opening.
- 2 The connection at the earth electrode shall be accessible for inspection and shall be protected against corrosion by a suitable waterproof tape. The connection shall be enclosed in a galvanised steel box, with an inspection cover. After inspection, the connection shall be buried underground.
- 3 A main earth terminal shall be mounted on the pillar baseboard, with the following connections:
 - 10mm² PVC cable from the earth terminal on the pillar, with a crimped lug connection to the pillar,
 - 10mm² PVC cable from the earth electrode,
 - 10mm² PVC cable from the neutral link.
- 4 A main earth terminal shall be mounted on the baseboard in each lighting column, with the following connections:
 - 6mm² PVC cable from the earth terminal to the column, with a crimped lug connection to the column,
 - 2.5mm² PVC cable from the lantern earth terminal.
- 5 The outer sheath of the incoming and/or outgoing service cable shall be connected to the main earth terminal, in the case of both the lighting column and the public lighting customer service pillar.
- 6 Earth continuity cables shall be coloured yellow/green, in accordance with *I.S. 10101:2020* wiring rules. In the case of NYCY cables, appropriate yellow/green sleeving shall be used.

Cable Calculations

Project Name Gordon Park Revision
Project Number 22085

Midi Pillar Number 1							
Circuit	Tabulated Voltage drop (cable)	Total columns on circuit	Total luminaire Current (I_D)	Total circuit length	kVA for pillar	Voltage drop	Voltage drop percentage
1	7.3	2	0.09	68	0.15	0.04	0.02%
2	7.3	4	0.36	141		0.37	0.16%
3	7.3	4	0.22	144		0.23	0.10%
Circuit	Z_E	Conductor Resistance Ω /km	Z_S	Circuit Impedance Ohm	Fault Current Amp	Circuit Fuse (I_N) Amp	Cable size
1	0.35	3.08	0.42	0.8	299.1	10	6mm ²
2	0.35	3.08	0.87	1.2	188.7	10	6mm ²
3	0.35	3.08	0.89	1.2	185.9	10	6mm ²

*Note that circuit length includes an extra 10m per column to allow for turns, access and other potential issues.
It is the duty of the electrical contractor to undertake appropriate electrical safety tests and to certify the electrical installation.*

The voltage drop on each circuit is below the allowed maximum.
The minimum sized cable permissible under I.S. 10101:2020 is 6mm SQ.
It is the duty of the electrical contractor to calculate the appropriate fuse size.

Approximate Total Cable (m) = 950

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Midi Pillar Number 2							
Circuit	Tabulated Voltage drop (cable)	Total columns on circuit	Total luminaire Current (I_D)	Total circuit length	kVA for pillar	Voltage drop	Voltage drop percentage
1	7.3	3	0.09	128	0.17	0.08	0.04%
2	7.3	4	0.29	146		0.31	0.13%
3	7.3	5	0.37	210		0.57	0.25%
Circuit	Z_E	Conductor Resistance Ω /km	Z_s	Circuit Impedance Ohm	Fault Current Amp	Circuit Fuse (I_N) Amp	Cable size
1	0.35	3.08	0.79	1.1	202.0	10	6mm ²
2	0.35	3.08	0.90	1.2	184.1	10	6mm ²
3	0.35	3.08	1.29	1.6	139.9	10	6mm ²

*Note that circuit length includes an extra 10m per column to allow for turns, access and other potential issues.
It is the duty of the electrical contractor to undertake appropriate electrical safety tests and to certify the electrical installation.*

Midi Pillar Number 3							
Circuit	Tabulated Voltage drop (cable)	Total columns on circuit	Total luminaire Current (I_D)	Total circuit length	kVA for pillar	Voltage drop	Voltage drop percentage
1	7.3	2	0.41	58	0.24	0.17	0.08%
2	7.3	3	0.62	133		0.60	0.26%
Circuit	Z_E	Conductor Resistance Ω /km	Z_s	Circuit Impedance Ohm	Fault Current Amp	Circuit Fuse (I_N) Amp	Cable size
1	0.35	3.08	0.36	0.7	325.2	10	6mm ²
2	0.35	3.08	0.82	1.2	196.7	10	6mm ²

*Note that circuit length includes an extra 10m per column to allow for turns, access and other potential issues.
It is the duty of the electrical contractor to undertake appropriate electrical safety tests and to certify the electrical installation.*

66

DATE: 25 August 2022
DESIGNER: Patrick Redmond
PROJECT No: 22085
PROJECT NAME: Gordon Park Revision



Lighting designed to comply with I.S. EN 13201-2:2015 P4 within the development, and to comply with I.S. EN 13201-2:2015 P2 on the Old Naas Road to blend with existing levels, with a neutral (4,000K) source. All prior to dimming by 25%. Energy consumption assessed in accordance with I.S. EN 13201-5:2015.

LMF 0.92 x LDF 0.9 x LSF 1 = MF 0.83 at 100,000 hours at 25 degrees ambient. Photometry measured at minimum 15 degree ambient.

Luminaire A = 13W. Luminaire B = 9W. Luminaire C = 5W.
Luminaire D = 4W. Luminaire E = 8W. Luminaire F = 15W.
Luminaire G = 31W.
Connected load, averaged for CLO.

Lighting Level ~ Dimmed By 25%

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Document control: TD 01 Version: 1.0

Layout Report

General Data

Dimensions in Metres Angles in Degrees

Calculation Grids

ID	Grid Name	X	Y	X' Length	Y' Length	X' Spacing	Y' Spacing
1	Phase 1	705379.58	728724.91	165.85	147.83	1.49	1.49
2	Phase 2	705399.26	728787.09	146.49	164.98	1.32	1.50
3	Frontage 1	705363.75	728793.28	34.67	79.45	1.28	1.50
4	Frontage 2	705382.07	728872.77	31.61	81.99	1.44	1.49
5	Crossing assessment	705391.55	728912.23	13.81	2.11	0.99	0.53
6	Crossing vertical assessme...	705391.77	728913.22	13.75	2.00	0.60	0.50

Luminaires

Luminaire A Data



Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP291 DW52
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	3.00
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DW52_300_0_20LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	639.6, 45.2, 0.0
No. in Project	10

Luminaire B Data



Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP291 DM12
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	2.00
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DM12_200_0_10LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	742.0, 45.4, 0.0
No. in Project	4

Luminaire C Data



Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP291 DN09
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	1.00
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DN09_1000_6LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	986.5, 116.6, 0.0
No. in Project	3

Luminaire D Data



Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP291 DRN1
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	0.80
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DRN1_800_6LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	431.4, 23.6, 0.0
No. in Project	3

Luminaire E Data



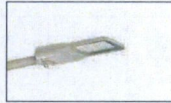
Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP291 DM10
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	1.60
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DM10_160_0_6LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	534.0, 55.4, 0.0
No. in Project	1

Luminaire F Data



Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP291 DM10
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	3.40
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Micro_BGP291_DM10_340_0_20LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	534.0, 55.4, 0.0
No. in Project	1

Luminaires



Luminaire G Data

Supplier	Philips
Type	BGP292 DM31
Lamp(s)	LED-HB 5.2S 740
Lamp Flux (klm)	7.50
File Name	LumiStreet Gen2 Mini_BGP292_DM31_7500_40LED_5.2S_CLO_L90_740.ies
Maintenance Factor	0.83
Imax70,80,90(cd/klm)	245.2 15.7 0.0
No. in Project	5

Layout

ID	Type	X	Y	Height	Angle	Tilt	Cant	Out-reach	Dimmed to	Target X	Target Y	Target Z
PL 1	A	705400.80	728823.25	6.00	243.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 2	A	705426.27	728803.36	6.00	220.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 3	A	705446.16	728775.25	6.00	214.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 4	A	705471.13	728770.96	6.00	116.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 5	A	705503.34	728783.77	6.00	129.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 6	B	705450.42	728745.68	6.00	199.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 7	F	705395.64	728836.79	6.00	348.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 8	G	705389.50	728838.43	8.00	164.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 9	G	705396.72	728872.61	8.00	169.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 10	D	705449.46	728732.85	6.00	116.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 11	D	705524.55	728791.21	6.00	237.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 12	D	705532.57	728772.09	6.00	199.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 13	A	705500.08	728816.25	6.00	206.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 14	A	705480.22	728844.97	6.00	217.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 15	A	705461.09	728865.83	6.00	221.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 16	A	705435.83	728883.55	6.00	351.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 17	B	705441.12	728911.28	6.00	349.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 18	B	705458.13	728898.95	6.00	134.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 19	A	705455.58	728911.81	6.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 20	C	705415.87	728867.86	6.00	98.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 21	G	705403.21	728906.99	8.00	174.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 22	G	705408.05	728941.72	8.00	174.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 23	B	705497.72	728847.89	6.00	136.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 24	E	705512.04	728861.23	6.00	133.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 25	G	705381.50	728804.37	8.00	167.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 26	C	705406.88	728923.05	6.00	351.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			
PL 29	C	705402.19	728887.32	6.00	351.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	75%			

Horizontal Illuminance (lux)

Phase 1



Results

Eav	3.81
Emin	0.95
E _{max}	15.33
E _{min} /E _{max}	0.06
E _{min} /E _{av}	0.25

Horizontal Illuminance (lux)

Phase 2

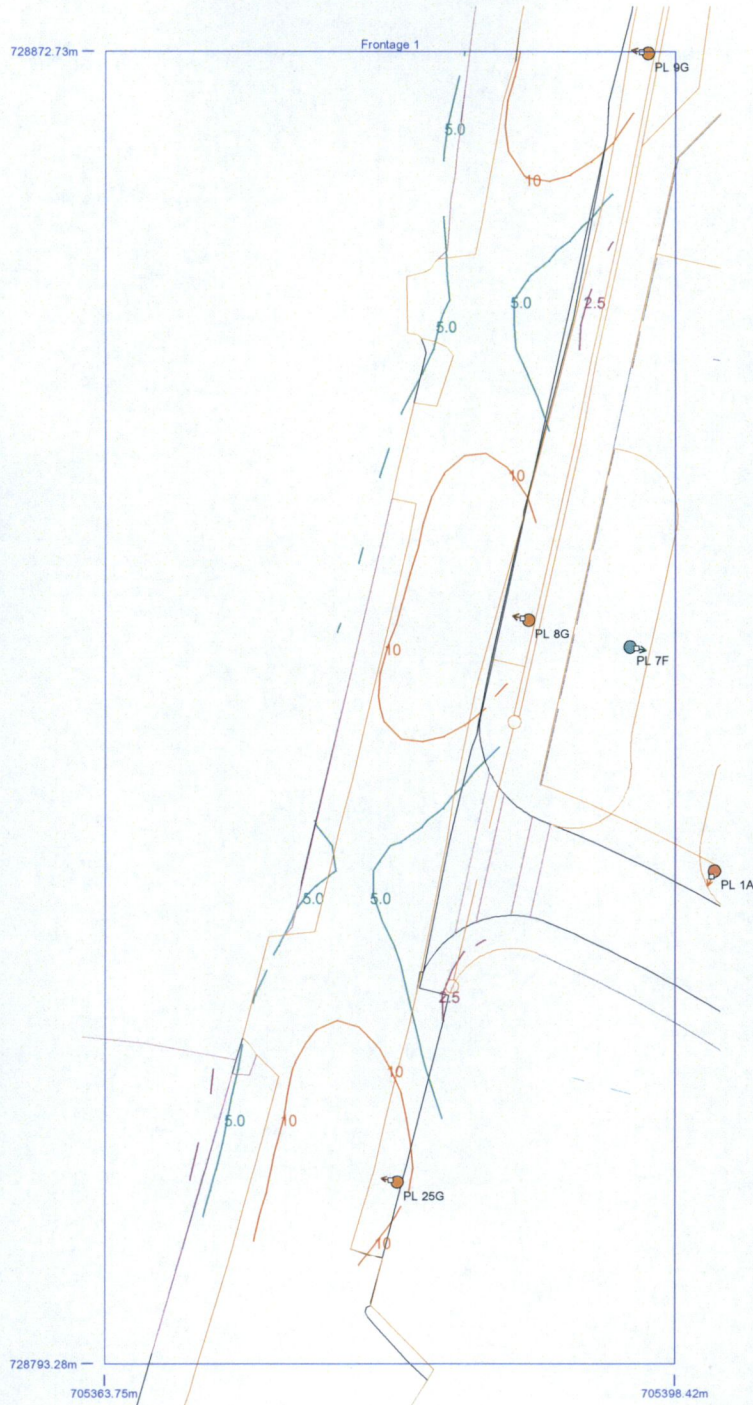


Results

Eav	3.92
Emin	0.96
Emax	8.50
Emin/Emax	0.11
Emin/Eav	0.24

Horizontal Illuminance (lux)

Frontage 1



Results

Eav	8.40
Emin	2.46
E _{max}	14.52
E _{min} /E _{max}	0.17
E _{min} /E _{av}	0.29

Horizontal Illuminance (lux)

Frontage 2

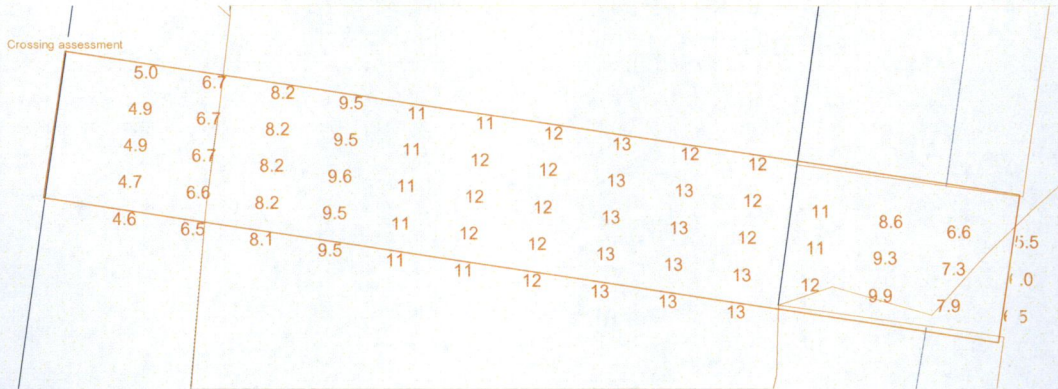


Results

Eav	7.91
Emin	1.72
Emax	14.28
Emin/Emax	0.12
Emin/Eav	0.22

Horizontal Illuminance (lux)

Crossing assessment



Results

Eav	9.87
Emin	4.64
Emax	13.31
Emin/Emax	0.35
Emin/Eav	0.47

Illuminance (lux)

Crossing vertical assessment

1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	3.1	4.7	6.5	8.4	10.0	11	13	14	15	16	16	16	16	15	14	11	8.5	6.4	5.1	4.0
1.2	1.5	1.9	2.7	3.8	5.3	6.7	7.9	9.0	9.9	11	12	12	13	13	13	13	12	11	9.5	7.4	5.7	4.7	3.8
1.3	1.7	2.3	3.2	4.4	5.4	6.3	7.1	7.9	8.6	9.2	9.7	10	11	11	11	10	9.9	9.2	8.0	6.5	5.1	4.3	3.5
1.5	2.0	2.8	3.6	4.4	5.1	5.8	6.4	6.9	7.4	7.8	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.9	8.8	8.6	8.2	7.7	6.8	5.6	4.6	4.0	3.4
1.8	2.4	3.1	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.6	6.0	6.3	6.6	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.5	5.8	4.9	4.2	3.7	3.3

Results

Eav	7.09
Emin	1.21
Emax	16.48
Emin/Emax	0.07
Emin/Eav	0.17