APPENDIX A: SITE CHARACTERISATION FORM

File Reference:

1.0 GENERAL DETAILS (From planning application)

Prefix: First Name: Jack Surname: Norton

Address: New House

Site Location and Townland: Forgefield, Stocking Lane, Rathfarnham

Number of Bedrooms: 2 Maximum Number of Residents: 4

Comments on population equivalent

Number of bedrooms plus 2

Proposed Water Supply:

Mains ☑ Private Well/Borehole ☐ _____ Group Well/Borehole ☐

2.0 GENERAL DETAILS (From planning application)

Soil Type, (Specify Type): Made Ground

Subsoil, (Specify Type): Till derived from Metamorphic rocks

Bedrock Type: Ordovician Metasediments

Aquifer Category: Regionally Important | Locally Important LI Poor _____

Vulnerability: Extreme ☑ High ☐ Moderate ☐ Low ☐

Groundwater Body: Kilcullen Status Good

Name of Public/Group Scheme Water Supply within 1 km:

Source Protection Area: ZOC ☐ SI ☐ SO ☐ Groundwater Protection Response: R2„

Presence of Significant Sites (Archaeological, Natural & Historical): None

Past experience in the area: Good soakage

Comments:

(Integrate the information above in order to comment on: the potential suitability of the site, potential targets at risk, and/or any potential site restrictions).

Bedrock Aquifer is LI - Vulnerability is Extreme - Groundwater will be a target at risk.

Note: Only information available at the desk study stage should be used in this section.

3.0 ON-SITE ASSESSMENT

3.1 Visual Assessment

Landscape Position: On Gentle North-facing slope

Slope: Steep (>1:5) ☐ Shallow (1:5-1:20) ☐ Relatively Flat (<1:20) ☑

Slope Comment

Surface Features within a minimum of 250m (Distance To Features Should Be Noted In Metres)

Houses:

House to West -on opposite side of Road @ 100m
House to Northeast at 150m

Existing Land Use:

Residential

Vegetation Indicators:

Nothing to suggest poor soakage

Groundwater Flow Direction: North

Ground Condition:

Dry

Site Boundaries:

Not defined

3.0 ON-SITE ASSESSMENT

3.1 Visual Assessment (contd.)

Roads:

Road R115 to northwest Lane to Southwest

Outcrops (Bedrock And/Or Subsoil):

None

Surface Water Ponding:

None

Lakes:

None

Beaches/Shellfish Areas:

None

Wetlands:

None

Karst Features:

None

Watercourses/Streams:*

None within 500m

***Note and record** water level

3.0 ON-SITE ASSESSMENT

3.1 Visual Assessment (contd.)

Drainage Ditches:*

No ditches bordering site

Springs:*

None

Wells:*

area on mains

Comments:
(Integrate the information above in order to comment on: the potential suitability of the site, potential targets at risk, the suitability of the site to treat the wastewater and the location of the proposed system within the site).

Site is in good dry land with no vegetation to suggest reduced drainage. There is an existing septic tank serving an existing dwelling on th site. Visually the system is operating effectively with no evidence of hydraulic failure suggesting there will be good soakage. This site should be suitable for an on-site wastewater treatment system

***Note and record** water level

3.2 **Trial Hole** (should be a minimum of 2.1m deep (3m for regionally important aquifers))

To avoid any accidental damage, a trial hole assessment or percolation tests should not be undertaken in areas which are at or adjacent to significant sites, (e.g. NHAs, SACs, SPAs, and/or Archaeological etc.), without prior advice from National Parks and Wildlife Service or the Heritage Service.

Depth of trial hole (m): 2.2

Depth from ground surface to bedrock (m) (if present):

Depth from ground surface to water table (m) (if present): 1.9

Depth of water ingress:

Rock type (if present):

Date and time of excavation: 27-Apr-2022

Date and time of examination: 29-Apr-2022

Depth of Surface and Subsurface Percolation Tests	Soil/Subsoil Texture & Classification**	Plasticity and dilatancy***	Soil Structure	Density/ Compactness	Colour****	Preferential flowpaths
0.1 m	Loam	Dilatant	Crumb	Firm	Dark Brown	Rootlets
0.2 m						
0.3 m	Gravely CLAY with few small cobbles	Slowly dilatant trds = 11,10,10 Ribs= 110,100,110	Blocky	Firm	Dark Brown	None
0.4 m						
0.5 m						
0.6 m						
0.7 m						
0.8 m						
0.9 m						
1.0 m	Gravely SILT/CLAY with few cobbles and small boulders Mottling at 1.1m bgl	dilatant Trds = 4,5,5 Ribs= 70,60,70	Blocky	Firm	dark Grey/Brown	
1.1 m						
1.2 m						
1.3 m						
1.4 m						
1.5 m						
1.6 m						
1.7 m						
1.8 m						
1.9 m						
2.0 m						
2.1 m						
2.2 m	Base of Pit					
2.3 m						
2.4 m						
2.5 m						
2.6 m						
2.7 m						
2.8 m						
2.9 m						
3.0 m						
3.1 m						
3.2 m						
3.3 m						
3.4 m						
3.5 m						

Likely Subsurface Percolation Value: 20

Likely Surface Percolation Value: 20

Note: *Depth of percolation test holes should be indicated on log above. ('Enter Surface or Subsurface at depths as appropriate).

** See Appendix E for BS 5930 classification.

*** 3 samples to be tested for each horizon and results should be entered above for each horizon.

**** All signs of mottling should be recorded.

3.2 Trial Hole (contd.) Evaluation:

Soil is free draining . There was water in the trial pit at 1.9m but there was evidence of mottling at 1.1m which means a standard septic tank and percolation area is insufficient.

3.3(a) Subsurface Percolation Test for Subsoil

Step 1: Test Hole Preparation

Percolation Test Hole	1	2	3
Depth from ground surface to top of hole (mm) (A)	500	500	500
Depth from ground surface to base of hole (mm) (B)	900	900	900
Depth of hole (mm) [B - A]	400	400	400
Dimensions of hole [length x breadth (mm)]	300 x 300	300 x 300	300 x 300

Step 2: Pre-Soaking Test Holes

Pre-soak start	Date	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022
	Time			
2nd pre-soak start	Date	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022
	Time			

Each hole should be pre-soaked twice before the test is carried out.

Step 3: Measuring T_{100}

Percolation Test Hole No.	1	2	3
Date of test	30-04-2022	30-04-2022	30-04-2022
Time filled to 400 mm	08:19	08:20	08:21
Time water level at 300 mm	09:17	09:22	09:22
Time (min.) to drop 100 mm (T_{100})	58.00	62.00	61.00
Average T_{100}			60.33

If T_{100} > 480 minutes then Subsurface Percolation value >120 – site unsuitable for discharge to ground
If $T_{100} \leq 210$ minutes then go to Step 4;
If T_{100} > 210 minutes then go to Step 5;

Step 4: Standard Method (where $T_{100} \leq 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole	1			2			3		
Fill no.	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	Δt (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	Δt (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	Δt (min)
1	09:17	10:28	71.00	09:22	10:35	73.00	09:22	10:29	67.00
2	10:28	11:58	90.00	10:35	12:11	96.00	10:29	11:57	88.00
3	11:58	13:43	105.00	12:11	14:11	120.00	11:57	13:41	104.00
Average Δt Value			88.67			96.33			86.33
	Average Δt/4 = [Hole No.1]		22.17 (t_1)	Average Δt/4 = [Hole No.2]		24.08 (t_2)	Average Δt/4 = [Hole No.3]		21.58 (t_3)

Result of Test: Subsurface Percolation Value = 22.61 (min/25 mm)

Comments:

Soakage is good and well within the required range

Step 5: Modified Method (where $T_{100} > 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole No. 1

Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T_f	Start Time hh:mm	Finish Time hh:mm	Time of fall (mins) = T_m	K_{ts} = T_f / T_m	T – Value = 4.45 / K_{ts}
300 - 250	8.1			0.00		
250 - 200	9.7			0.00		
200 - 150	11.9			0.00		
150 - 100	14.1			0.00		
Average	T- Value		T- Value Hole 1 = (T_1)			0.00

Percolation Test Hole No. 2

Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T_f	Start Time hh:mm	Finish Time hh:mm	Time of fall (mins) = T_m	K_{ts} = T_f / T_m	T – Value = 4.45 / K_{ts}
300 - 250	8.1			0.00		
250 - 200	9.7			0.00		
200 - 150	11.9			0.00		
150 - 100	14.1			0.00		
Average	T- Value		T- Value Hole 2 = (T_2)			0.00

Percolation Test Hole No. 3

Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T_f	Start Time hh:mm	Finish Time hh:mm	Time of fall (mins) = T_m	K_{ts} = T_f / T_m	T – Value = 4.45 / K_{ts}
300 - 250	8.1			0.00		
250 - 200	9.7			0.00		
200 - 150	11.9			0.00		
150 - 100	14.1			0.00		
Average	T- Value		T- Value Hole 3 = (T_2)			0.00

Result of Test: Subsurface Percolation Value =

0.00 (min/25 mm)

Comments:

3.3(b) Surface Percolation Test for Soil

Step 1: Test Hole Preparation

Percolation Test Hole	1	2	3
Depth from ground surface to top of hole (mm)	0	0	0
Depth from ground surface to base of hole (mm)	400	400	400
Depth of hole (mm)	400	400	400
Dimensions of hole [length x breadth (mm)]	300 x 300	300 x 300	300 x 300

Step 2: Pre-Soaking Test Holes

		1	2	3
Pre-soak start	Date	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022
	Time			
2nd pre-soak start	Date	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022	29-Apr-2022
	Time			

Each hole should be pre-soaked twice before the test is carried out.

Step 3: Measuring T_{100}

Percolation Test Hole No.	1	2	3
Date of test	30-Apr-22	30-Apr-22	30-Apr-2022
Time filled to 400 mm	08:27	08:28	08:29
Time water level at 300 mm	09:11	09:13	09:09
Time to drop 100 mm (T_{100})	44.00	45.00	40.00
Average T_{100}			43.00

If T_{100} > 480 minutes then Surface Percolation value >90 – site unsuitable for discharge to ground
If $T_{100} \leq 210$ minutes then go to Step 4;
If T_{100} > 210 minutes then go to Step 5;

Step 4: Standard Method (where $T_{100} \leq 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole	1			2			3		
Fill no.	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	ΔT (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	ΔT (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	ΔT (min)
1	09:11	10:13	62.00	09:13	10:16	63.00	09:09	10:02	53.00
2	10:13	11:24	71.00	10:16	11:21	65.00	10:02	11:07	65.00
3	11:24	12:49	85.00	11:21	12:48	87.00	11:07	12:16	69.00
Average ΔT Value			72.67			71.67			62.33
	Average ΔT/4 = [Hole No.1]		18.17 (T_1)	Average ΔT/4 = [Hole No.2]		17.92 (T_2)	Average ΔT/4 = [Hole No.3]		15.58 (T_3)

Result of Test: Surface Percolation Value = 17.22 (min/25 mm)

Comments:

Soakage in topsoil is good

Step 5: Modified Method (where $T_{100} > 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole No. 1

Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T_f	Start Time hh:mm	Finish Time hh:mm	Time of fall (mins) = T_m	K_{fs} = T_f / T_m	T – Value = 4.45 / K_{fs}
300 - 250	8.1			0.00		
250 - 200	9.7			0.00		
200 - 150	11.9			0.00		
150 - 100	14.1			0.00		
Average	T- Value		T- Value Hole 1 = (T_1)			0.00

Percolation Test Hole No. 2

Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T_f	Start Time hh:mm	Finish Time hh:mm	Time of fall (mins) = T_m	K_{fs} = T_f / T_m	T – Value = 4.45 / K_{fs}
300 - 250	8.1			0.00		
250 - 200	9.7			0.00		
200 - 150	11.9			0.00		
150 - 100	14.1			0.00		
Average	T- Value		T- Value Hole 2 = (T_2)			0.00

Percolation Test Hole No. 3

Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T_f	Start Time hh:mm	Finish Time hh:mm	Time of fall (mins) = T_m	K_{fs} = T_f / T_m	T – Value = 4.45 / K_{fs}
300 - 250	8.1			0.00		
250 - 200	9.7			0.00		
200 - 150	11.9			0.00		
150 - 100	14.1			0.00		
Average	T- Value		T- Value Hole 3 = (T_2)			0.00

Result of Test: Surface Percolation Value = 0.00 (min/25 mm)

Comments:

4.0 CONCLUSION of SITE CHARACTERISATION

Integrate the information from the desk study and on-site assessment (i.e. visual assessment, trial hole and percolation tests) above and conclude the type of system(s) that is (are) appropriate. This information is also used to choose the optimum final disposal route of the treated wastewater.

Slope of proposed infiltration / treatment area: Flat

Are all minimum separation distances met? ✓

Depth of unsaturated soil and/or subsoil beneath invert of gravel (or drip tubing in the case of drip dispersal system)

Percolation test result: Surface: 17.00 Sub-surface: 23.00

Not Suitable for Development ☐ **Suitable for Development** ✓

Identify all suitable options

1. Septic tank system (septic tank and percolation area) **(Chapter 7)** — No
2. Secondary Treatment System **(Chapters 8 and 9)** and soil polishing filter **(Section 10.1)** — Yes
3. Tertiary Treatment System and Infiltration / treatment area **(Section 10.2)** — Yes

Discharge Route [1]

Groundwater

5.0 SELECTED DWWTS

Propose to install: Tertiary Treatment System and Infiltration /treatment area

and discharge to: Ground Water

Invert level of the trench/bed gravel or drip tubing (m)

Site Specific Conditions (e.g. special works, site improvement works testing etc.

A secondary treatment system is recommended followed by a sand polishing filter due to site limitations.
As the top 1m is suitable for treatment the point of infiltration of the treated effluent should be at existing ground level.
Vegetation is removed and then area leveled. The 300mm deep, bed of distribution gravel (20mm pebble) is placed on the prepared area. The Sand filter is constructed on this gravel

The PE is 4 - Hydraulic load is 600litres. Sand filter to be loaded at 60 litres/m2 - thus requiring 10m2 filter
T-value is between 20 and 40 so load filter allowing 7.5 m2/PE
Area of filter is 30m2

[1] A discharge of sewage effluent to "waters" (definition includes any or any part of any river, stream, lake, canal, reservoir, aquifer, pond, watercourse or other inland waters, whether natural or artificial) will require a licence under the Water Pollution Acts 1977-90. Refer to Section 2.4.

6.0 TREATMENT SYSTEM DETAILS

SYSTEM TYPE: Septic Tank Systems (Chapter 7)

Tank Capacity (m^3)		Percolation Area		Mounded Percolation Area	
		No. of Trenches		No. of Trenches	
		Length of Trenches (m)		Length of Trenches (m)	
		Invert Level (m)		Invert Level (m)	

SYSTEM TYPE: Secondary Treatment System (Chapters 8 and 9) and polishing filter (Section 10.1)

Secondary Treatment Systems receiving septic tank effluent (Chapter 8)

Media Type	Area (m^2)*	Depth of Filter	Invert Level
Sand/Soil			
Soil			
Constructed Wetland			
Other			

Packaged Secondary Treatment Systems receiving raw wastewater (Chapter 9)

Type: Oakstown BAF

Capacity PE: 6

Sizing of Primary Compartment: 3.00 m^3

Polishing Filter*: (Section 10.1)

Surface Area (m^2)*

Option 1 - Direct Discharge
Surface area (m^2)

Option 2 - Pumped Discharge
Surface area (m^2)

Option 3 - Gravity Discharge
Trench length (m)

Option 4 - Low Pressure
Pipe Distribution
Trench length (m)

Option 5 - Drip Dispersal
Surface area (m^2)

SYSTEM TYPE: Tertiary Treatment System and infiltration / treatment area (Section 10.2)

Identify purpose of tertiary treatment	Provide performance information demonstrating system will provide required treatment levels	Provide design information
Reduce footprint	EPA Code of Practice	4PE Treat in BAF Polish in sand filter Discharge via 30m2 gravel base 900mm free draining soil under gravel

DISCHARGE ROUTE:

Groundwater	✓	Hydraulic Loading Rate * ($l/m^2.d$)	20.00	Surface area (m^2)	30.00
Surface Water **		Discharge Rate (m^3/hr)			

* Hydraulic loading rate is determined by the percolation rate of subsoil

** Water Pollution Act discharge licence required

6.0 TREATMENT SYSTEM DETAILS

QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Installation & Commissioning

Install as specified & supervised by appropriately qualified person

On-going Maintenance

Regular desludging & Maintenance contract with supplier or installer

7.0 SITE ASSESSOR DETAILS

Company: Trinity Green

Prefix: Dr First Name: Eugene Surname: Bolton

Address: Clonfert, Maynooth, Co. Kildare

Qualifications/Experience: FETAC Site assessor, PhD Microbiology

Date of Report: 10-May-2002

Phone: 0862434828 E-mail info@trinitygreen.ie

Indemnity Insurance Number: PI/C/12453/21/1

Signature: Eugene Bolton Digitally signed by Eugene Bolton
Date: 2022.01.04 15:17:00 Z