

Engineering Drainage Assessment Report

Proposed Extension to Kiltipper Woods Care Home At Tallaght, Dublin



Prepared by:

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Job No: 21-182

Date Created 14 Feb 22

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1. Introduction

Kevin McShane Ltd. were commissioned to undertake an Engineering Drainage Assessment report for a proposed extension of the Kiltipper Woods Care Home, located at an existing site at Tallaght, Dublin. The development comprises of the new building extension and access road with footway.

This Drainage Assessment will provide an account of the site's existing and proposed surface water run-offs, and the proposed drainage connections for the development. It will identify potential impacts and will discuss the mitigation for the development. It will also address the requests raised in point 1 of the South Dublin County Council Planning decision letter, dated 14 December 2021.

The storm water drainage has been designed in accordance with the Greater Dublin Regional Code of Practice and 'Sewers for Adoption' published by WRC, UK. To comply with the principles of Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems it is proposed to incorporate attenuation systems into the surface water drainage design which will assist in minimising the impact on the proposed discharge of surface waters from site and mimic greenfield runoff criteria.

This report describes the criteria used in the design of the proposed foul and storm water drainage systems. It is proposed that the foul outfall connection point will be to the existing public sewer connection for the existing care home. The foul outfall will be a 150mm diameter pipe as shown on the proposed drainage plan included in Appendix 2.

The proposed site storm drainage will be attenuated within the site and a restricted discharge (125l/s storm discharge for the whole site and agreed 6 l/s restriction with the drainage authority) with be to the existing surface water discharge manhole (CL.115.60, IL.113.70) located to the south-west corner of the site, adjacent to the existing Storm Tec attenuation tank and then discharging to the River Dodder.



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2. Description of Site

Site Location

The proposed is located on the northern east corner of the Kiltipper Woods Care Home, at Tallaght, Dublin. The existing site is 1.11Ha in area and is currently a care home. The Site Location Plan is presented in Figure 2-1.

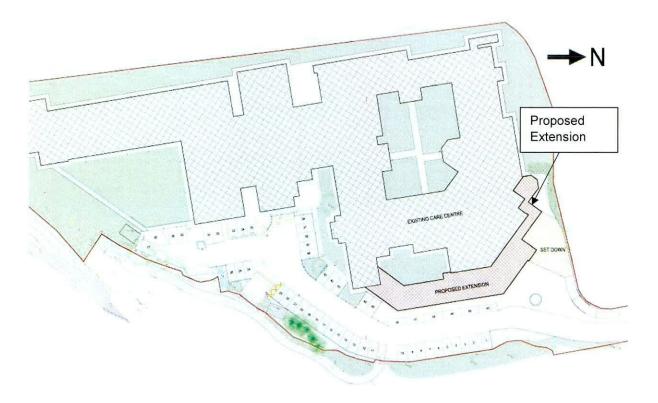


Figure 2-1: Site Location Plan

The proposed extension is currently located in an area of existing hard and soft landscaping. Levels are shown on the existing drainage plan in Appendix 1. There is an existing 225mm diameter foul sewer located directly to the east of the extension which flows due north to connect with the public drainage network. The storm drainage is collected and connected to two Storm Tec attenuation tanks located to the south of the site each collecting storm from either side of the building. These operate with a constrained discharge in a 375mm diameter pipe (0.123m3/sec and the whole site at an agreed 6 l/s restriction on each tank (total of 12 l/s) with the drainage authority) to the adjacent River Dodder.



A Pre-Connection Enquiry has been submitted to Irish Water (IW) in relation to the connection of both foul and surface water drainage from the proposed site to the existing foul sewer in Kiltipper Road and storm pipe to the south next to Ellensborough View. A response is currently awaited from Irish Water.

The position of existing storm water attenuation tanks and outfall is shown in Figure 2.2 below.

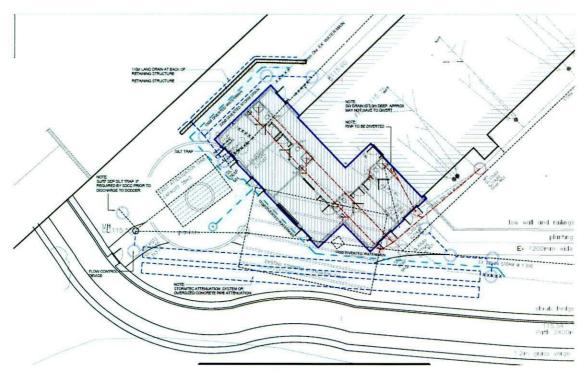


Figure 2-2: Existing Site Storm Drainage Tanks



3. Proposed Surface Water Drainage

Any planning permission will be required to comply with Local Authority requirements and the Greater Dublin Strategic Drainage Study (GDSDS). It is a requirement for all surface waters to be able to be retained, within the site boundaries, for up to the more extreme 1 in 100 year storm event, or 1.0% AEP. The performance of the proposed surface water drainage system will also ensure that there is no flooding under the 1 in 30 storm event. The GDSDS also requires that storm water is reviewed under four criteria – river water quality protection, river regime protection, level of service (flooding) site and river flood protection.

In the existing situation there are two underground storm water attenuation tanks installed in the southwest corner of the site. The first tank to the south-west has a volume of $38m^3$ and the second StormTec tank, located directly to the north of this first tank, has a volume of $73m^3$. It is understood that there is surface water flow control of 12 l/s from the site which is equivalent to approximately 10.8 l/sec/Ha greenfield flow.

Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SUDS) have been used to alleviate the detrimental impacts of traditional urban storm water drainage systems. The proposed surface water for this application will include an enlargement of the existing underground StormTec attenuation tank. Surface water and foul drainage systems have been separated within the site.

Additional SUDS in the form of green roofs and porous paving or swales has been considered but given the current roof structure and relatively modest increase in hardstanding areas, of 247m², the most efficient SUDS solution is the enlargement of the existing SUDS attenuation tank. Furthermore, this increased area is roof area, with a decrease in the existing roads area so there will be no increase in risk of pollutants entering the drainage system.

The rainfall design parameters for the site are M5-60 (mm) storm is 18.4, Ration-R is 0.27. SAAR is 800mm.

The proposed building extension (400m²) is largely to be located within an existing roads and parking area and therefore the net increase of hardstanding area is just 247m².

A drainage design and modelling exercise has been undertaken for the site and a drainage plan is included in Appendix 2. It should be noted that the above areas were used to determine an estimate of storm runoff generated from the site using Causeway FLOW drainage design software for a number of



rainfall events and durations. The resulting drainage calculations (The Modified Rational Method) indicate that the flow rates for the existing site, for the critical storm durations for the 1 in 2 year Storm Event was 103 l/s, and 160 l/s for the 1 in 30 year Storm Event.

The design of the proposed storm drainage system will include a restricted discharge rate of 12.0 l/s which will be achieved by means of a Hydro-brake (Refer to typical detail included in Appendix 2) and an enlarged underground attenuation tank which will store excess storm water up to the 1 in 30 year storm event including 20% Climate Change allowance and retaining surface waters up to 1 in 100 year storm return period within the site boundary.

Existing Site

The runoff from the existing area is listed below and areas are shown in plans in Appendix 3:

The area of the existing storm drainage:

- a. The area of the roof = 4173m²
- b. The area of the roads / car parking = 2401 m^2
- c. The area of pedestrian hardstanding drained areas = 326m²
- d. The area of grassed areas and isolated footways = 4224m²

This would give a total impervious drainage area on the existing site of **6,900m**². This is equivalent to corresponding run-off coefficients of 90% of hardstanding/roof areas and 10% of grass, soft landscaping and remote undrained footways.



Proposed Site

The runoff from the proposed area is listed below. The additional 400m² roof footprint of the building extension would result in an additional **247m**² of hardstanding area.

The area of the proposed storm drainage:

- e. The area of the roof = 4573m²
- f. The area of the roads / car parking = 2151 m²
- g. The area of pedestrian hardstanding drained area = 423m²
- h. The area of grassed areas and isolated footways = 4088m²

This would give a total impervious drainage area on the existing site of **7,147m**². This is equivalent to corresponding run-off coefficients of 90% of hardstanding/roof areas and 10% of grass, soft landscaping and remote undrained footways.

The following drainage calculations indicate that the site can be successfully drained and the finalised drainage arrangements can be agreed with Wicklow County Council.

An enlarged underground attenuation system is proposed to the south of the site as part of the existing Storm Tec tank, as indicated on the drainage plan included in Appendix 2. Storm Water attenuation is provided to cater for a range of storm durations and intensities including the 1 in 30 year storm including climate change allowance and the system has been simulated to assess the more extreme 1 in 100 year storm event (exceedance event).

A summary of the proposed Causeway FLOW calculations for both the existing and proposed drainage is included in Appendix 4 and Appendix 5. These indicate that the surface water runoff associated with the two storm return periods indicated above can be accommodated within the design, ensuring that there is no flooding during the 1 in 30 years storm event with 20% Climate Change allowance and only limited surcharging of pipes due to the historic drainage system and site levels. Also it ensures no flooding outside of the site during the more extreme 1 in 100 year storm event. During the more extreme 1 in 100 year storm event only minor flooding of 12m³ occurred within the roads and hardstanding areas. As a precaution to the risk of blockage a high level 100mm diameter overflow pipe should be included in the final manhole. It is therefore proposed that the existing StormTec attenuation tank is increased in volume



by **12** m³ (second tank increased from 73m³ to 85m³) and extension pipes are upsized to 300mm in diameter as shown on proposed drainage plans in Appendix 2.

It is also proposed that the management company responsible for the development will put in place a long-term maintenance and inspection regime for the storm attenuation and flow control system.

4. Proposed Foul Drainage

Foul water discharge for the proposed building extension will be required and will comprise effluent from the new extension. The proposed foul water drainage has been based on the Code of Practice for Wastewater Supply (July 2020) published by Irish Water.

A Pre-Connection Enquiry is being submitted to Irish Water (IW) in relation to the connection of foul water drainage from the proposed site to the existing public sewer. A reply is currently awaited.

Drains will be PE to Irish Water specification or concrete socket and spigot pipes and laid to comply with Building Regulations 2010 and in accordance with the associated technical guidance documents (Section H).

The estimated flow rates generated from the proposed care home development are as follows:

Ground floor additional 7 new bedrooms / bathrooms and day care centre and office. On the first floor 5 new bedrooms / bathrooms and dining / day space with an allowance of one staff member per resident and visitor 0.75 per resident. Based on the proposed foul discharge rate of 150 l/person(room)/day and a total of 33 persons and allowance of 10 for day care facility the estimated average foul discharge rate from the site is 6,450 l/day or 0.075 l/s.

Including the application of Peak Factor of 6 (in accordance with the code of practice for wastewater supply) for this development the estimate peak foul design flow rate is **0.45 l/s**.

The outfall pipe will connect to the existing site foul drainage system adjacent to the new extension block as shown in the drainage plans in Appendix 2. It will be a 150mm diameter pipe paid at a min gradient of 1 in 60.



5. Conclusions and Recommendations

This assessment has been carried out in accordance with best practice and the guidance set out in the Code of Practice for Wastewater Supply (July 2020) published by Irish Water

The Drainage Assessment presented a review of the existing base conditions on the site.

The proposed drainage modelling carried out as part of this report indicates that surface water from the proposed building extension can be attenuated (additional 12.0m³) on site and new 300mm diameter storm drains for the new extension, and based on the current restricted discharge rate from the site at 12 l/s. It is proposed that this storm water is connected to the existing external discharge.

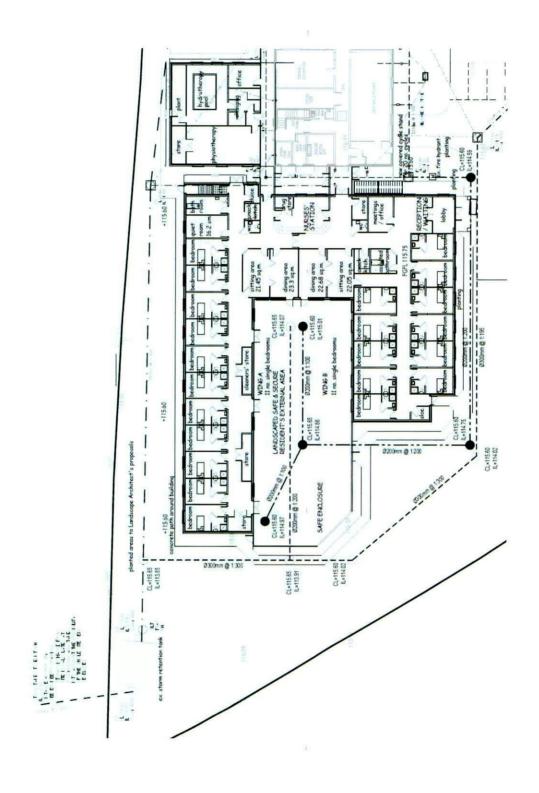
Exceedance flows on the site have also been considered and storm run-off up to the 1 in 100 return period can be accommodated within the site in the hardstanding areas. A 100mm high level overflow pipe is also to be provided at the discharge manhole to reduce the risk of flooding as a result of any blockage.

Calculations have been carried out for the estimated existing and proposed foul discharge from the site and it is proposed that this is connected to the external public combined sewer subject to Irish Water confirmation.

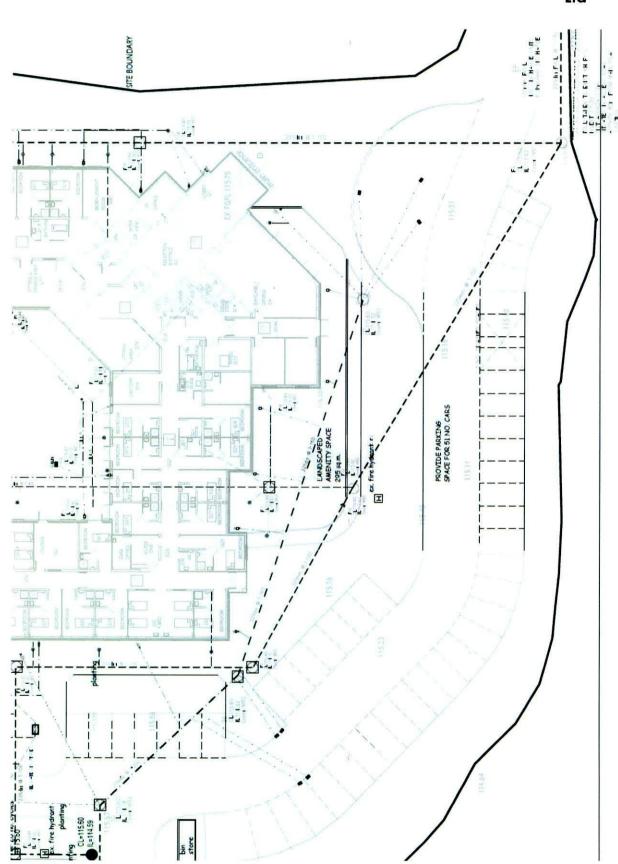
The Management Team of the site will be made aware of any residual drainage risks, mitigation measures, and the long-term maintenance requirements.

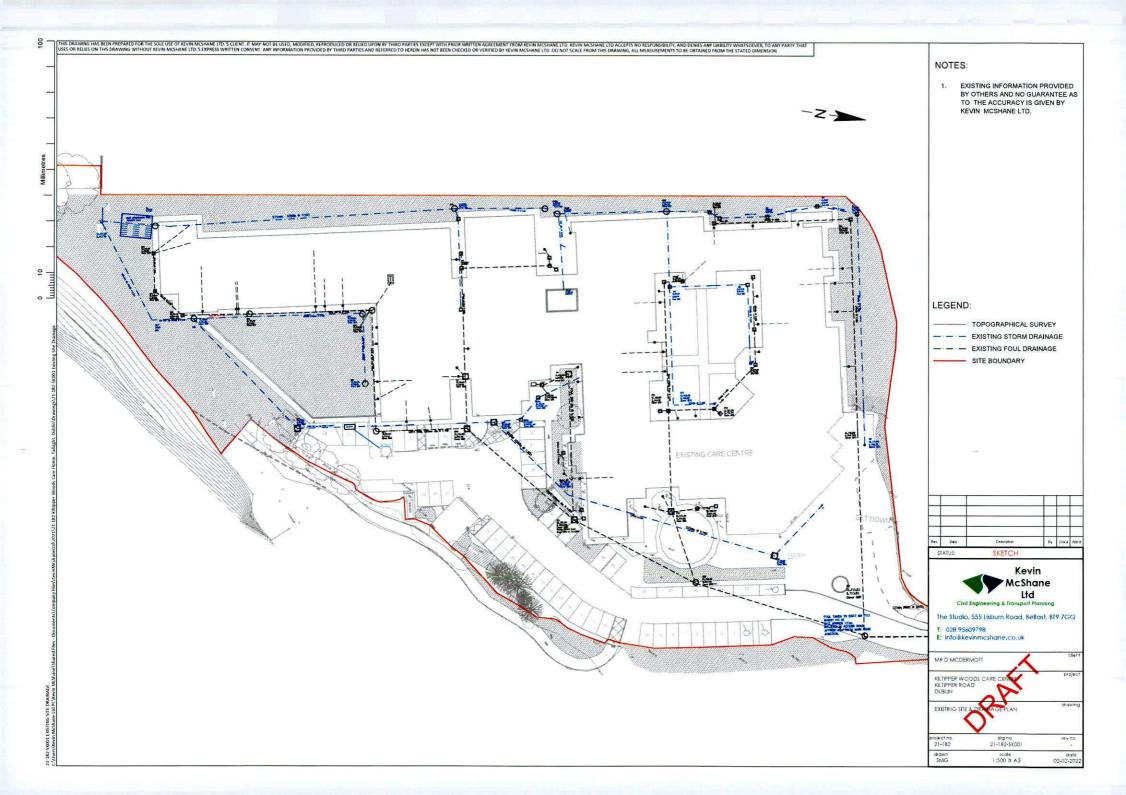


Appendix 1: Existing Drainage Plan



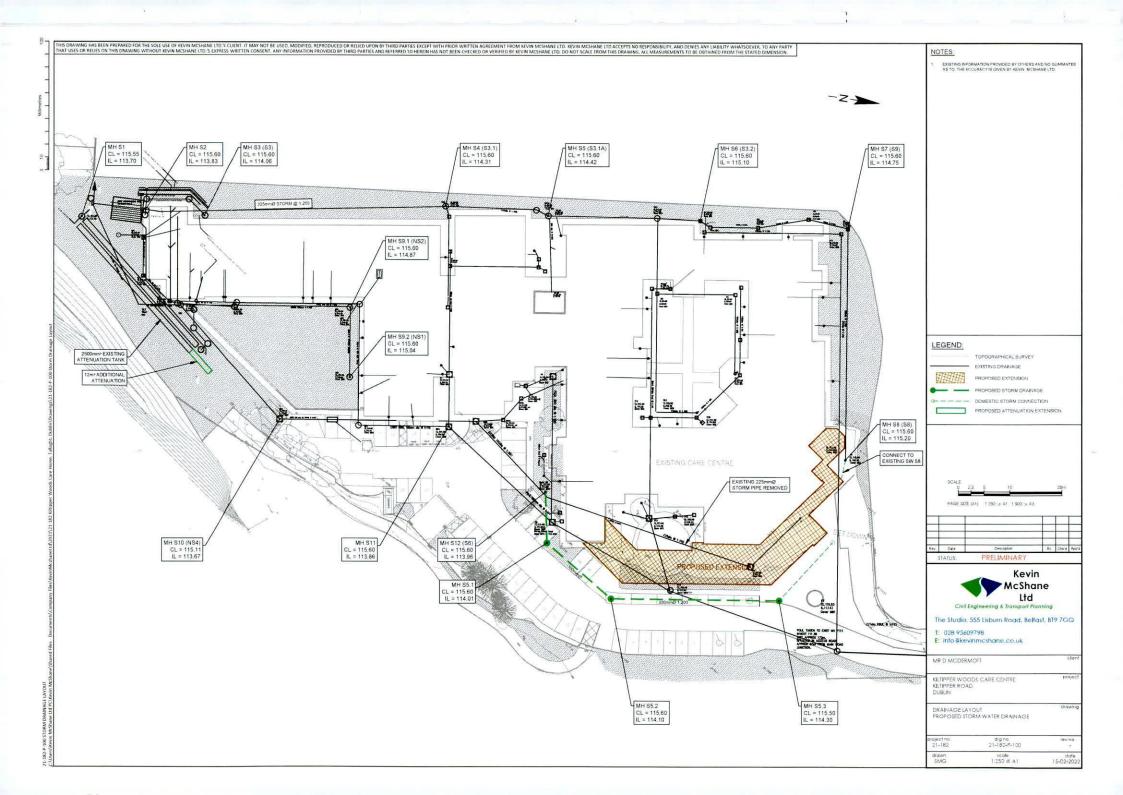


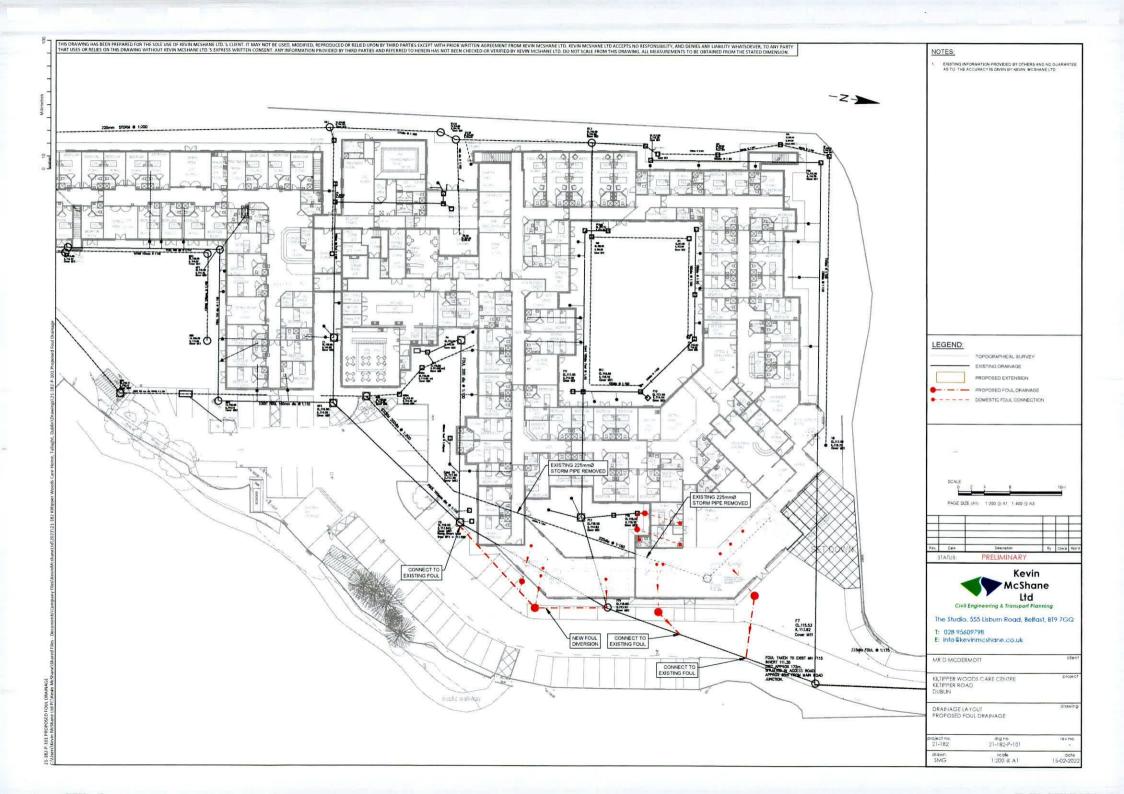




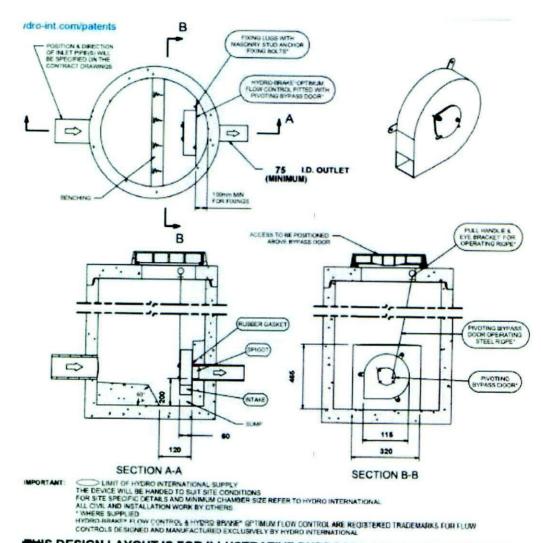


Appendix 2: Proposed Drainage Plan









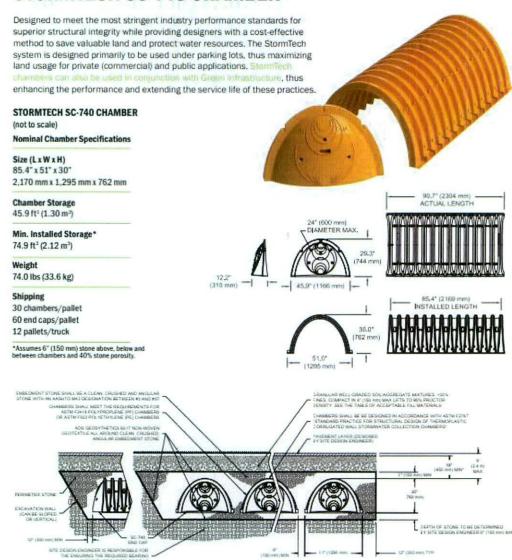
DESIGN LAYOUT IS FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY. NOT TO SCALE.

Typical Hydro-brake Detail





STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER



MANAMAN CONER TO BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PHICKMENT, FOR UNIVALED INSTALLATIONS WHERE BUTTING FROM VEHICLES MAY COCKE, INCREASE COVER TO SH 1800 (MIT)



Appendix 3: Existing and Proposed Areas Plans







Appendix 4: Existing Drainage Calculations



Rainfall Methodology	FSR
Return Period (years)	2
Additional Flow (%)	0
FSR Region	Scotland and Ireland
M5-60 (mm)	18.400
Ratio-R	0.270
cv	0.750
Time of Entry (mins)	3.00
Maximum Time of Concentration (mins)	30.00
Maximum Rainfall (mm/hr)	50.0
Minimum Velocity (m/s)	1.00
Connection Type	Level Soffits
Minimum Backdrop Height (m)	0.200
Preferred Cover Depth (m)	1.200
Enforce best practice design rules	

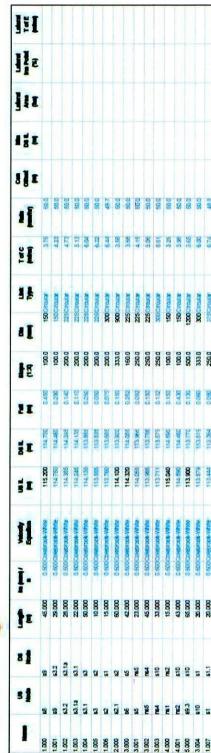


Flow v7.0 Design Report: Nodes

Name	Area (ha)	T of E (mins)	Add Inflow (I/s)	Cover Level (m)	Node Type	Manhole Type	Diameter (mm)	Width (mm)	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	Depth (m)	Notes
s1.1				115.550	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				2.186	
s1				115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				2.156	
s2				115.600	Minonole	Adoptable	1500				1.840	
83	0.041	3 00		115,600	Manhale	Adoptable	1200				1.715	
83.1	0.042	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.465	
s3.1a	0.041	3.00		115,600	Marrhole	Adoptable	1200				1.355	
s3 2	0.041	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.215	
59	0.042	2.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable.	1200				0.850	
s8	0.041	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				0.400	
s10	0.073	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				2.021	
ns4	0.074	3.00		115.600	Marihole	Adoptable	1200				1.889	
ns5	0.073	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.634	
s 5	0.074	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.542	
s6	0.073	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.280	
ns2				115,600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				0.710	
nst	0.073	3.00		115,600	Manhole	Asioptable	1200				0.560	
s9.3		3.00		115,600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				1.700	
82.1		3.00		115.600	Manbole	Adoptable	1500				1.500	



Flow v7.0 Design Report: Links (Input)









Rainfall Methodology	FSR	Return Period (years)	Climate Change (%)
FSR Region	Scotland and Ireland	2	20
M5-60 (mm)	18.400	30	20
Ratio-R	0.270	100	(
Summer CV	0.750		
Winter CV	0.840		
Analysis Speed	Normal		
Drain Down Time (mins)	240		
Additional Storage (m³/ha)	20.0		
Storm Durations (mins)	15		
	30		
	60		
	120		
	180		
	240		
	360		
	480		
	600		
	720		
	960		
	1440		
Check Discharge Rate(s)	×		



Flow v7.0 Design Report: Flow Controls

Depth/Flow									
Node	Flap Valve	Online /	Replaces Downstream Link	Loop to Node	invert Lovei (m)	Design Depth (m)	Design Flow (I/s)	Depth (m)	Flow (Ve)
s1.1	×	Online			113.364	1.000	12.0	1.000	12.000



Flow v7.0 Design Report: 2 year +20% Critical



sults for 2 year +	esuits for 2 year +20% Critical Storm Duration. Lowest mass balance: 99.21%	Duration. Los	west mass bala	nce: 99.21%											
I	NS No.	11	ļı	įı	31	138	F C	S. S	30	1 0	Par (September 1)	Valencity (III.)	Part Car	13E	No.
30 minute winter	51.1	132		1.079	121	12201	0.00000K	¥	DepthFlow		120				181.0
30 minute winter	st	132		1,000	123	17667	00000	URCHARGED	1.007	51.1	121		9600	2.2059	
30 minute winter	Ø	132	114.44	0.684	121	12090	00000	URCHARGED	1.006	sı	5.7	0.500	0.073	1.0563	
30 minute winter	SZ.	132	114.445	0.560	128	0.0014	00000	URCHARGED	1.005	25	121			0.3977	
30 minute winter	53.1	132		0.313	11.3	0.5331	000000	UPCHARGED	1.004	S	107	0.610		1,9886	
minute winter	53.13	11	114.461	0.216	31.8	03744	0.0000	*	1.003	53.1	31.3			0.9684	
minute summer	\$3.2	01	114.523	0.138	24.5	0.2485	0,0000	×	1.002	53.13	24.7			0.8336	
minute summer	35	10	114.871	0.121	17.8	0.2562	A000000	¥	1.001	\$3.2	16.6			0.4291	
minute summer	88	œ	115.273	0.073	9.3	0.2312	0.00000	¥	1.000	GK GK	8.5			0.5324	
30 minute winter	510	132		0.866	223	21564	00000	RCHARGED	3.004	12	92			1.4094	
10 minute winter	P24	132		0.735	14.8	1.4060	0.0000	URCHARGED	3.003	510	14.4	0.391	0.206	2.3238	
30 minute winter	rıs5	128	114.448	0.482	11.1	0.9780	0.0000	GROHARGED	3.002	F	10.8			1.7897	
30 minute winter	1 2	128	114.440	0.391	1.0	0.8178	0.0000	URCHARGED	3.001	35	7.2			0.9147	
30 minute winter	S	128	114,449	0.129	4.0	0.2937	0.00000	¥	3.000	8	4.0			1.3306	
minute summer	ns2	10	114.999	0.100	15.3	0.1235	0.0000OK	¥	4.001	510	150			0.5792	
minute summer	ns1	a	115.157	0.117	16.5	0.4383	0.0000	¥	4.000	2	153	1.134		0.2104	
30 minute winter	89.3	132		0.545	60	0.9631	0.00000	¥	5.000	510	80	-0.079		37.3974	
10 minute winter	1.2	132	114.444	0.34	4.4	0.6083	0.00000	¥	2.000	22	44	-0.067		18.1830	



Flow v7.0 Design Report: 30 year +20% Critical



A Critical	ssuits for 38 year +20% Critical Storm Duration. Lowest mass balance: 99.21%	Lowest mass b.	alance: 59.21%											
100	11] I	11	3 [135	11	i	ž a	88 Ked	O Carlon	Ne de la constante de la const	FlowCap	135	No.
	172		2.186	19.8	24724	3,7801	3.7801FLOOD	Depth Flow		12.0				291.6
	132		2,109	17.7	3.7269	0.0000	FLOOD RISK	1.007	\$1.1	17.8	0.389	0.141	2.2059	
	132	10	1.784	20.6	3.1700	0.0000	FLOOD RIBK	1.006	15	8.2	0.572	0.104	1,0563	
	132	115,557	1.672	21.1	2,6895	00000	PLOCO PASK	1.005	Ø	20.6	0.603	0.562	0.3077	
	132	2	1.430	17.8	24365	00000	PLDOD RISK	1001	a	17.3		0.473	1.9896	
	132		1.323	14.6	22980	00000	ALDOOD RESK	1.003	53.1	13.9	0.711	0.381	0.8750	
	132		1.186	11.8	2.1392	00000	PLOCO RESK	1.002	53.13	10.7	0.686	0.292	1,1136	
	172	8	0.827	6.5	1,7515	00000	R DOOD RESK	1.001	\$32	6.5	0.909	0.366	0.5105	
	172		0.379	3.3	12043	00000	FLOCO RISK	1.000	я	32	0.578	0.180	0.7922	
	132		1.979	39.4	4,9265	0.0000	LOOD RISK	3.004	15	11.8	0.486	0.195	1.4084	
	132		1.850	25.9	3.5407	00000	REDOD RISK	3.003	510	26.3	0.447	0.362	2,3238	
	132		1.606	19.5	3.2476	00000	LOOD RIDK	3.002	450	18.8	0.556	775.0	1,7897	III
	132	-	1.515	13.3	3.1684	00000	PLOCOD RISK	3.001	TS5	12.6	0.519	0.384	0.9147	
	132		1256	10	2.8507	00000	LOOD RISK	3.000	3	6.2	0.440	0.151	1.6704	
	132		0.676	7.0	0.7645	0.0000	LOCO RISK	4.001	510	7.1	0.830	0.399	0.7570	
	132		0.529	7.0	1,9770	00000	LOOD RIEK	4.000	ms2	7.0	0.919	0.393	0.2641	
	132		1,658	13.6	2,9288	0.0000	LOCOL RUSK	5.000	s10	-13.6	100	-0.007	73 2361	
	132		1.454	8.0	2.5691	0.0000	LOCD RIBY	2,000	S	9	-0.083	-0.000	38.0264	



Appendix 5: Proposed Drainage Calculations



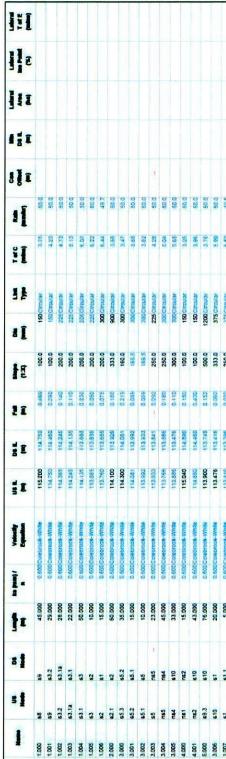
Rainfall Methodology	FSR
Return Period (years)	2
Additional Flow (%)	0
FSR Region	Scotland and Ireland
M5-60 (mm)	18.400
Ratio-R	0.270
cv	0.750
Time of Entry (mins)	3.00
Maximum Time of Concentration (mins)	30.00
Maximum Rainfall (mm/hr)	50.0
Minimum Velocity (m/s)	1.00
Connection Type	Level Soffits
Minimum Backdrop Height (m)	0.200
Preferred Cover Depth (m)	1.200
Enforce best practice design rules	

Name	Area (ha)	T of E (mins)	Add Inflow (Vs)	Cover Level (m)	Node Type	Manhole Type	Diameter (mm)	Width (mm)	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	Depth (m)	Notes
s1.1				115.550	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				2.154	
s1				115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				2.184	
s2				115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				1.840	
s3	0.041	3.00		115.600	Mantiole	Adoptable	1200				1.715	
s3.1	0.042	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.465	
s3.1a	0.041	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1,355	
s3.2	0.041	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.215	
s9	0.042	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				0.850	
s8	0.043	3.00		115,600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				0.400	
s10	0.073	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				2.124	
ns4	0.074	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				- 2.014	
ns5	0.073	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.834	
s5	0.074	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.667	
s5.3	0.047	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.300	
ns2				115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				0.710	
ns1	0.073	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				0.560	
s9.3		3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				1.700	
s2.1		3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1500				1.500	
s5.2	0.045	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.519	
s5.1	0.004	3.00		115.600	Manhole	Adoptable	1200				1.608	





Flow v7.0 Design Report: Links (Input)









Rainfall Methodology	FSR	Return Period (years)	Climate Change (%)
FSR Region	Scotland and Ireland	2	20
M5-60 (mm)	18.400	30	20
Ratio-R	0.270	100	0
Summer CV	0.750		
Winter CV	0.840		
Analysis Speed	Normal		
Drain Down Time (mins)	240		
Additional Storage (m³/ha)	20.0		
Storm Durations (mins)	15		
	30		
	60		
	120		
	180		
	240		
	360		
	480		
	600		
	720		
	960		
	1440		
Check Discharge Rate(s)	×		
1 year (l/s)			
30 year (l/s)			
100 year (l/s)			
Check Discharge Volume	x		
100 year 360 minute (m²)			



Flow v7.0 Design Report: Flow Controls

Depth/Flow									
Node	Flap Valve	Online /	Replaces Downstream Link	Loop to Node	Invert Level (m)	Design Depth (m)	Design Flow (Vs)	Depth (m)	Flow (Vs)
s1.1	x	Online			113,396	1.000	12.0	1.000	12.000



Flow v7.0 Design Report: 2 year +20% Critical

Event															
	US Node ID	Peak (mins)	Lavel (m)	Depth (m)	inflow (Vs)	Node Vol (m²)	Flood (m²)	Status	Link ID	DS Node ID	Outflow (Vs)	Velocity (m/s)	Flow/Cap	Link Vol (m³)	Discharge Vol (m²)
180 minute winter	s1.1	132	114.423	1.027	12.5	1.1817	0.0000OK		Depth/Flow		12.0				166.
180 minute winter	s1	132	114.424	1.008	12.1	1.7806	0.000050	RCHARGED	1.007	s1.1	12.5	0.142	0.100	0.5515	
180 minute winter	52	132	114.424	0.664	12.3	1.1736	0.0000	RCHARGED	1.006	s1	5.9	0.500	0.075	1.0563	
180 minute winter	s3	132	114.425	0.540	13.1	0.8692	0.0000SU	RCHARGED	1.005	s2	12.3	0.639	0.335	0.3977	
180 minute winter	s3.1	132	114.428	0.293	11.5	0.4992	0.0000	RCHARGED	1.004	s3	10.9	0.609	0.297	1.9886	
15 minute winter	s3.1a	11	114.451	0.206	32.1	0.3577	0.0000OK		1.003	s3.1	31.5	0.900	0.861	0.8569	
15 minute summer	53.2	10	114.525	0.140	24.9	0.2520	0.0000OK		1.002	s3.1a	25.0	0.826	0.683	0.8416	
15 minute summer	s9	10	114.873	0.123	18.3	0.2615	0.0000OK		1.001	s3.2	16.9	1,123	0.951	0.4370	
15 minute summer	s8	10	115.275	0.075	9.7	0.2448	0.000QOK		1.000	59	8.9	0.768	0.500	0.5456	
180 minute winter	s10	132	114.424	0.948	22.1	2.3279	0.00005	RCHARGED	3.006	s1	8.6	0.365	0.079	2.2059	
180 minute winter	_ns4	132	114.425	0.839	14.5	1.5856	0.0000	RCHARGED	3.005	s10	14.3	0.390	0.223	2.3238	
180 minute winter	ns5	132	114.428	0.660	10.8	1.2711	0.0000345	ROHARGED	3.004	ns4	10.5	0.402	0.150	3.1689	
180 minute winter	s5	132	114,428	0.493	7.2	0.9962	0.0000	RCHARGED	3.003	ns5	7.0	0.556	0.213	0.9147	
180 minute winter	s5.3	132	114.426	0.126	2.6	0.2344	0.0000OK		3.000	s5.2	2.6	0.410	0.029	1,7256	
15 minute summer	ns2	10	114.999	0.109	15.3	0.1235	0.0000OK		4.001	s10	15.0	1,114	0.845	0.5792	
15 minute summer	ns1	9	115,157	0.117	16.4	0.4363	0.0000OK		4.000	ns2	15.3	1,135	0.864	0.2104	
180 minute winter	s9.3	132	114.424	0.524	7.5	0.9265	0.0000OK		5.000	s10	-7.5	-0.099	-0.004	42.8447	
180 minute winter	s2.1	132	114.424	0.324	4.0	0.5731	0.0000OK		2.000	s2	4.0	-0.078	-0.004	17.1316	
180 minute winter	55.2	132	114.427	0.345	5.1	0.5953	0.0000	RCHARGED	3.001	s5.1	4.2	0.582	0.049	1.0563	
180 minute winter	s5.1	132	114.427	0.434	4.4	0.5131	0.000051.6	RCHARGED	3.002	s5	3.6	0.392	0.042	0.7042	





Flow v7.0 Design Report: 30 year +20% Critical

	US Node														
Event		Peak (mins)	Level (m)	Depth (m)	Inflow (Vs)	Vol (m²)	Flood (m²)	Status	Link ID	DS Node ID	Outflow (Vs)	Velocity (m/s)	Flow/Cap	Link Vol (m²)	Discharge Vol (m²)
240 minute winter	51.1	188	115.484	2.088	12.5	2.3613	0.0000OK		Depth/Flow		12.0				291.
240 minute winter	51	188	115.484	2.007	13.5	3.6533	0.0000FL0	DOD BISK	1.007	s1.1	12.5	0.284	0.100	0.5515	
240 minute winter	s2	188	115.485	1.725	17.5	3.0473	0.0000FL0	DOO RISK	1.008	st	7.0	0.557	0.089	1,0583	
240 minute winter	s 3	188	115.486	1.600	17.9	2.5752	0.0000	DOD RISK	1.005	s2	17.5	0.578	0.479	0.3977	
240 minute winter	s3.1	188	115,488	1.353	15.2	2.3057	0.0000FLG	OOO RISK	1.004	s3	14.7	0.560	0.403	1.9886	
240 minute winter	s3.1a	188	115.489	1.244	12.3	2.1596	0.0000FL0	XXX RISK	1.003	s3.1	11.9	0.688	0.325	0.8750	
240 minute winter	s3.2	188	115,490	1.105	9.9	1.9949	0.0000FLG	XXXX RISK	1.002	s3.1a	9.1	0.668	0.250	1.1138	
240 minute winter	59	188	115,492	0.742	6.7	1.5718	0.0000	XXX RISK	1.001	53.2	6.7	0.915	0.377	0.5105	
15 minute winter	s 8	12	115.585	0.385	18.8	1.2621	0.0000	XXX RISK	1.000	s9	13.2	0.812	0.745	0.7922	
240 minute winter	510	188	115,485	2.009	33.2	4.9313	0.0000FL0	XXX RISK	3.006	51	11.3	0.333	0.104	2.2059	
240 minute winter	ns4	- 188	115.485	1.899	22.3	3.5443	- 0.0000FL0	XXX RISK	3.005	s10	21.8	0.357	0.341	2.3238	
240 minute winter	ns5	188	115.486	1,720	17.0	3.3145	0.0000FLC	OD RISK	3.004	ns4	16.5	0.442	0.235	3.1689	
240 minute winter	s5	188	115.487	1.554	11.8	3.1371	0.0000FL0	OOD RISK	3.003	ns5	11.3	0.500	0.345	0.9147	
240 minute winter	s5.3	188	115,487	1.187	3.7	2.2007	0.0000FLG	XXX RISK	3.000	55.2	3.1	0.400	0.036	2.4647	
240 minute winter	ns2	188	115.487	0.597	5.7	0.6751	0.0000FL0	OC RISK	4.001	s10	5.7	0.891	0.321	0.7570	
240 minute winter	ns1	188	115.488	0.448	5.7	1.6737	0.0000FL0	XXX RISK	4.000	ns2	5.7	0.878	0.321	0.2641	
240 minute winter	59.3	188	115.485	1.585	12.1	2.8000	0.0000FL0	000 RISK	5.000	s10	-12.1	-0.036	-0.008	85.6299	
240 minute winter	s2.1	188	115.485	1.385	7.4	2.4465	0.0000FL0	DOD RISK	2.000	s2	-7.4	-0.062	-0.007	38.0264	
240 minute winter	s5.2	188	115.487	1.408	6.5	2.4223	0.0000FL0	000 RISK	3.001	s5.1	6.1	0.545	0.072	1.0563	
240 minute winter	s5.1	188	115.487	1.495	8.4	1.7654	0.0000FL0	DOD RISK	3.002	s5	6.1	0.363	0.072	0.7042	





Flow v7.0 Design Report: 100 year Critical

Event	US Node ID	Peak (mins)	Level (m)	Depth (m)	Inflow (Vs)	Node Vol (m²)	Flood (m²)	Status	Link ID	DS Node ID	Outflow (Vs)	Velocity (m/s)	Flow/Cap	Link Vol (m²)	Discharge Vol (m²)
240 minute winter	51.1	160	115,550	2.154	27.4	2.4362	12.2981FL	000	Depth/Flow		12.0				293.
240 minute winter	s1	168	115.553	2.137	25.9	3.7754	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	1.007	s1.1	27.4	0.294	0.217	0.5515	
240 minute winter	52	180	115.555	1.795	18.7	3.1715	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	1.006	s1	9.4	0.562	0.120	1.0563	
180 minute winter	s3	128	115.559	1.674	22.7	2.6932	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	1.005	52	22.1	0.619	0.605	0.3977	
180 minute winter	s3.1	128	115.572	1.437	19.2	2.4489	0.0000 FL	DOD RISK	1.004	s3	18.6	0.586	0.508	1.9886	
180 minute winter	s3.1a	128	115.576	1.331	15.7	2.3113	0.0000	DOD RISK	1.003	s3.1	15.0	0.711	0.410	0.8750	
180 minute winter	s3.2	128	115.580	1.195	12.6	2.1573	0.0000	DOD RTSK	1.002	s3.1a	11.6	0.700	0.316	1.1136	
180 minute winter	59	128	115.592	0.842	8.6	1.7848	0.0000 FL	DOD RISK	1.001	s3.2	8.5	0.960	0.480	0.5105	
15 minute winter	s 8	11	115,600	0.400	18.1	1.3124	0.5859FLC	000	1.000	s9	14.3	0.865	0.807	0.7922	
240 minute winter	510	160	115.555	2.079	35.2	5.1049	0.0000 FL	000 RISK	3.006	51	18.5	0.333	0.151	2.2059	
240 minute winter	ns4	160	115.558	1.972	23.7	3.6803	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	3.005	s10	23.2	0.357	0.364	2.3238	
120 minute winter	ns5	94	115.562	1.798	28.8	3.4602	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	3.004	ns4	27.9	0.523	0.399	3.1689	
120 minute winter	s5	94	115,567	1.634	20.1	3.2991	D.0000FL	DOD RISK	3.003	ns5	19.2	0.576	0.587	0.9147	
120 minute winter	s5.3	94	115.570	1.270	6.2	2.3542	0.0000	DOD RISK	3.000	s5.2	5.3	0.461	0.061	2.4647	
180 minute winter	ns2	128	115.588	0.676	7.4	0.7648	0.0000	DOD RISK	4.001	s10	7.4	0.944	0.418	0.7570	
180 minute winter	ns1	128	115.571	0.531	7.4	1.9851	0.0000	DOD RYSK	4.000	ns2	7.4	0.935	0.415	0.2641	
240 minute winter	s9.3	160	115.556	1.658	13.0	2.9254	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	5.000	s10	-13.D	-0.039	-0.007	85.6299	
240 minute winter	s2.1	160	115.555	1.455	8.2	2.5713	0.0000FL	DOD RISK	2.000	s2	-8.2	-0.058	-0.008	38.0264	
120 minute winter	s5.2	94	115.569	1.488	11.2	2.5833	0.0000	DOD RISK	3.001	s5.1	10.5	0.619	0.122	1.0563	
120 minute winter	s5.1	94	115.568	1.578	11.0	1.8610	0.0000FL0	DOD RISK	3.002	s5	10.4	0.420	0.122	0.7042	

