

CS CONSULTING

GROUP

Outline Construction Management Plan Proposed Mixed Use Development Edmondstown, Whitechurch Road, Co. Dublin

Client: BCDK Holdings and Coill Avon Ltd.

Job No. D077

March 2022







OUTLINE CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT PLAN

PROPOSED MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT EDMONDSTOWN, WHITECHURCH ROAD, CO. DUBLIN

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File Location: Job-D077\B_Documents\C_Civil\A_C\$ Reports\Planning Application\CMP

BS 1192 FIELD)	EDM-CSC-ZZ-XX-RP-C-0103-P3				
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Job Ref.	Aut	hor	Reviewed By	Authorised By	Issue Date	Rev. No.
D077	FB		GF	OS	09.03.2022	P3
D077	FB		GF	OS	23.02.2022	P2
D077 FB			NB	OS	02.11.2020	P1





1.0 INTRODUCTION

Cronin & Sutton Consulting Engineers (CS Consulting) have been commissioned by BCDK Holdings and Coill Avon Ltd. to prepare an Outline Construction Management Plan (OCMP) for a proposed residential development at Edmondstown, Whitechurch Road, Dublin.

The aim of this OCMP is to address issues that can arise during construction including noise and vibration, traffic management, working hours, pollution control, dust control, road cleaning, compound / public health facilities and staff parking, all associated with the construction works. This plan will be updated by the contractor and agreed with South Dublin County Council (SDCC) in advance of the construction phase.

This Outline Construction Management Plan (OCMP) has been prepared to give an overview of the processes to be employed during construction of this project. Prior to the on-site activities commencing, this plan will be revised by the appointed lead contractor and expanded to produce a Detailed Construction Management Plan, which shall incorporate:

- Operational Health & Safety (OH&S) Management Plan;
- Environmental Management Plan, including Waste Management Plan;
- Pedestrian and Traffic Management Plan.

The Construction Management Plan will be integrated into and implemented throughout the construction phases of the project to ensure the following:

- that all site activities are effectively managed to minimise the generation of waste and to maximise the opportunities for on-site reuse and recycling of waste materials;
- that all waste materials generated by site activities, that cannot be reused on site, are removed from site by appropriately permitted waste



haulage contractors and that all wastes are disposed of at approved waste licensed/permitted facilities in compliance with the Waste Management Acts 1996 to 2005;

 that any environmental impacts (noise, vibration, dust) of project construction work activities on receptors and properties located adjacent to the project work areas, and on the local receiving environment, are managed and controlled.



2.0 SITE LOCATION AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Site Location

The proposed development site comprises 2no. land parcels at Kilmashogue House and Coill Avon house, Whitechurch Road, Rathfarnham, Dublin 16. The site has a total area of 6.77ha and is located to the north of the M50 and to the west of Whitechurch Road, in the operational areas of South Dublin County Council (SDCC) and Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown County Council (DLRCC).



Figure 1 – Location of proposed development site (map data & imagery: EPA, OSM Contributors, Google)

The location of the proposed development site is shown in Figure 1 above; the indicative extents of the development site, as well as relevant elements of the surrounding road network, are shown in more detail in Figure 2.



The site is bounded to the north by the Edmondstown Golf Club and existing residential units, to the east by Whitechurch Road, and to the south by the M50 motorway.



Figure 2 – Site extents and environs (map data & imagery: OSi, OSM Contributors, Google)

2.2 Existing Land Use

The development site is greenfield in nature and falls from south to north. The Whitechurch Stream is located to the west of Whitechurch Road, flowing south to north through the subject site.



2.3 Proposed Development

The proposed development on a site that extends to 6.77 hectares includes the derelict Kilmashogue House (southern lands) and Coill Avon house (northern lands), adjacent roads in the control of South Dublin County and Dun Laoghaire Rathdown County Councils and consists of the following developments: -

- Demolition of Kilmashogue House and outbuildings and demolition of Coill Avon house and outbuildings;
- The refurbishment and re-use of 2 no. stone outbuildings for community use, to be incorporated into an area of public open space on the southern lands;
- The construction of a mixed-use development comprising neighbourhood centre and 178 no. residential units comprising 72 no. houses, 38 no. apartments and 68 no. duplex apartments;
- The 72 no. houses will comprise 2, 2.5 and 3-storey detached, semidetached and terraced units to include:
 - o 6 no. 2-bed houses:
 - o 45 no. 3-bed houses:
 - o 21 no. 4-bed houses:
- The 38 no. apartments and 68 no. duplex apartments are located across 7 no. buildings ranging in height from 3 to 5-storey consisting of 1 no. Block A/B, 1 no. Block C, 1 no. Block E, 1 no. Block S and 3 no. Blocks T-type as follows:
 - o Block A/B: 5-storey over basement and podium accommodating 10 no. 1-bed apartments, 16 no. 2-bed



duplex apartments and 1 no. 3-bed duplex apartment with associated balconies/terraces;

- Block C: 5-storey over basement accommodating 4 no. 1bed apartments and 8 no. 2-bed duplex apartments with associated balconies/terraces;
- Block E: 4-storey over basement accommodating 8 no. 1-bed apartments and 16 no. 2-bed duplex apartments with associated balconies/terraces;
- Block S: 3-storey accommodating 2 no. 2-bed duplex apartments and 1 no. 3-bed apartment and 1 No. 3-bed duplex apartments with associated balconies/terraces;
- Block T: 3no. 3-storey buildings accommodating 6 no. 1-bed apartments, 18 no. 2-bed duplex apartments, 9 no. 3-bed apartments and 6 no. 3-bed duplex apartments, all with associated balconies/terraces;
- Block A/B and Block C are arranged around a landscaped podium.
 The neighbourhood centre is located below this podium and accommodates a 2-level creche (313m²) at lower ground and ground floor level, and 3 no. retail/non-retail service/cafe units (470m²) at ground level;
- The basement below Block A/B and Block C accommodates 50 no.
 car parking spaces, bicycle parking, bin stores, plant and staff service area (80m2);
- The basement below Block E accommodates 35 no. car parking spaces, bicycle parking, bin store and plant;



- A section of link street with footpath and cycle path (approx. 438 linear metres) extending from the junction of Whitechurch Road and College Road on an alignment parallel to the M50, to provide access to the southern development lands and incorporating a bus turning circle;
- Upgrade works to College Road including a new two-way cycle track and relocated footpath from the Whitechurch Road junction to provide connectivity to the Slang River pedestrian/cycle Greenway;
- A new signalised crossroads junction to connect the proposed link street with Whitechurch Road and College Road;
- Upgrade to the existing vehicular access at the entrance to Coill Avon house on Whitechurch Road;
- Foul sewer drainage works along Whitechurch Road from the Kilmashogue junction to the existing junction at Glinbury housing estate;
- All landscaping, surface car parking, boundary treatments, infrastructure works, ESB substation, and associated site works and services.



3.0 SITE MANAGEMENT

3.1 Construction Program and Phasing

Subject to a successful grant of planning, it is intended for the works to commence in Q4 2022. The proposed development is anticipated to be constructed over a 48-month period.

The development is proposed to be constructed on the following basis;

- Set up site perimeter hoarding, maintaining existing pedestrian and traffic routes around the site
- Site clearance
- Reduced level excavations
- Site services installations (drainage, power, water, and the like)
- Construct building frames and envelopes
- Finish interior and exterior landscaping

3.2 Site Establishment

The contractor will provide all necessary accommodation, material handling and secure storage for its operations.

The facilities to be provided and maintained by the contractor will include:

- Construction plant
- Hoisting equipment and cranes
- Scaffolding, platforms, access ladders, barriers, handrails
- Barricades and hoardings
- Temporary driveways, road crossovers and construction zone
- 24/7 emergency vehicle access to site during working hours
- On-site hardstand areas for vehicle loading and unloading
- Storage sheds and compounds



- Rubbish sorting areas
- Site amenities with all required equipment and facilities
- Construction worker accommodation
- First aid facilities
- Site administration accommodation

Construction plant and site amenities will comply with the requirements of all relevant authorities and be wholly contained within the hoarded site. All construction plant and equipment will be progressively removed when no longer required.

First Aid facilities for the use of all construction staff in the form of a fully provisioned first aid area within the site office with lifesaving and safety equipment as required by relevant statues, authorities and awards will be maintained at all times by the contractor.

The contractor will obtain all required permits, pay the applicable fees, and comply with all conditions.

3.3 Hoarding and Fences

Prevention of unauthorised access to the site is a very high priority and will be vigorously managed throughout the construction period. When the contractor is appointed, the site will be secured with site barriers and hoardings in accordance with the final construction management plan. Any hoardings and signboards to the perimeter of the site will comply with the requirements of the relevant authorities and the relevant Health and Safety Acts.

The contractor will be required to erect a single project signboard to the hoarding at the main entrance points to identify the site.



3.4 Services Relocations and Temporary Protection of Public Domain

Prior to any works commencing on site, detailed dilapidation reports will be carried out for footpaths, kerbs, road pavements and utility infrastructure features of the main access routes in the immediate vicinity to the site.

The contractor will provide protection to existing surrounding building elements potentially impacted by the works. Protection may be in the form of screened hoardings, scaffolding and fencing, taped drop sheets and the like, all installed prior to commencement of the demolition works.

The type of required hoardings, scaffolding and fencing will vary over the duration of the works, depending on how the site activities potentially impact on the adjoining public domain and neighbourhood.

Dial-before-you-dig enquiries and detailed services location investigations shall be carried out to identify any need for temporary protection of elements of existing utility infrastructure that are not to be diverted as part of the works.

All temporary protection is to be installed and maintained during the duration of the works until they are no longer required.

3.5 Major Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment used during the entire works are:

- Articulated and rigid trucks
- Rigs, bulldozers, excavators, backhoes, with ancillary equipment (rock hammers or saws)
- Mobile cranes and tower crane
- Concrete delivery trucks
- Concrete pumps
- Man, and material hoists



Scissor, boom and forklifts

All plant and equipment will be operated by experienced and qualified personnel with the appropriate registrations.

3.6 Vehicular Accesses to Site

The site is currently accessed from Whitechurch Road. The existing vehicular accesses will be adapted to suit the development layout as part of the development works. It is anticipated that for the duration of the works two access points will be created to allow for both phases of development to commence at the same time. It may also be beneficial to install a pedestrian only entrance to the site to segregate vehicular and pedestrian movements to and from site.

Advanced warning will be provided to all users on the road, as well as directional signage for site traffic.

Revised measures will be developed further as part of the **Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)** developed by the contractor in consultation with the Design Team and with South Dublin County Council.

The principal objective of the CTMP is to ensure that the impacts of all building activities generated during the construction of the proposed development upon both the public (off-site) and internal (on-site) workers environments, are fully considered and proactively managed / programmed respecting key stakeholders requirements thereby ensuring that both the public's and construction workers safety is maintained at all times, disruptions minimised and undertaken within a controlled hazard free / minimised environment. It is noted that the impact of the construction works will be temporary in nature.



The CTMP will be prepared in accordance with the principles outlined below and shall always comply with the requirements of:

- Chapter 8 of the Department of Transport Traffic Signs Manual, current edition;
- Guidance for the Control and Management of Traffic at Road Works (June 2010) prepared by the Local Government Management Services Board; and
- Any additional requirements detailed in TII design standards or in the Design Manual for Urban Roads & Streets (DMURS).

Site offices and compound will be located within the site boundary. There will be sufficient on-site parking for staff and visitors to ensure no potential overflow onto the local network. Construction staff will nevertheless be encouraged to use public transport and information on local transportation will be published on site.

Finally, truck wheel washes will be installed at construction entrances and any specific recommendations regarding construction traffic management made by the Local Authority will be adhered to.

The following mitigation measures will be incorporated into the CTMP:

- Securely fencing off the site during the pre-construction phase from adjacent properties, public footpaths, and roads.
- Signage on the surrounding road network to define the access and egress routes for the construction site.
- Strict control pf construction traffic, in order to minimise the impact of this traffic on the surrounding road network.
- Adequate signposting and enclosure of all road works to ensure the safety of all road users and construction personnel.
- Encouraging construction staff to use public transport, and publishing information on local transportation on site.



- A programme of street cleaning as and when required.
- Specific provisions to facilitate the delivery of abnormal loads to the site.
- Measures to obviate queuing of construction traffic on the adjoining road network.

3.7 Site Security

Access to site will be controlled by means of an access with camera remote monitoring system for out of hours use. During working hours, a gateman will control traffic movements and deliveries.

All personnel working on site will be required to have a valid Safe Pass card.

3.8 Material Hoisting and Movement Throughout the Site

It is envisaged that a tower crane will be utilised on site in conjunction with mobile crane visits being required from time to time to facilitate construction on site.

Mobile crane visits will be coordinated with the other site activities to ensure that all risks are correctly assessed and guarded against. A detailed crane analysis will be prepared for verification of the safe load parameters. No loads will be lifted over the public domain or adjacent properties.

Hoists and teleporters may also be used within the site and around its perimeter as required during the project, to facilitate material and waste movements into and out of the site.

3.9 Deliveries and Storage Facilities

All deliveries to site will be scheduled to ensure their timely arrival and avoid the need for storing large quantities of materials on site. Deliveries will be



scheduled outside of rush hour traffic to avoid disturbance to pedestrian and vehicular traffic in the vicinity of the site.

3.10 Site Accommodation

The subject development consists of 2 no. parcels of land, as shown within Figure 2. As such 2 no. site compounds shall be provided, the indicative locations of the proposed site compounds are shown in Figure 3 (page 28).

On-site facilities shall include:

- a materials and equipment storage area;
- a site office;
- staff welfare facilities (e.g. toilets, drying room, canteen, etc.).

Electricity will be provided to the site via the national grid.

Water supply to the site during construction works will be provided by means of a temporary connection to a public watermain. Similarly, a temporary connection for foul water drainage will be made to the public network.

3.11 Site Parking

There will be sufficient on-site parking for staff and visitors. Construction staff will also be encouraged to use public transport and information on local transportation will be published on site.

3.12 Site Working Hours

Subject to the agreement of the Planning Authority, the following site operation hours are proposed:

Monday to Friday: 07:00 to 19:00Saturdays: 08:00 to 14:00



Sundays & Bank Holidays: Works not permitted

It may be necessary for some construction operations to be undertaken outside these times, for example: service diversions and connections; concrete finishing and fit-out works; etc. There may also be occasions where it is necessary to make certain deliveries outside these times, for example, where large loads are limited to road usage outside peak times.

If there are instances where work must be carried out outside of the permitted times the Environmental Health Officer, local residents and business in areas which are likely to be affected by noise from the proposed works shall be in advance in letter form or leaflet or advertisement. They must also be notified of the contractor carrying out the works, their name and number, the reason for the works and the likely duration.



4.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

The contractor will establish guidelines and controls for all activities that may impact on the surrounding environment for the duration of the works, including; air, water, land, natural resources, flora, fauna, humans, and their interrelation.

The project is to be developed to enable to all personnel with the means to understand their responsibilities and to meet the contractor's statutory, contractual and procedural obligations relating to environmental management.

For each activity, the environmental aspects and associated actual and potential impacts are to be identified as they relate to the following environmental elements:

- emissions to air;
- releases to water;
- releases to land:
- use of raw materials & natural resources:
- use of energy;
- waste and by-products;
- community & neighbours;
- flora & fauna;
- heritage & cultural.

4.1 Materials and Decontamination

Excavation works will each address the requirements of this investigation report and verify the treatment and removal of all materials and contamination encountered during the works.



4.2 Noise

The Contractor shall implement measures to eliminate and reduce noise levels where possible.

All construction activities will be carried out in compliance with the recommendations of BS 5228, Noise Control on Construction and Open Sites Part 1 and comply with BS 6187 Code of Practice for Demolition.

The following is an outline of the possible noise mitigation measure which the Contractor may consider implementing on site to address potential noise levels.

4.2.1 General considerations

- 1. All site staff shall be briefed on noise mitigation measure and of best practicable means to be employed to control noise.
- 2. Site hoarding should be erected to maximise the reduction in noise levels.
- The Contractor should but in place a liaison officer to engage with neighbours on a weekly basis and keep them a braised of the pending works on site and address any concerns raised.
- 4. Internal haul routes shall be maintained, and steep gradients shall be avoided where possible.
- 5. Material and plant loading and unloading shall only take place during normal working hours unless the requirement for extended hours for traffic management (i.e. road closure) or health and safety reasons has been granted (application must be made to the Council a minimum of 4 days prior to proposed works).
- 6. Minimise opening and shutting of gates through good coordination of deliveries and vehicle movements.



4.2.2 Plant

- Contractor should ensure that each item of plant and equipment complies with the noise limits quoted in the relevant EC Directive 2000/14/EC.
- 2. Fit all plant and equipment with appropriate mufflers or silencers of the type recommended by the manufacturer.
- 3. Use all plant and equipment only for the tasks for which it has been designed.
- 4. Shut down all plant and equipment in intermittent use in the intervening periods between work or throttle down to a minimum.
- 5. Power plant by mains electricity where possible rather than generators.
- 6. Employ partial or full enclosures for fixed plant where possible.
- 7. Locate movable plant away from noise sensitive receptors where possible.
- 8. All plant operators to be qualified in their specific piece of plant.
- 9. Compressors and generators will be sited in areas least likely to give rise to nuisance where practicable.

4.2.3 Vehicle activity

- 1. Ensure all vehicle movement on site occur within permitted working hours unless permission to the contrary has been granted.
- 2. Plan deliveries and vehicle movements so that vehicles are not waiting or queuing on the public road, if unavoidable engines should be turned off.
- 3. Contractor should plan the site layout to ensure that reversing is kept to a minimum.
- 4. Wheel washing of vehicles prior to exiting the site shall take place to ensure that adjoining roads are kept clean of dirt and debris.



Regular road sweeping of adjoining roads should take place as necessary.

4.3 Air Quality and Dust Monitoring

Dust prevention measures shall be included for control of any site airborne particulate pollution. The Contractor shall monitor dust levels in the vicinity of the site in accordance with planning conditions. Records shall be kept of such monitoring for review by the Planning Authority. The minimum criteria to be maintained shall be the limit for Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) specification for licensed facilities in Ireland, which is 350mg/m²/day.

The Contractor shall continuously monitor dust over the variation of weather and material disposal to ensure the limits are not breached throughout the project.

4.4 Migrating Dust and Dirt Pollution

A regime of "wet" road sweeping can be set up to ensure the roads around the immediate site are as clean and free from dirt/dust arising from the site, as is reasonably practicable.

Footpaths immediately around the site can be cleaned by hand regularly, with damping as necessary.

Scaffolding to be cleaned regularly. Netting can be provided to enclose scaffolding at sensitive areas of the site.

Vehicle waiting areas or hard standings can be regularly inspected and kept clean.

Vehicle and wheel washing facilities can be provided at the site exit where practicable. If necessary, vehicles can be washed down before exiting the site.



Internal combustion plant should not be left running unnecessarily.

Where possible fixed plant such as generators should be located away from residential areas.

The number of handling operations for material should be kept to a minimum in order to ensure that dusty material is not moved or handled unnecessarily.

The transport of dusty materials and aggregates should be carried out using covered/sheeted lorries.

Vehicles loading should be dampened down and drop heights for material to be kept to a minimum.

Dust dispersal over the site boundary should be minimised using static sprinklers or other watering methods necessary.

Stockpiles of material should be kept to a minimum and may be sheeted or watered down. These should be located away from sensitive boundaries.

Equipment and techniques for cutting/grinding/sawing/sanding etc., which minimise dust emissions and which have the best available dust suppression measures, should be employed.

Where possible pre-mixed plasters and masonry compounds should be used to minimise dust arising from on-site mixing.

Prior to commencement, the main contractor should identify the construction operations which are likely to generate dust and to draw up action plans to minimise emissions. Furthermore, the main contractor should prepare environmental risk assessments for all dust generating processes, which are envisaged.



The main contractor should allocate suitably qualified personnel to be responsible for ensuring the generation of dust is minimised and effectively controlled.

4.5 Harmful Materials

Harmful material will be stored on site for use in connection with the construction works only. These materials will be stored in a controlled manner. Where on-site facilities are used there will be a bunded filling area using double bunded steel tank at a minimum.

4.6 Vibration

The Contractor will be required to carry out the works such that the effect of vibration on the adjoining buildings and surroundings is minimised and does not cause any damage.

The Contractor shall be required to comply with the requirements of the planning permission for any vibration limits for the works. In the absence of any Local Authority requirements, the following table shall set the limitations:

Table 1 – Trigger values for vibration

Trigger	Peak Particle Velocity (PPV)			
Level	50Hz and below	Above 50Hz		
1	10 mm/s	10 mm/s		
2	10 mm/s	12 mm/s		
3	10 mm/s	15mm/s		

Background vibrations shall be established prior to commencement.

A vibration monitoring system is to be put in place prior to any works taking place. This system is to raise an alarm if an agreed limit is exceeded at which time the working methods are to be adjusted so as to reduce vibrations generated.



All works carried out as part of these infrastructure works will comply with all Statutory Legislation including the Local Government (Water Pollution) acts, 1977 and 1990, and the contractor will co-operate in full of the Environmental Section of South Dublin County Council. Reference should also be made to the EIS accompanying this application and Chapter 6 of the Environmental Impact Statement as permitted under the grant of permission F16/0412.

4.7 Sediment and Water Pollution Control Plan

All works carried out as part of these infrastructure works will comply with all Statutory Legislation including the Local Government (Water Pollution) acts, 1977 and 1990 and the contractor will co-operate in full of the Environmental Section of South Dublin County Council. As part of the overall construction methodology, the following issues will be addressed and have been identified as being of particular risk and/or concern to pollution.

4.7.1 <u>Contamination of Watercourse / Groundwater</u>

There is a risk that ground water could become contaminated with lime from cement which subsequently finds its way into the local adjacent watercourses. The measures proposed to be put in place to mitigate any potential damage from the effluent of contaminated ground water would be to create an exclusion zone, as far as reasonably practicable, by the erection of a visible 1.0m high barrier along watercourses. This will be formed by means of steel road pins, which will be used to support a PVC 'orange' barrier with warning signs appropriately fixed at regular intervals. The signs shall read 'NOTICE – NO DISCHARGE OF ANY KIND IS PERMITTED IN THIS VICINITY OR BEYOND THIS EXCLUSION ZONE'



4.7.2 Sediment & Erosion

Similar to the above, adjacent watercourses/groundwater need to be protected from sedimentation and erosion due to direct surface water runoff generated onsite during the construction phase. To prevent this from occurring surface water discharge from the site will be managed and controlled for the duration of the construction works until the permanently attenuated surface water drainage system of the proposed site is complete. A temporary positive drainage system shall be installed prior to the commencement of the construction works to collect surface water runoff by the site during construction. A series of geotextile lined cascading, high level outfall, settling basins will be installed upstream of the agreed discharge point. This temporary surface water management facility will throttle runoff and allow suspended solids to be settled out and removed before being discharged in a control manner to the agreed outfall. All inlets to the cascading settling basins will be riprapped to prevent scour and erosion in the vicinity of the inlet.

Minimisation site disturbance

Implement sediment control (as outlined above)

Minimise the potential for erosion

Prevent sediment-contaminated water leaving the site

Such measures shall be agreed as part of the sites discharge licence.

4.7.3 Whitechurch Stream

 Discharge Licences – It will not be permitted to discharge into any newly constructed storm water systems or watercourse without adhering to the conditions of the discharge licence and agreeing the same with the Design Team, Site Manager and Local Authority Area Engineer.



- Over Ground Oil / Diesel Storage Only approved storage system for oil / diesel within the site will be permitted, (i.e. all oil / diesel storage to be located within a designated area placed furthest away from adjacent watercourses and contained within constructed bunded areas e.g. placed on 150mm concrete slab with the perimeter constructed with 225mm solid blockwork rendered internally). The bunded area will accommodate the relevant oil / diesel storage capacity in case of accidental spillage. Any accidental spillages will be dealt with immediately on site however minor by containment/removal form site. Any accidental spillages will be dealt with immediately on site however minor by containment /removal form site.
- Re-fuelling will be contained within a designated area adjacent to the storage area.
- Concrete Washout The washing out of concrete trucks on site will
 not be permitted as they are a potential source of high alkalinity in
 watercourses. Consequently, it is a requirement that all concrete
 truck washout takes place back in the ready-mix depot.
- Disposal of Wastewater off Site The Site Management Team will
 maintain a record of all receipts for the removal of toilet or
 interceptor waste off site to insure its disposal in a traceable
 manner. These will be available for inspection by the Environment
 Section of South Dublin County Council at all times.
- Road Sweepers / Cleaning The cleaning of public roads in and around the subject site will be undertaken to reduce environmental impacts and care will be taken to prevent any pollution of watercourses from this activity.
- Maintenance of existing gullies on existing roads used for site access



 The contractor should comply with the requirements as outlined in the Environmental Impact Statement accompanying this application.



5.0 WASTE MANAGEMENT

An Outline Construction Waste Management Plan (OCWMP) has been prepared and is submitted under separate cover with this application. Refer to this document for details of waste management during the construction phase of the subject development.



6.0 TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

6.1 Management of Site Traffic, External Traffic, and Pedestrians

The anticipated truck movements from and to the site in relation to the preliminary programme for the works will be nominated in the construction methodology by the main contractor.

The construction site will be delineated by means of hoardings and lockable gates with screened fencing at the entry and exit points. The Contractor will pay particular attention to pedestrian traffic and safety at the entrances. Where possible, all vehicles will enter and exit the site in a forward direction.

Pedestrians will have right of way. If required, alternate pedestrian routes around the site will be created and clearly signed.

6.2 Access to the Site

Construction traffic will access the site via Whitechurch Road. Construction vehicles will travel via Whitechurch Road and College Road to access the subject development site.





Figure 3 – Proposed Construction Access Route (map data & imagery: EPA, OSM Contributors, Google)

6.3 Vehicle Movements During Construction

The major construction items include excavation, construction and fit out. It is anticipated that the peak of HGV movements to and from the site will be during excavation works and construction of the building foundations. The peak LGV movements to and from the site will be during the building construction and fit out. It is anticipated that the construction traffic impact on the surrounding local road network will be minimal.

The Contractor must submit a Construction Traffic Management plan to the Local Authority for approval. Haulage vehicle movements should be fully coordinated to comply with the requirements of the layout and requirements herein.



- At no time should construction associated vehicles be stopped or parked along the routes.
- Haulage vehicles should not travel in convoys of greater than two vehicles at any time.
- Haulage vehicles should be spaced by a minimum of 250m at all times.
- Strictly at no time should haulage vehicles be parked or stopped at the entrance to the site.
- All loading of excess material will occur within the site boundary.
- All off-loading of deliveries will take place within the site, away from the public road and will access via the construction site access.

The routes to and from the site shall depend on where the excavated material will be taken to and from where construction material will be brought into the site. The above locations will be identified by the Contractor at a later stage and appropriate routes will be agreed with South Dublin County Council as part of the Contractors more detailed construction management plan.

The increase in traffic as a result of construction will be minor and can be readily accommodated within the existing road network. However, the site is located in a residential area where restricted road and junction space is shared with vulnerable road users and the flow of construction traffic will need to be marshalled and regulated to ensure that potential conflicts are avoided as much as possible.

6.4 Minimization of Construction Vehicle Movements

Construction-related vehicle movements will be minimized through:

- consolidation of delivery loads to/from the site and scheduling of large deliveries to occur outside of peak periods;
- use of precast/prefabricated materials where possible;



- reuse of 'cut' material generated by the construction works on site where possible, through various accommodation works;
- provision of adequate storage space on site;
- development of a strategy to minimise construction material quantities as much as possible;
- promotion of public transport use by construction personnel, in order to minimise staff vehicle movements.

The following headings identify some of the measures to be encouraged.

6.4.1 Cycling

Cycle parking spaces will be provided on the site for construction personnel. In addition, lockers will be provided to allow cyclists to store their cycling clothes.

6.4.2 Car Sharing

Car sharing among construction personnel will be encouraged, especially from areas where construction personnel may be clustered. The contractor shall aim to organize shifts in accordance with personnel origins, hence enabling higher levels of car sharing. Such a measure offers a significant opportunity to reduce the proportion of construction personnel driving to the site and will minimise the potential traffic impact on the surrounding road network.

6.4.3 Public Transport

Construction personnel will be encouraged to use public transport as means to travel to and from the site. An information leaflet shall be provided to all personnel as part of their induction on site, highlighting the location of the various public transport services in the vicinity of the construction site.



6.5 Public Roads

A Visual Condition Survey (VCS) will be carried out of all surrounding streets prior to any site works commencing. The contractor will liaise with the Transportation and Infrastructure department of SDCC to agree any changes to load restrictions and construction access routes for the site. Measures will be put in place as required to facilitate construction traffic whilst simultaneously protecting the built environment.

All entrances and temporary roads will be continuously maintained for emergency vehicle access.

The following measures will be taken to ensure that the site, public roads and surroundings are kept clean and tidy:

- a regular program of site tidying will be established to ensure a safe and orderly site;
- scaffolding will have debris netting attached to prevent materials and equipment being scattered by the wind;
- food waste will be strictly controlled on all parts of the site;
- mud spillages on roads and footpaths outside the site will be cleaned regularly and will not be allowed to accumulate;
- wheel wash facilities will be provided for vehicles exiting the site;
- in the event of any fugitive solid waste escaping the site, it will be collected immediately and removed.



7.0 COMPOUND FACILITIES / PARKING

The construction compound for the infrastructure works shall be entirely within the site boundary, although in some instances located outside the phase being constructed. The compound shall be constructed using a clean permeable stone finish and will be enclosed with security fencing. Site accommodation to be provided will include suitable washing / dry room facilities for construction staff, canteen, sanitary facilities, first aid room, office accommodation etc. Access to the compound will be security controlled and all site visitors will be required to sign in on arrival and sign out on departure.

A permeable hardstand area will be provided for staff parking and these areas will be separate from designated machinery / plant parking.

A material storage zone will also be provided in the compound area. This storage zone will include material recycling areas and facilities.

A series of 'way finding' signage will be provided to route staff / deliveries into the site and to designated compound / construction areas.

On completion of the works all construction materials, debris, temporary hardstands etc. from the site compound will be removed off site and the site compound area reinstated in full on completion of the works.



8.0 PROVISIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION

8.1 Hoarding, Set-Up of Site, and Access/Egress Points

The site area will be enclosed with hoarding, details of which are to be agreed with South Dublin County Council. Hoarding panels will be maintained and kept clean for the duration of the project.

This will involve erecting the hoarding around the proposed site perimeter in line with the finished development description.

A "Just in Time" approach will be required for the delivery of particular building materials such as concrete formwork and reinforcement cages for the piles.

8.2 Removal of Services

Prior to any works a utility survey will be carried out to identify existing services. All services on site will be disconnected, diverted or removed as agreed with service providers.

8.3 Site Clearance

The site is greenfield and does not generate any significant vehicular traffic. The following is a high-level method statement for the clearance of the site:

- Establish a site set-up and welfare facilities;
- Carry out an invasive species survey using a qualified and approved surveyor;
- Carry out a detailed services survey of the site to identify all buried services, determine what services are live, redundant and potentially serve neighbouring properties.
- Carry out any necessary services diversions and decommissioning works.



8.4 Excavation

This development will involve a bulk excavation and removal of material during the construction of the building foundations.

The Contractor will prepare a Construction Waste Management Plan in accordance with the "Best Practice Guidelines on the Preparation of Waste Management Plans for Construction and Demolition Projects" (Department of Environment, Heritage and Local Government, 2006) and ensure that all material is disposed of at an appropriately licensed land fill site. The Contractor must also outline detailed proposals within the Construction Management Plan to accommodate construction traffic.

8.5 Site Service Installations

Drainage, power, water and the like will be installed to serve the proposed development.

8.6 Construction Stage

The housing is proposed to be constructed on the following basis;

- Reduced level excavations:
- Traditional strip foundations, ground beams and floor slabs;
- Construct house frames and blockwork:
- Finish interior and exterior landscaping

Please note the above shall be carried out in accordance with the particular construction phasing.