21st January 1992

Councillor J. Hannon, 11 Knocklyon Heights, Firhouse Road, Dublin 16.

RE: Planning Application Req. Ref. 91A/1802 - proposed bungalow and septic tank at Glassamucky, Bohernabreena for Mr. Hugh Mellon.

Dear Councillor Hannon,

I wish to refer to your enquiries concerning this application.

On 20th December 1991 the Council decided to refuse permission for this proposal for five reasons. A copy of the notice of refusal is attached for your information.

There was a previous refusal on appeal for a house on this site in 1982. There was also an earlier application for permission which was not determined because Mr. Mellon did not respond to a request for additional information.

The site is quite small in size, being little more than a quarter of an acre. Apart from the other reasons for refusal, a site of such restricted size could not realistically be expected to accommodate a septic tank particularly when there are adjoining houses with septic tank drainage.

While I would always be reluctant to refuse to meet with an applicant where I feel that we could be of assistance, it is my opinion that we would be wasting Mr. Mellon's time if we invite him in to discuss his present site.

Yours faithfully,

A. SMITH PRINCIPAL OFFICER

ENCL.

AS/UD

he A Smith. he. Planning Application 9/A/1802

Hugh Mellow

Bohernabreana. lear 7- buith.

Above application was recently refused (20/11/91) and I would appreciate it your could have a look at same. Mr Mellonis parents and the relatives live in the cerea and this is his only realistic chance of providing his own home. He suffers from asthma and the surroument in a raral arg is beneficial. Would it be worthwhile & have the application with some propects. Thanks,

# Dublin County Council Comhairle Chontae Atha Cliath Planning Department



Bloc 2, Ionad Bheatha na hEireann, Bloc 2, Irish Life Centre, Sraid na Mainistreach lacht, Lower Abbey Street, Baile Atha Cliath 1. Dublin 1. Telephone (01) 724755 Fax (01) 724896

Register Reference: 91A/1802

Date: 21st December 1991

Dear Sir/Madam,

Development : Bungalow and septic tank

LOCATION : Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

Applicant : Hugh Mellon

App. Type : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

I wish to inform you that by Order dated 20.12.91 it was decided to REFUSE PERMISSION for the above proposal.

This decision, together with the conditions/reasons attached thereto, is recorded in the Planning Register kept at this office in accordance with Section 8 of the Local Government(Planning and Development)Act 1963. This register may be inspected during office hours [ 9.00a.m.- 12.30p.m. 2.15p.m. - 4.30p.m.] and interested party may obtain a certified copy of an entry therein on payment of a fee of £5 in respect of each entry.

It should be noted that the proposer may appeal to An Bord Pleanala against the decision or any conditions attached to the Council's decision within one month beginning on the day of receipt by him of the Council's decision. Any other person may appeal to An Bord Pleanala within three weeks beginning on the date of decision. Interested parties are advised to consult the Planning Authority or An Bord Pleanala to ascertain if an appeal has been lodged by the applicant.

All appeals against decisions of the Planning Authority and all correspondence in relation to new and existing appeals should be addressed to The Secretary, An Bord Pleanala, Blocks 6 & 7 Irish Life Centre, Lower Abbey Street, Dublin 1.(Tel.728011). Any appeal made to An Bord Pleanala will be invalid unless the correct fee is received by An Bord Pleanala within the statutory appeal period. The fee in respect of an appeal by an applicant for permission relating to commercial development is £100; any other appeal is £50.

Submissions or observations made to An Bord Pleanala by or on behalf of a person (other than the applicant) as regards an appeal made by another person must be accompanied by a fee of f15.

Eileen Crawley,
"Paray",
Glassamucky, Bohernabreena,
Dublin 24.

Yours faithfully,

for PRINCIPAL OFFICER

Glassamucky, pk Blenchreen Lilly Debli 24. - De. 6ª 91 Planing Dept., alber St. (20) **OBJECT** Deen Sir Midam, I wish to express the strongest eljectims to the granting of fermissin for burgalow and seftic tank in the Very small field idjoining my own site for Mr. Hugh Hella-91A 1802. 1. In a Report of the Planning Office of 28th ang. '80, the chief Medecal Officer stated: A. THE site is too RESTRICTED FOR SEPTIC TANK DRAINAGE B. THE SITE 15 too Small in frontage AND DEPTH. 2. The IIRS require a minimum of to acre site where adjoining field is occupied: This site is less than to acre according to your our Deft's measurements in letter dated bu Nov. 81 I have an file. 3. There is no indication whatever of the position of my well and house and seffic tank in relation to this small area on the two other seffic tanks in close - framewity - in this latest afflication. 4. Planning Permission was granted for this site before - TA 1216 I affected this decision: measurements were discovered to be completely maccurate in respect to IIRE Requirements relating to distance of tank and percolatin area from both houses, from well, from site boundaries, etc. The present map sufficied to you gives a road frontige of 110' - the actual measurement is 97'. all given measurements need checking and distances from my house and well and significance of drop in grand level need consideration. 5. In an even earlier application to you - TA 556, Hellow's father included all of my Road frontage within his own site. 6. When Permissin was given initially - TA 1216, building was began

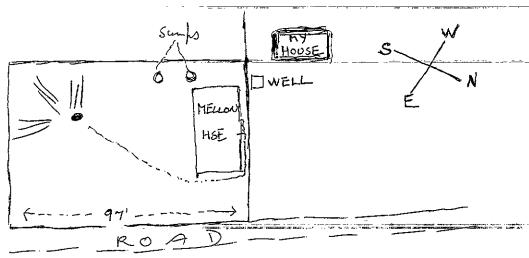
before authorized date and on Enforcement Order for its Remark, at the

request of another neighbook, had to be invoked after a very ensidenable ferriod of time.

The the letter accompanying Mr. Hellow's application it's stated that he is living in the family have and has been quenthis site as a present from his father; it is further stated that he has asthma and needs to live in the country: "meare! the site IN question—just down the road in fact, and a couple of hundred 7ds. away, him his Mother and Father is am extensive bring above on affrox. 3 acres site—newly brief!

8. The fositioning of this building right on my boundary, with some dormer windows overlooking, represents an unwarrented intrusion of frivary: their exaggination of the height of my trees is menely another indication of their determination to falsify as required.

9. Shotch to indicate position of my house and well in welatin to Mellon site:



10. The fosition of the two sumps represents an additional hisard to my well in particular because of the fall in ground level down-mountain in Northern and Western directions.

Yours faithfully, Elen lonavley.

		<del></del>	APPLICATION					•
REF. NO.:	914/1802			CERTI	FICATE NO	1b	830 B	<b>-</b>
PROPOSAL:	Barclas	-	, <u></u>					
REF. NO.: 919/1802 CERTIFICATE NO.: 16830B  PROPOSAL: Bujalow  LOCATION: Glasamucky Belevinabriana Tulbajir  APPLICANT: Hugh Mellon								
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A	Dwelling (Houses/Flats)	@ £55	455-	55				
В	Domestic Ext. (Improvement/ Alts.)	@ £30	(					
С	Building for office or other comm. purpose	@ £3.50 · per M² cr £70						
D	Building or other structure for purposes of agriculture	@ £1.00 per M <sup>2</sup> in excess of 300 M <sup>2</sup> Min. £70						
E	Petrol Filling Station	@ £200						
F	Dev. of prop. not coming within any of the forgoing classes	£70 or £9 per .1 hect. whichever is the greater						-
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Column 1 Endorsed: Signed: Grade: Date:								
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### PLANNING APPLICATION FEES

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2	Domestic,	@£16					
3	Agriculture	<pre>@50p per m2 in excess of 300m2. Min. £40</pre>		1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -			
4	Metres	@£1.75 per m2 or £40					
5	x .1 hect.	@f25 per .1 hect. or f250					
6	x .1 hect.	0£25 per .1 hect. or . £40					
7	x .1 hect.	0f25 per .1 hect. or f100					
8		@£100	-				
9	x metres	@£10 per m2 or £40		. –			
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# Dublin County Council Comhairle Chontae Atha Cliath

### **Parks Department**



Bosca 174, P. O. Box 174, 5 Rae Gardnar, 5 Gardiner Row, Baile Atha Cliath 1. Dublin 1.

Telephone: (01) 727777

Fax: (01) 725782

Mr. D. Drumgoole, Senior Administrative Officer, Planning Department, Dublin County Council.

Our Ref.

Your Ref. Ld26/11/92

Date

10.01.1992

Proposed Extension, Alteration, etc., at The Lord Mayors Pub, Dublin Street, Swords. Reg. Ref. 91A/1802. RE:

With reference to this application, the Parks Department's comments are as follows:-

No detailed information has been submitted with regard to the car park area at the rear of the site. This is an area of high visibility from the Ward River Valley Linear Park, and accordingly a scheme of landscaping for the car park is to be submitted and agreed with the Parks Department, prior to the commencement of development.

Furthermore, no details of the proposed boundary treatment for rurtnermore, no details of the proposed boundary treatment for the car park area and the rear service yard have been submitted. These details need to be submitted and agreed prior to granting of permission, as this boundary is extremely visible from the high amenity lands of the Ward River Valley Linear Park. Also Mr. Savage has indicated to this Department that he is prepared to grant an access onto the adjoining lands to the north of this site. Additional Information should be sought to clarify the location of this entrance. location of this entrance.

Accordingly, it is strongly recommended that Additional Information is sought with regard to the boundary wall and railings, landscaping and access to the adjoining lands.

SENIOR PARKS SUPERINTENDENT

PLANNING DEPT. DEVELOPMENT CONTROL SECT 15.10.92

PLANNING OFFICE SECTION HEALTH BOARD  PLANNING CONTROLS 22. EASTERN HEALTH BOARD  Reg. Ref: 9/A   1802  DEVELOPMENT P.C. Proposed: BUNGAROW AND SEPTIC TANK
PLANNING DEROLSES 22. EASTERN HEALTH BOARD  BANKENT P.C 20
PLA P.C Reg. Ref: 9/A   1802
DEVE Proposed: BUNGAROW AND SOPTIC TANK
TIME : It: GLASSAMUCKY, BOHERMABRONNA
For: HUGH MELLON
Plans lodged: 14. Nov. 1991
Architect:
Observations and recommandations
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Hakevine ( Order
Jakevine Jar John O' Ceilly 18110 11/3/92

for PRINCIPAL OFFICER

PLANNING DEPT

DEVELOPMENT CONTROL.

Time..... 11.00

Date 23.03.82

These proposals are unacceptable to this section

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10/1/92.

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FLANNING DEF WELOPMENT CONTROL SECT 0-1.....<u>92</u>. EASTERN HEALTH 4.30 BOARD Reg. Ref: 914 1802 Proposed: Bungarow 7 5 At: GRASS AMUCKY BOHERMAS REEMA For: HUGH MELLON Plans lodged: 4. Nov. 91. Architect: Observations and recommendations of Env. Health Officers and/or Supervising Env. Health Officer. There proposals are unacceptable to the action for the following reasons. 1. The area of the site is too small to accommodate a septic tank treatment system. 2. The Road frantage to The site is inadequate. 3. The siting of the septic tank and percolution area is not shown on the same plan as the site untown plan. 4. The septic tank and percelution area is uphill from the adjoining well water supply and may pose a pollution thread to the water supply. 5. The distance between the proposed septic tank and percelation area and the adjoining septic tank is insufficient. 6. The design of the septic tent and percolation area is not show to couply with SRG 1991 F. Copy of my report of 11/2/92 in relation to lived belos attached Percolation losts are required to be undestadou on this onto

fer John O Reilly Prinapole 640.

Reg. Ref: 9/A \ 1802 Proposed: BUNGALOW AND SPITE TANK \*At: GLASSAMUCKY, BOHERMEREVNA For: HUGH NELLON Plans lodged: 14. Nov. 1991 Observations and recommendations of Env. Health Officers and/or Supervising Env. Health Officer. Futter to a telephone call from the Peter M' Giller, muchited for the above applicant of inspected two trial alles on the above site on Feiday 6" March 1992. Bith truit keles were open to a depth of 5ft buildes and wine both day. Due to the maderate size of the site and the would be required to determine the substitute of the soil for the treatment and disposal of sophic lark effluent. g attack of pression report.

Register Reference: 91A/1802

Date: 19th November 1991

Development : Bungalow and septic tank

LOCATION : Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

Applicant : Hugh Mellon

App. Type : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

Planning Officer : M.O'SHEE

Date Recd. : 14th November 1991

Attached is a copy of the application for the above development .Your report would be appreciated within the next 28 days.

Yours faithfully,

There	arossuls are macceptable to this section	
for	proposees are unacceptable to this section	for PRINCIPAL OFFICER
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<i>بل</i> ع. ا	tuent + disposal of septic tank officer	piexcelulin uses not industrial
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6. 1	and frontage to the site is madequal	<u> </u>

Sta Derine
John O' Rullig

SUPER. ENVIRON. HEALTH OFFICER,

33 GARDINER PLACE,

DUBLIN 1. 10/1/92.

#### DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

#### PLANNING AND BUILDING CONTROL DEPARTMAENT

(D)

Senior Engineer, Sanitary Services Dept.

Register Reference: 91A/1802

Date: 15th November 1991

Development : Bungalow and septic tank

LOCATION : Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

Applicant : Hugh Mellon

App. Type : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

Planning Officer :

Date Recd. : 14th November	1991	PARTITION
Attached is a copy of the apprepart would be appreciated	plication for the above	b devo-1.00 property SERVICE
Date received in Sanitary Se	vice 5NOV.1991	-2 JAN1992
	SAN SERVICES	Returned G
FOUL SEWER Sette	Tank project	- refer to E.H.B.

SURFACE WATER

Soak hits proposed - refer to B. B. L. Dept.

J. Rice 18/12/1991

Ex hou

Register Reference : 91A/1802		Date: 15th November 1991
ENDORSED	DATE	
WATER SUPPLY. Available for	rzoned use.	24 hour storage
WATER SUPPLY. Available for to be provided.  7. J. S. 13/12/	par	101
13/12/	19(	1/4-17 MSEE
	/	1 12-1
ENDORSED PC (II)	DATE 19/12/24	- 

PLANNING DEPT.
DEVELOPMENT CONTROL
03.01.92
3.00
Time

# COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ATHA CLIATH

# Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

Bungalow and septic tank at Glassamucky, Bohernabreena for Hugh Mellon.

Peter McGillen, "Burgage", Blessington, Co. Wicklow. Reg. Ref.
Appl. Rec'd:
Floor Area:
Site Area:
Zoning:

91A-1802 14.11.1991 121 59 metros 0.27 acres

Report of the Dublin Planning Officer, dated 17 December 1991

This is an application for PERMISSION. The proposed development consists of a bungalow and septic tank at Glassamucky, Bohernabreena for Hugh Mellon, who is stated to have a freehold interest in the site.

### ZONING

The site is zoned 'G' in the 1983 County Development Plan with the objective "to protect and improve high amenity areas." The site is also located in the Glenasmole Valley which is specified as an area of scientific interest, the protection of which is included as a specific objective in the Development Plan. Finally the site is affected by a specific objective to preserve views and prospects.

### PLANNING HISTORY ....

Under Reg. Ref. TA 1216 permission was refused on appeal to An Bord Pleanala for the erection of a bungalow on this site (Ref. PL 6/5/54401 dated 11th January, 1982). The reason for refusal was:

"The site is in the Dublin Mountain zone in an area designated in the County Development Plan as one of high scenic amenity. It is the policy of the planning authority that any development in this area not directly related to its amenity potential or its use for agriculture, mountain of hill farming should be prohibited. This policy is considered reasonable and the proposed development would be in conflict with it and seriously injurious to the visual amenities of the area."

The applicant was Mr. Hugh Mellon whose address was given at 61, Kells Road, Crumlin.

Reg. Ref. TA 556 refers to an earlier application made by Mr. Hugh Mellon for a bungalow on the adjoining site to the north which was never determined by Dublin County Council on the grounds that a request for additional information was never complied with.

The site is part of a field that is presently in grass. Evergreen trees define after

# COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ATHA CLIATH

# Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

Reg.Ref: 91A/1802

Page No: 0002

Location: Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

the boundaries to the north and south while a wire fence and small stone wall form the eastern (i.e. roadside) and western boundaries respectively.

There are two single storey houses on the neighbouring sites to the north and south. The site slopes down away from the road and there are pleasant views of the Glenasmole Valley across the site.

Piperstown Road has been subject to much ribbon development white seriously affecting the visual amenities of this highly scenic part of the County aubica

The present proposal is to construct a two storey bungalow (121 sq. m. in area) gable end facing the road. The applicant who gives an address at Mount Pellier, Bohernabreena, states in a covering letter submitted as part of this application that he is a married man living with his wife and parents in the family home nearby. The site has been given to him by his father. It is stated that the applicant has an asthmatic problem and is anxious to live in the country case to his parents have.

The applicant has not furnished the Planning Authortiy with any medical evidence of his asthmatic problem.

I note that in a covering letter submitted as part of the earlier application lodged under Reg. Ref. TA 1216, the case made at that time was that the applicants wifes family had lived in this area for two generations, and the site was located on part of her grandfathers farm.

The Roads report 3rd December, 1991, states that the Roads Department are opposed to further ribbon development on this substandard road. It also notes that adequate vision splays are not available from the proposed entrance. It recommends that if a decision to grant permission is being considered that additional information should be requested asking the applicant to show the extent of his land holding in the area, and demonstrating that safe access can be provided for.

Dublin Corporation (Waterworks Section) has reported that the site lies outside the catchment of the Bohernabreena Reservoir and that it has no objection to the proposed development (report dated 3rd December, 1991).

There is not report available from the Sanitary Services Department or the Supervising Environmental Health Officer. The Contest of white an objection to the prop. Access prosect have been noted. > Paragraph 2.26.4 of the Development Plan states the Council policy with regard to development in high amenity areas.

The applicant has not demonstrated that his need for a house in this area conforms with the stated policy of Dublin County Council.

# COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ÁTHA CLIATH

# Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

Reg.Ref: 91A/1802

Page No: 0003

Location: Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

The proposed development, therefore, is considered unacceptable on the grounds that it would contravene materially the development plan. The proposed development which would interfere with views across the site would seriously induce the wisual amonities of the area.

injure the visual amenities of the area.

(Lighton to Motion

I recommend that a decision to REFUSE PERMISSION be made under the Local

Government (Planning and Development) Acts, 1963-1990 for the following (S)

reasons:-

### REASONS FOR REFUSAL

01 The site is zoned '\* in the 1983 County Development Plan with the objective "to protect and/or improve high amenity areas."

Paragraph 2.26.4 of the Written Statement of the Development Plan states the Council's policy with regard to development in high amenity areas. It states, inter alia, that "... the plan designates areas of high amenity and it is the policy of the Council that any development not related directly to the areas amenity potential or its use for agriculture, mountain or hill farming shall be prohibited. Applicants who are natives of the area who have shown a genuine need for housing in the area may be considered subject to the development being of such a character that in the opinion of the Planning Authority it does not obtrude on the amenity of the area..."

The applicant has not demonstrated a genuine need for housing in this area. The proposed development would contravene materially a development objective indicated in the Development Plan for the use primarily of this area for agricultural purposes.

02 The site is affected by a specific objective contained in the 1983 county Development Plan "to protect and preserve views and prospects."

The proposed development would interfere with views across the site of Glenasmole Valley and would seriously injure the visual amenities of the area. With one of applied orwhity while out which are Manually

to propose.

# COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ATHA CLIATH

# Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

Reg. Ref. : 91A-1802

Page No.:

0004

Location:

Glassamucky, Bohernabreena.

- 03 The proposed development which provides for inadequate access arrangements would constitute further undesirable ribbon development on a substandard road network. proposed development would be contrary to the proper planning and development of the area.
- 04 The advertisement submitted as part of this application does not adequately describe the proposed development. The proposed house type is a dormer bungalow and advertisement should have stated this.
- The applicant has not demonstrated the suitability of the 05 site for septic tank development, to the satisfaction of the Supervising Environmental Health Office. The site is very restricted in size and is in close proximity to adjoining houses with septic tanks and percolation areas. The proposed development consequently would be likely to result in a public health hazard. Le proposed to public health

Endorsed

For Dublin Planning Officer

Order:-

Pursuant to Section 26(1) to the Local Government (Planning and Development) Acts, 1963-1990 a decision to REFUSE PERMISSION for the above proposal is hereby made by the Council for the (5) reasons set out above and PERMISSION is REFUSED accordingly.

Dated:

204 December, 1991.

to whom the appropriate powers have been, delegated by Order of the Dublin City and County Manager, dated 10 H Localith

marprie O'Shea.

# Dublin Corporation Bárdas Átha Cliath

\_\_\_\_

**ENGINEERING SERVICES** 

WATERWORKS, 68/70 MARROWBONE LANE, DUBLIN 8.

> TELEPHONE 543444 FAX 534849

Our re	ef:	WG/FB/FW	3	 	 	 
File:	FE	311913.		_		

3rd December, 1991.

Mr. Paul Tobin,
Dublin Co. Council,
Planning Department,
Block 2, Irish Life Centre,
Lower Abbey Street.
Dublin 1.

Re: Planning Application 91A/1802, Glasamucky, Bohernabreena.

Dear Sir,

The proposed site lies outside the catchment of the Bohernabreena Reservoir and as such Dublin Corporation have no objection.

Yours faithfully,

MAURICE O'CONNELL. DIVISIONAL ENGINEER. PLANNING DEPT.

DEVELOPMENT CONTROL SECT

Date 04 12 91



### DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

DRC	DEF	٠

91A/1802.

**DEVELOPMENT:** 

House.

LOCATION:

Glassamucky, Bohernabreena.

APPLICANT:

Hugh Mellon.

DATE LODGED:

14.11.91.

An application was previously received for a similar development on Reg. Ref: TA/1216. As stated on the previous Roads Report the Roads Department are opposed to further ribbon development on this substandard road, although An Bord Pleanala have refused a number of permission in the vicinity without reference to traffic hazard. On the previous occasion the applicant was requested for additional information as to his land holding in the area.

If permission is being considered the applicant should be requested for additional information as follows:-

Applicant to submit full details of the extent of his land 1. ownership in the area illustrated on a map. In the event of the applicant owning land immediately adjacent to the site with frontage onto the road the applicant is to show what works he is willing to undertake on these lands as part of his application in order to provide safe access 

GC/BMcC 28.11.91.

ENDORSED:

### Dublin County Council Comhairle Chontae Atha Cliath Planning Department



Bloc 2, lonad Bheatha na hEireann, Bloc 2, Irish Life Centre, Sraid na Mainistreach lacht, Lower Abbey Street. Baile Atha Cliath 1. Dublin 1. Telephone (01) 724755 Fax (01) 724896

NOTIFICATION OF DECISION TO REFUSE PERMISSION LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT) ACTS 1963-1990.

Decision Order Number: P/ 5815 /91 Date of Decision: 20th December 1991

Register Reference: 91A/1802 Date Received: 14th November 1991

Applicant : Hugh Mellon

Development : Bungalow and septic tank

Location : Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

Floor Area : Sq.Metres

Time Extension(s) up to and including:

Additional Information Requested/Received: //

In pursuance of its functions under the above mentioned Acts, the Dublin County Council, being the Planning Authority for the County Health District of Dublin, did by Order dated as above make a decision to REFUSE PERMISSION in respect of the above proposal.

For the Reasons set out on the attached Numbered Pages.

NUMBER OF REASONS:- .....ATTACHED.

Signed on behalf of the Dublin County Council....

Date: Zer/12/9/....

Peter McGillen, "Burgage", Blessington, Co. Wicklow.

# Dublin County Council Comhairle Chontae Atha Cliath

**Planning Department** 

Reg.Ref. 91A/1802 Decision Order No. P/ 5815 /91 Page No: 0002



Bloc 2, Ionad Bheatha na hEireann, Bloc 2, Irish Life Centre, Sraid na Mainistreach Iacht, Lower Abbey Street. Baile Atha Clíath 1. Dublin 1. Telephone (01) 724755 Fax (01) 724896

### REASONS FOR REFUSAL

01 The site is zoned 'G' in the 1983 County Development Plan with the objective "to protect and/or improve high amenity areas."

Paragraph 2.26.4 of the Written Statement of the Development Plan states the Council's policy with regard to development in high amenity areas. It states, inter alia, that "... the plan designates areas of high amenity and it is the policy of the Council that any development not related directly to the areas amenity potential or its use for agriculture, mountain or hill farming shall be prohibited. Applicants who are natives of the area who have shown a genuine need for housing in the area may be considered subject to the development being of such a character that in the opinion of the Planning Authority it does not obtrude on the amenity of the area..."

The applicant has not demonstrated a genuine need for housing in this area. The proposed development would contravene materially a development objective indicated in the Development Plan for the use primarily of this area for agricultural purposes.

- O2 The site is affected by a specific objective contained in the 1983 County Development Plan "to protect and preserve views and prospects." The proposed development would interfere with views across the site of Glenasmole Valley which are of special amenity value and which are necessary to preserve.
- 03 The proposed development which provides for inadequate access arrangements would constitute further undesirable ribbon development on a substandard road network. The proposed development would be contrary to the proper planning and development of the area.
- 04 The advertisement submitted as part of this application does not adequately describe the proposed development. The proposed house type is a dormer bungalow and the advertisement should have stated this.
- 05 The applicant has not demonstrated the suitability of the site for septic tank development, to the satisfaction of the supervising

### Dublin County Council Comhairle Chontae Atha Cliath Planning Department



Bloc 2, Ionad Bheatha na hEireann, Bloc 2, Irish Life Centre, Sraid na Mainistreach lacht, Lower Abbey Street. Baile Atha Cliath 1. Dublin 1. Telephone (01) 724755 Fax (01) 724896

Reg.Ref. 91A/1802 Decision Order No. P/ 5815 /91

Page No: 0003

Environmental Health Office. The site is very restricted in size and is in close proximity to adjoining houses with septic tanks and percolation areas. The proposed development consequently would be prejudicial to public health.

## **Dublin County Council** Comhairle Chontae Atha Cliath

### **Planning Department**

Block 2, Irish Life Centre, Sraid na Mainistreach lacht, Lower Abbey Street,

Bloc 2, Ionad Bheatha na hEireann,



Building Control Department, Liffey House, Tara Street, Dublin 1. Telephone:773066

Dublin 1. Telephone. (01)724755 Fax. (01)724896

Baile Atha Cliath 1.

Register Reference: 91A/1802

Date: 15th November 1991

Our Ref.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT) ACTION # #8.63 TO 1990

Date

Dear Sir/Madam,

DEVELOPMENT : Bungalow and septic tank

LOCATION : Glassamucky, Bohernabreena

APPLICANT : Hugh Mellon

APP. TYPE : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

With reference to the above, I acknowledge receipt of your application received on 14th November 1991.

Yours faithfully,

for PRINCIPAL OFFICER

Peter McGillen, "Burgage", Blessington, Co. Wicklow.

# Dublin County Council Comairle Chontae Atha Cliath



Planning Application Form/ Bye - Law Application Form

pepication for Permission   Quitine Permission   Approacil Frage / In appropriate box, proposal should be sought only where an outline permission was previously granted. Outline permission may not be sought for the territion of structures or continuances of uses.  Personal sources of site or building   Approach   Appr	FEEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS AT BACK BEFORE COMPLETING FORM. ALL QUE	STIONS MUST BE ANSWERED
influence to identify)	1. Application for Permission Outline Permission Approval Place / in appropriate box	
ame and address of	NI DONE GIVE DESCRICTION	
ame and address of Proposal proposal proposal of drawings Proposal Office Proposal Office Proposal Office Proposal	Name of applicant (Principal not Agent) HUGH MEHON	***************************************
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ount Received £ 25-1 2. 22. 4 RECEIVED	Application Type	
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REG SEC.	Date	REG SEC.

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT) REGULATIONS 1977 to 1984.

Outline of requirements for applications for permission or Approval under the Local Government (Planning & Development 1963 to 1983. The Planning Acts and Regulations made thereunder may be purchased from the Government Publications Sales Office, Sun Alliance House, Molesworth Street, Dublin 2. 

- Name and Address of applicant.
- Particulars of the interest held in the land or structure, i.e. whether freehold, leasehold, etc.
- The page of a newspaper, circulating in the area in which the land or structure is situate, containing the required statutory notice. The newspaper advertisement should state after the heading Co. Dublin.
  - The address of the structure or the location of the land.
  - The nature and extent of the development proposed. If retention of development is involved, the notice should be worded (b) accordingly. Any demolition of habitable accommodation should be indicated.
  - The name of the applicant. (c)
  - NB. Applications must be received within 2 weeks from date of publication of the notice.
- Four (4) sets of drawings to a stated scale must be submitted. Each set to include a layout or block plan, proposed and existing services to be shown on this drawing, location map, and drawings of relevant floor plans, elevations, sections, details of type and location of septic tank (if applicable) and such other particulars as are necessary to identify the land and to describe the works or structure to which the application relates (new work to be coloured or otherwise distinguished from any retained structures). Buildings, roads, boundaries and other features bounding the structure or other land to which the application relates shall be shown on site plans or layout plans. The location map should be of scale not less than 1: 2500 and should indicate the north point. The site of the proposed development must be outlined in red. Plans and drawings should indicate the name and address of the person by whom they were prepared. Any adjoining lands in which the applicant has an interest must be outlined in blue.
- In the case of a proposed change of use of any structure or land, requirements in addition to 1, 2, & 3 are:
  - (a) a statement of the existing use and the proposed use, or, where appropriate, the former use and the use proposed.
  - (b) (i) Four (4) sets of the drawings to a stated scale must be submitted. Each set to consist of a plan or location map (marked or coloured in red so as to identify the structure or land to which the application relates) to a scale of not less than 1:2500 and to indicate the North point. Any adjoining lands in which the application has an interest must be outlined in blue.
    - (ii) A layout and a survey plan of each floor of any structure to which the application relates.
  - Plans and drawings should indicate the name and address of the person by whom they were prepared.
- Applications should be addressed to: Dublin County Council, Planning Department, Irish Life Centre, Lr. Abbey Street, Dublin 1, Tel. 724755.

SEPTIC TANK DRAINAGE: Where drainage by means of a septic tank is proposed, before a planning application is considered, the applicant may be required to arrange for a trial hole to be inspected and declared suitable for the satisfactory percolation of septic tank effluent. The trial hole to be dug seven feet deep at or about the site of the septic tank. Septic tanks are to be in accordance with I.I.R.S. S.R. 6:75.

#### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:

The proposed use of an industrial premises should, where possible, be stated together with the estimated number of employees, (male and female). Details of trade effluents, if any, should be submitted.

Applicants to comply in full with the requirements of the Local Government (Water Pollution) Act,1977 in particular the licencing provisions of Sections 4 and 16.

PLANNING APPLICATIONS				BUILDING BYE-LAW APPL	<u>ICATIONS</u>
CLASS NO. 1.	DESCRIPTION Provision of dwelling — House/Flat.	FEE £32.00 each	CLASS NO. A	DESCRIPTION  Dwelling (House/Flat)	FEE £55.00 each
2. 3.	Domestic extensions/other improvements.  Provision of agricultural buildings (See Regs.)	£16.00 £40.00 minimum	В	Dömestic Extension (improvement/alteration)	£30.00 each
3. 4.	Other buildings (i.e. offices, commercial, etc.)	£1.75 per sq. metre (Min, £40,00)	C T	Building — Office/ Commercial Purposes	£3.50 per m <sup>2</sup> (min. £70.00)
5.	Use of land (Mining, deposit or waste)	£25,00 per 0.1 ha (Min £250,00)	D	Agricultural Buildings/Structures	£1.00 per m <sup>2</sup> in excess of
6.	Use of land (Camping, parking, storage)	£25.00 per 0.1 ha (Min, £40.00)		-	300 sq. metres (min £70.00)
7.	Provision of plant/machinery/tank or other structure for storage purposes.	£25.00 per 0.1 ha (Min. £100.00)	E	Petrol Filling Station	(Max £300.00) £200.00
8.	Petrol Filling Station.	£100.00	F	Development or	£9.00 per 0.1 ha
9.,	Advertising Structures.	£10.00 per m² (min £40.00)		Proposals not coming within any of the	(£70.00 min.)
10.	Electricity transmission lines.	£25.00 per 1,000m (Min. £40.00)		foregoing classes.	Min. Fee £30.00
11.	Any other development.	£5.00 per 0.1 ha (Min. £40.00)			Max. Fee £20,000

Cheques etc. should be made payable to: Dublin County Council.

Gross Floor space is to be taken as the total floor space on each floor measured from the inside of the external walls. For full details of Fees and Exemptions see Local Government (Planning and Development) (Fees) Regulations 1984.

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### PETER McGILLEN B.Sc. Dip Arch. M.R.I.A.I.

ARCHITECT & DESIGN CONSULTANT

"Burgage", Blessington, Co. Wicklow. Telephone: 045-65706

Date: 7 - 11 - 1991.

Your Ref.

Our Ref:

The Secretary,
Dublin County Council,
Planning Department,
Irish Life Centre,
Abbey Steet,
Dublin 1.

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
Planning Dept. Registry Section
APPLICATION RECEIVED

14 NOV 1991

REG No. 91A/1802

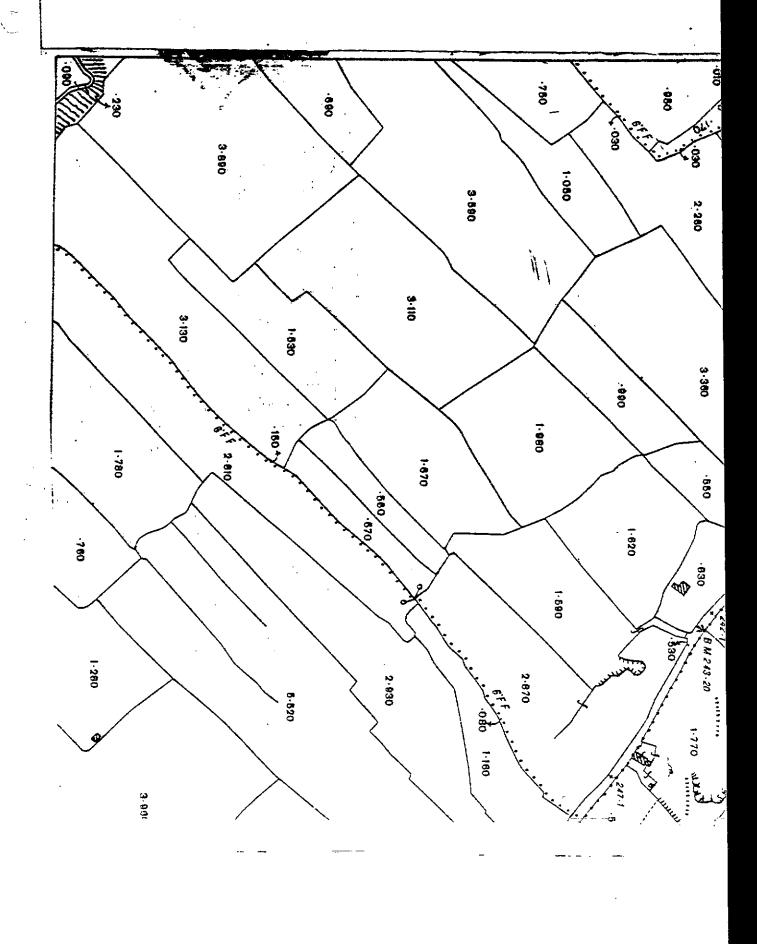
Dear Sir,

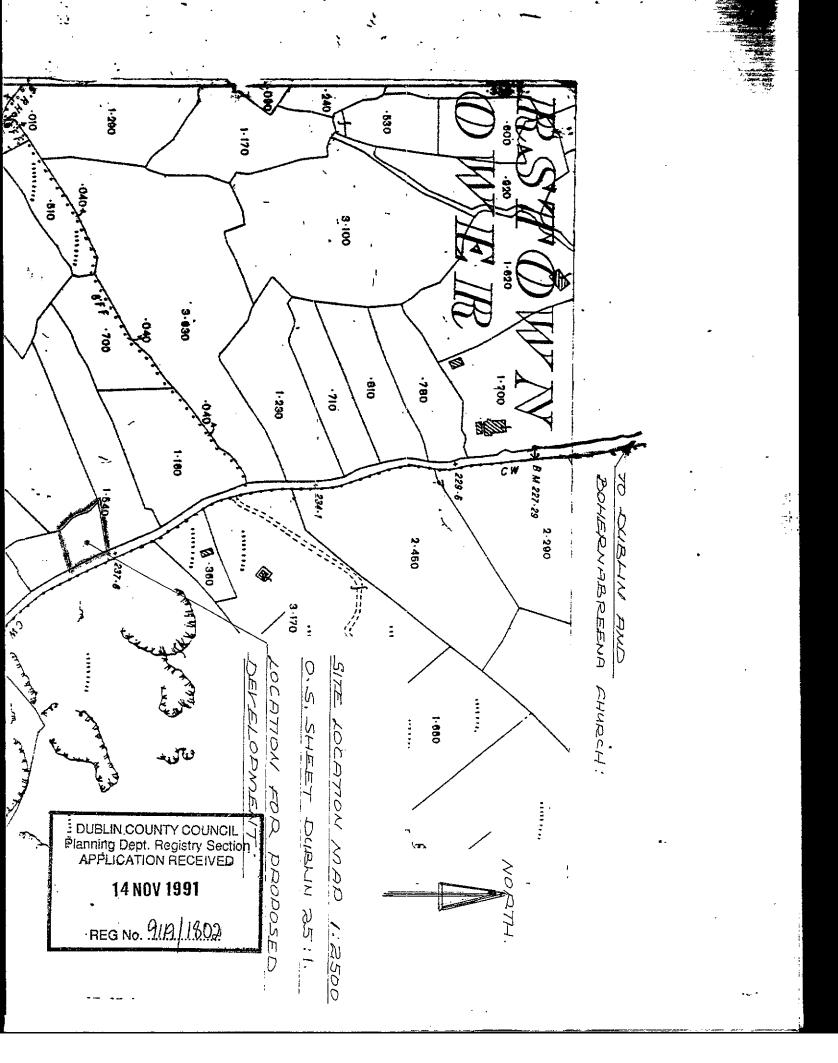
Enclosed please find completed application form for proposed development at Glassamucky, Bohernabreena, Co. Dublin, for Hugh Mellon, Esq.

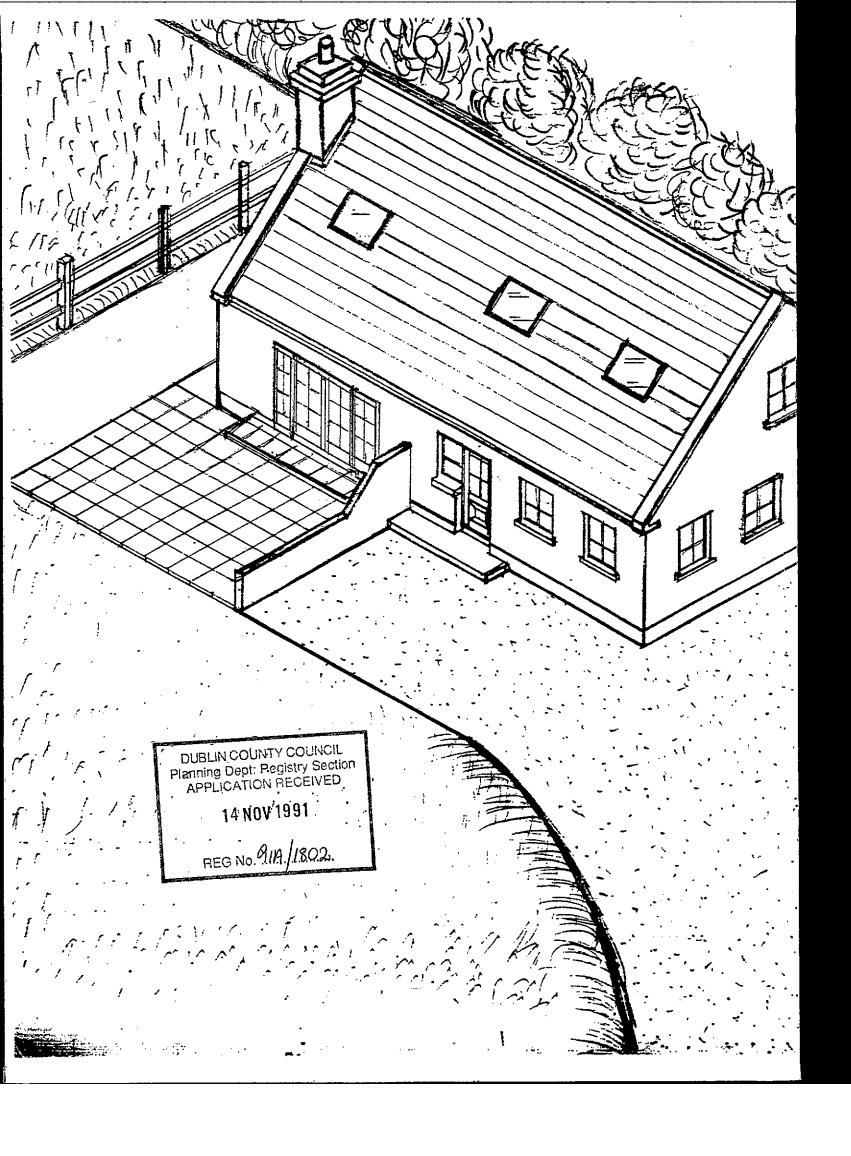
The applicant who is a married man lives with his wife and parents in the family home which is about a quarter of a mile away from the site. He was given the ground from his father for the purpose of building a private home for his wife and himself. He has a medical record regard an asmathic problem and for this reason he is very anxious to live in the country close to his parents home.

Yours Sincerely,

Peter Mc Gil Ven, BSc. Dip Arch, M.R.I.A.I.



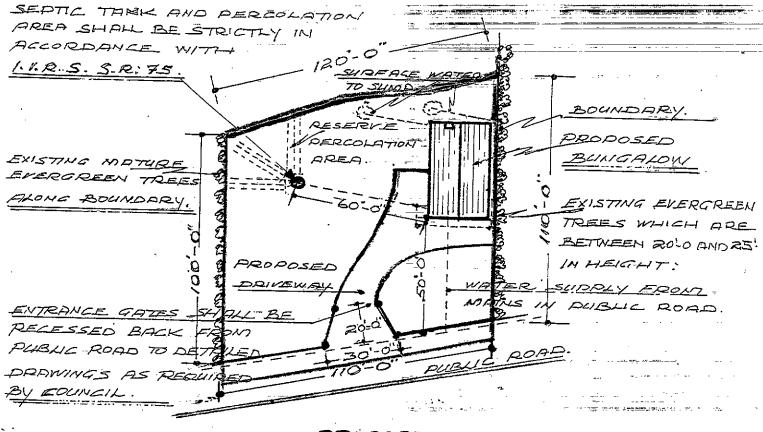




PICTORAL VIEW OF PROPOSED BUNGALOW. FOR HUGH MELLON ESQ. DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
Planning Dept. Registry Section
APPLICATION RECEIVED

14 NOV 1991

REG No. 914/18021



PROPOSED SITE LAY-OUT AT CLASSA MUCKY-BOHERNABREENA-DUBLIN 24-FOR HUGH MEHON ESQ. SCALE I"-40'O" - PREPARED BY D. WILGHE

# OUTLINE SPECIFICATION

BUNGALOW FOR HUGH MELLON, MOUNT PELIER, BOHERNABREENA. DUBLIN 24:

> DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL Planning Dept. Registry Section APPLICATION RECEIVED

> > 14 NOV 1991

REG No. 914/1802

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# **ADDENDUM**

This sentence should follow paragraph 3.1 on page 11:-

"Structural Timber for Domestic Construction must comply with the standard set out in SR 11: 1988"

### INTRODUCTION

This is an outline specification for the guidance of persons erecting a dwelling house, describing minimum requirements, and is not compiled for use as a contract document. Where a development contains more than one house a fully detailed specification may be required.

The work throughout shall be executed in a proper and workmanlike manner using the best available materials of their kind, and, as far as possible, manufactured or produced within the E.E.C. All materials and workmanship necessary for the proper completion of the work, or required by good building practice, are to be taken as being specified.

Where it is intended to use methods of construction or materials not described in this specification full details shall be submitted to the Department of the Environment.

The works shall also comply with:-

- (a) Relevant Irish Standard Specification (I.S.) or British Standard Specification where there is no Irish equivalent, or Provisional Specifications as above.
- (b) National Building Regulations (if any).
- (c) Local Authority Bye Laws, regulations or requirements.
- (d) The regulations and requirements of Public Utilities (e.g. E.S.B., Posts and Telegraphs, Gas undertakings).
- (e) Accepted Codes of Practice.
- (f) Requirements of the Department of the Environment.

#### Section 1 EXCAVATIONS AND SUB-STRUCTURES

1	1	Site

The site shall be adequately drained and have no features likely to render the house unstable or uninhabitable.

#### 1.2 Preparing Site

Clear and grade site for new building and remove or <u>divert existing</u> drains as required. The entire site of buildings and paved areas shall be cleared of all vegetable soil to a depth of at least 150 mm. Where the bearing quality of the ground is suspect special care shall be taken in the design of the foundations.

#### 1.3 Excavation

- 1.3.1 The trenches shall be excavated to the depths and widths required to accommodate foundations or to such further depths or widths as may be necessary to ensure the stability of the structure. Trench bottoms and foundations shall be levelled off in horizontal benches. The bottom of trenches shall be not less than 450 mm below the finished ground level and kept clear of water before concreting.
- 1.3.2 Where other excavations close to or under the foundations are unavoidable care shall be taken to ensure the stability of the structure.

#### 1.4 Foundations

Shall be concrete mix A, to widths and depths indicated and reinforced as necessary. Where foundations are stepped they shall over lap at least 600 mm.

#### 1.5 Floor Level

The height of the finished floor over the highest point of the finished ground level shall be not less than 350 mm in the case of joisted floors and not less than 175 mm in the case of concrete floors. See also 2.24.

#### 1.6 Rising Walls

Rising walls shall be of solid blockwork bedded in cement mortar, or of mass concrete, mix A to widths and heights indicated. See also 2.4.

#### 1.7 Cement and cement-based products

Normal Portland cement used in concrete and other cement based products shall be certified by the Institute for Industrial Research and Standards under the Irish Standard Mark Licensing Scheme as complying with I.S.I.: 1963 "Portland cement", and shall bear the Irish Standard Mark.

#### 1.8 Lime

Hydrated lime to be to I.S.8.

#### 1.9 Water

Water shall be clean and free from harmful impurities.

#### 1.10 Sand and Aggregates

Fine aggregates shall be clean, sharp pit or river sand free from all impurities and in accordance with I.S. 5. Coarse aggregates shall be suitably graded hard clean pit gravel or crushed stone in accordance with I.S. 5 and to sizes set out below.

#### 1.11 Concrete Mixes

Concretes	Aggregates	Nominal Mix			28 day	
Míx	Maximum Síze	Cement	Fine Aggregate	Graded Coarse Aggregate	Strength (Newtons) Per mm <sup>2</sup>	
A	40 mm	1	3	6	14	
В	20 mm	1	2	4	21	
С	14 mm	1	3	6		

The water-cement ratio shall be kept to the minimum needed to ensure reasonable workability, but should not exceed 35 litres per 50 Kg of cement.

1.12 Cement Mortar

Shall be 1 part cement to 3 parts sand.

1.13 Lime Mortar

Shall be 1 part hydrated lime to 6 parts sand.

1.14 Gauged Mortar

Shall be 10 parts lime mortar mixed with 1 part cement just before use.

1.15 Strong Gauged Mortar

Shall be 5 parts lime mortar mixed with 1 part cement immediately before use.

1.16 Additives

Plasticisers, waterproofers, sealers and bonding agents if used, shall be used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

## Section 2 BLOCKLAYING AND CONCRETING

2.1 Thermal Insulation

Attention is drawn to the need to insulate walls, floors and roofs to meet the requirements set out in Section 14.

2.2 Mixes

See Section 1 for concrete and mortar.

2.3 Blockwork

Concrete blocks shall be in accordance with I.S. 20 and bricks, if clay, in accordance with I.S. 91. All blockwork and brickwork shall be properly coursed and bonded and bedded in gauged mortar. All walls shall be carried up regularly not leaving any part 1 m lower than another.

2.4 Cavity Walls

Walls shall be formed of two solid 112 mm leaves of blocks or bricks with 50 mm cavity between. Outer and inner leaves to be tied together by accepted wall ties, not less than four per square metre with extra ties at opes. Care to be taken that mortar dropping into the cavity or lying on ties, is cleaned out, through openings left for the purpose, head of cavities to be closed in the solid. All window, door and other opes in cavities to be sealed and so arranged as to prevent the passage of moisture. The cavity is to extend at least 150 mm below the level of the D.P.C. and shall provide for drainage of moisture to the outside, at the base.

2.5 Hollow Block Walls

225 mm hollow blocks shall be plastered externally. Bedding mortar shall be confined to abutting surfaces, and shall not enter the cavities of the block.

2.6 Solid Block Walls

225 mm solid concrete blocks shall be plastered externally.

2.7 Solid Brick Walls

Solid brick walls shall be 337 mm thick, and weather-pointed.

2.8 Masonry Walls

Masonry walling, where used, must not be less than 500 mm thick.

2.9.1 Facings

Where stone or other decorative external facing is used, care must be taken to ensure adequate structural stability, thermal insulation and absence of damp penetration.

2.9.2 Opes in External Walls

Where any duct, pipe, etc., is required to penetrate through an external wall it shall be so arranged as to prevent the passage of moisture inwards.

2.10 Pointing

All wall faces finished without plastering shall be pointed in the building mortar as the work proceeds, or the joints may be taken out 20 mm deep and pointed in cement mortar.

1.11 Party Walls

All party walls shall be 225 mm solid blockwork of density not less than 1,500 kg/m³, plastered both sides and carried up in the solid to the plane of the upper surface of the rafters. See also 5.7.

#### 2.12 Solid Partition

Solid partitions shall be 112 mm thick brick or block work, laid to break joint, in gauged mortar, bonded 112 mm at junctions.

#### 2.13 D.P.C.

The damp-proof courses shall be polythene in accordance with B.S. 743 or bitumen sheeting on hessian or canvas base in accordance with I.S. 57 laid to prevent the passage of moisture and lapped adequately at joints, all as described below.

- 2.13.1 In all ground floor walls and breasts to full width and stepped as necessary, in cavity walls in both outer and inner leaves separately, and shall be laid not less than 150 mm over finished ground level or paved area or highest ground within one metre of house.
- **2.13.2** At sides of opes in cavity walls and over all opes 250 mm longer than opes and stepped down and outward all to prevent passage of moisture from outer to inner leaf.
- 2.13.3 Under the turned up at ends and back of all cills and external room ventilation grids and recessed edges of all concrete roof slabs.
- 2.13.4 In all chimney stacks immediately above the level of the flashing and under all cappings and copings.
- 2.13.5 Under lowest ground floor timbers and not lower than wall D.P.C.
- **2.13.6** Where the waterproofing membrane in a concrete floor is not level with the wall D.P.C. care shall be taken to ensure continuity of damp proofing by stepping, turning up and lapping as necessary.

#### 2.14 Concrete Under Barges

Concrete barges, if used, shall be under slates or tiles, full width of walls and at least 75 mm thick and projecting 100 mm beyond the face of the wall, throated on the underside, suitably reinforced and tied back as necessary. See also 5.7.

2.15 Concrete Copings

Concrete copings in lengths of not more than 1 metre, shall be weathered and throated, bedded in gauged mortar on D.P.C. and pointed in cement mortar.

#### 2.16 Lintels

Concrete lintels mix B cast in situ shall be 225 mm deep with 225 mm bearing at each side of the ope, and shall be reinforced for full length with one 10 mm mild steel for every foot of span. Bars are to be placed 25 mm from bottom of lintel. Lintels for opes greater than 2.5 m shall be specially designed, precast concrete lintels to be as above and in addition to have 2 No. 10 mm mild steel bars at the top with 25 mm cover and to be clearly marked for correct placing. Accepted patent or proprietary lintels to B.S. 1239 to be used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### 2,17 Window Cills

Concrete window cills shall be to I.S. 89, 65 mm thick on front face, 120 mm thick at back, and 225 mm wider than ope; reinforced adequately, seated, rebated, weathered and throated and set in gauged mortar on D.P.C. as previously specified. Care to be taken that the throating is clear of the finished wall face.

#### 2.18 Reinforced Concrete Annexe Roofs

2.18.1 Concrete roofs, mix B shall be 40 mm thick for each metre of span, with minimum thickness of 100 mm, fine screeded and laid to falls. Where roof is recessed into a wall, form 150 mm upstand on D.P.C. properly flashed over. The roof shall be projected 150 mm and throated at verges, with a raised fillet as necessary to prevent overspill of surface water.

Insulate underside of roof. Waterproofing additives or sealants, if used, shall be applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- 2.18.2 Concrete roofs shall be reinforced adequately. For example, an area 5 m x 3 m should have 12 mm mild steel bars at 150 mm centres across the short span and 6 mm bars at 300 mm centres on the 5 m span. Steel to be placed 25 mm above underside of slab and carried over bearing walls to within 25 mm of edge of slab. Reinforcing bars should not normally be lapped, but where unavoidable, the lap shall be not less than 500 mm.
- 2.18.3 Proprietary steel reinforcing mesh may also be used, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### 2.19 Chimney Breasts and Stacks

- 2.19.1 Chimney breasts shall be built of solid concrete blocks or decorative blocks or bricks or stone, all to a thickness of not less than 112 mm bedded in gauged mortar with splayed R.C. lintel over fire ope. Each fireplace recess shall have 200 mm solid incombustible material to sides and back excluding any fireback, carried up to full height of recess. Each fireplace shall have an independent flue, separated by not less than 100 mm of solid incombustible material (excluding the thickness of any flue liner) from any other flue. Each flue shall be lined with fireclay liners to I.S. 51 not less than 200 mm internal diameter, backed with weak mortar and carried 150 mm above capping. Splayed liners shall be used in forming bends to flues. Chimney stacks over roof shall be built of 112 mm solid concrete blocks bedded in gauged mortar and plastered or, where special precautions are taken, of decorative blocks, bricks or natural stone. Due to the exceptional exposure of stacks the use of decorative blocks, bricks or natural stone in stacks may cause dampness. Special care in construction and in the design and placing of the D.P.C. is necessary.
- 2.19.2 Capping to stack shall be of reinforced concrete, mix C, weathered and throated, not less than 75 mm thick at edge and flaunched up around pots. Top of stack, excluding chimney pots, to be 600 mm over ridge where stack is within 600 mm of the ridge.
- 2.19.3 Care should be taken that construction and height of stack is such as to ensure adequate structural stability and satisfactory drawing of smoke.

#### 2.20 Fireplaces, Heating Units, Cookers

Fireplaces to have a fireclay back and incombustible surround and to be properly gathered into flue. Enclosed cookers and heating units to be fitted to manufacturer's instructions, with incombustible flue, ventilated as necessary and shall stand on a concrete hearth projecting 150 mm from face of appliance all round.

#### 2.21 Hearths

First floor hearths shall be 125 mm thick reinforced concrete, mix B, finished fine carried on suitable formwork on 44 mm x 22 mm battens spiked to floor joiosts.

Ground floor hearths shall be 125 mm, finished fine, on hardcore as necessary.

All hearths to be 150 mm wider than fire ope on each side and to project 500 mm from face of breast.

#### 2.22 Paved Yard

Provide 10 m<sup>2</sup> of impervious paved area laid to falls on suitably prepared base and adjacent to back door e.g. 100 mm concrete, 50 mm tarmacadam or 50 mm paving slabs.

#### 2.23 Concrete Floors

All concrete ground floors shall be laid on a bed of clean hardcore not less than 150 mm thick and well consolidated. Soft material shall not be used in making up level under floors. Concrete ground floor shall be 150 mm thick mix B finished fine, laid on a continuous damp proof membrane on a layer of fine sand and turned up at edges of slab as necessary to meet and seal with wall D.P.C. Polythene sheeting where use shall be not less than 1000 gauge.

#### 2.24 Sub Floors

Concrete sub-floors to joisted timber floors shall be laid on 100 mm of hardcore as described in 2.23. Concrete shall be mix A, 100 mm thick, and finished to a level not lower than the highest adjoining around.

2.25	Dwarf Walls
	Dwarf walls 112 mm thick concrete block or brick, honeycombed for through ventilat

tiön shall be built on sub-floors, at centres not greater than 2 metres.

#### **Suspended Concrete Floors** 2.26

Where concrete suspended floors or stair landings or balconies are used, they should be finished fine and capable of carrying a superimposed load of 1.44 KN/m². Exposed soffits shall be insulated where necessary.

#### Screen and Garden Walls 2 27

Screen or garden walls shall not abut main walls of house.

#### Section 3 CARPENTRY AND JOINERY

#### 3.1

Timber shall be sound, free from disease and infestation and large loose knots or waney edges, with a moisture content within the limits set out in I.S. 96. Timber for carpentry to be white deal. Timber for joinery to be red deal, hard wood or other timber suitable for the purpose and free from all defects.

#### 3.2 **Preservative**

Soft wood used externally, to be pressure impregnated with coloured preservative. Softwoods in contact with concrete to be treated with coloured preservative. Frames, barge-boards, fascias to be primed before fixing.

#### **Roof Timbers** 3.3

- Wall plates 75 mm x 100 mm fully treated with preservative, halved and spiked at headings and 3.3.1 angles, set level and bolted down at 1 m intervals.
- Rafters 35 mm x 115 mm minimum at 400 mm centres, treated at feet with preservative, and cut to 3.3.2 angles, checked and twice spiked to wall plates, properly aligned to back and spiked to ridge and purlin.
- Trimming rafters 44 mm thick around roof light and dormer opes and around chimney shafts and 3.3.3 50 mm clear of shaft.
- Hip and valley rafters 44 mm x 225 mm treated at feet with preservative and fixed as for rafters 3.3.4 above.
- Valley and gutter boards 22 mm x 225 mm wrot, to take gutter, treated with preservative and 3.3.5 secured to rafters.\_\_
- Ridge board 32 mm x 175 mm set level, kept 50 mm clear of chimney shaft. 3.3.6
- Purlins 75 mm x 175 mm adequately supported at intervals of approximately 2 m. Joints, where 3.3.7 necessary, shall be half lapped over a support.
- Struts 75 mm x 100 mm properly supporting purlins from solid bearing, or from spreaders not more 3.3.8 than 500 mm from load bearing partitions. Where such bearing support cannot be provided, suitably trussed rafters or purlins shall be used to ensure stability.
- Spreaders and thrust pieces 44 mm x 115 mm under struts, spiked to ceiling joists to distribute load. 3.3.9
- Collar ties 35 mm x 115 mm to every rafter. Where purlins are provided, fix collars to every fourth 3.3.10 rafter. All collars to be twice spiked to rafters.
- 3.3.11 Hangers and runners 35 mm x 75 mm where necessary to support ceiling joists.

3.3.12 Soffit bearers 35 mm x 75 mm to every rafter, treated with preservative. 3.3.13 Soffit at least 200 mm wide 16 mm wrot softwood, pressure impregnated or other material suitable for external use and secured to bearers. 3.3.14 Fascia 32 mm x 175 mm wrot deal, well secured to roof timbers and pressure treated. 3.3.15 Ceiling joists 35 mm x 115 mm at 400 centres, cut to angles and twice spiked to rafters. Where not in one length, form 500 mm securely spiked lap over partition walls. 3.4 Roof Trusses Roof trusses to I.S. 193 (P), adequately braced diagonally, may be used at centres not greater than 600 mm. See also 5.2. 3.5 Floor Joists First floor joists 35 mm x 175 mm at 350 mm centres for spans up to 3 m, 35 mm x 225 mm at 350 3.5.1 mm centres for spans up to 5 m. All to have one row 35 mm x 44 mm herring-bone bridging or 35 mm x depth of joist solid bridging. Joist to be doubled where carrying partition. Trimmers and trimming joists 75 mm thick x depth of joist to opes and chimney breasts and kept 3.5.2 50 mm clear of breasts. Trimming and trimmed joists to be supported by approved fittings or to be checked on to battens spiked to supporting joist. Ground floor joists 35 mm x 115 mm at 350 mm centres, to be spiked to wall plates (tassels). 3.5.3 Trimming timbers to be 44 mm thick x depth of joist. Ground floor tassels 44 mm x 75 mm treated with preservative set level and bearing solidly on 3.5.4 D.P.C. Ventilation 3.6 Provide through ventilation under timber ground floors by means of 225 mm x 150 mm metal or concrete louvred ventilators in external walls. Sealed ducts to be formed through cavities in external walls. Openings to be left in tassel walls and in rising walls of partitions and piped ducts to be formed under intervening concrete floors to ensure through ventilation. Space from surface of subfloor to underside of bottom of ground floor joists to be not less than 125 mm. 3.7 Flooring Remove all debris from sub-floors before flooring. Flooring 22 mm T & G well cramped, twice nailed 3.7.1 with 60 mm cut brads, in narrow widths to minimise the effects of cupping and shrinkage or 18 mm flooring grade chipboard, density 700 kg/m³ on joists at 400 mm centres with 44 mm x 44 mm noggins to support cross joints. Long joints shall be made along the centre of a joist. Adjacent sheets shall have an expansion gap of 3 mm between them, with 20 mm gap between edges of sheet and adjoining walls, the edges being treated with fungicide. Sheets should be fixed at 300 mm centres and not nearer than 12 mm to edge of sheet. Exposed chipb oard floor surfaces to be sealed with resinous sealer. Suspended floors. Where soffit of suspended floor is exposed externally insulate as necessary and 3.7.2 sheet with material suitable for external use and having half hour minimum fire rating. 3.8 Pretreated timber grounds shall be securely built in, to provide means of fixing frames and trimmings. **Stud Partitions** 3.9 Studs, head and sole pieces, and bridging 35 mm x 75 mm. Studs at 350 mm to 400 mm centres. Sole piece to be well spiked to floor and if parallel to joists, shall be carried on doubled joist. Provide 2 No. rows of nogging. Where a partition is load bearing increase timber sections as required. For finish see 6.6. \_\_\_\_\_ **Proprietary Partitions** 3.10 Accepted proprietary partitions, erected to manufacturer's instructions, may be used. 12

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Stairs shall have 2 m headroom measured vertically from the pitch line and 1.5 m clearance measured at right angles to the pitch line; width 860 mm, going 220 mm minimum, rise 200 mm maximum.

#### Lighting to Stairs and Landings 3.12

Lighting to stairs, landings, halls and corridors shall be provided by a suitably placed window or roof-light or borrowed lighting from rooms.

Rest of Stairs

- 3.12.2 Stairs shall have 32 mm red deal round nosed treads and 22 mm risers all glued blocked and bracketed checked and wedged into 44 mm strings. Newel posts, balusters and hand rails to be standard machine prepared sections or suitable steel/timber combination. Open freads shall be not less than 44 mm hardwood, and may be used in accepted special construction with timber, steel or reinforced concrete.
- 3.12.3 Every flight shall be adequately protected on each side and have at least one handrail, secured at a height not less than 840 mm and not more than 1 m measured vertically from the pitch line. Closed string stairs shall be to I.S. 158.

#### Windows 3.13

Sliding, hung or pivoted timber sashes and frames to be made from standard machine-prepared sections pressure impregnated with preservative.

Wood casement windows shall be to I.S. 63.

Galvanised steel casement windows shall be to I.S. 60. Aluminium or P.V.C. windows of accepted make may also be used, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

NOTE. Glazed area to be not less than 10% of floor area of room. Opening area to be not less than 5% of floor area of the room.

Window boards shall be 32 mm wrot, moulded on edges and corners and secured to grounds.

#### **External Door Frames** 3.14

External door frames shall be machine prepared 75 mm x 115 mm in wrot deal, rebated in the solid, secured to grounds and dowelled at foot to heel blocks.

NOTE. Under no circumstances should feet of external door frames rest on, or be set into, concrete paving or step.

#### Internal Door Frames 3.15

Internal door frames shall be 35 mm thick wrot deal with 16 mm planted stops or 44 mm thick wrot deal rebated in the solid, secured to grounds.

#### External Door 3.16

External doors shall be to I.S. 48 or I.S. 52, hung on 11/2 pair 100 mm steel butt hinges.

#### 3.17

Internal doors to habitable rooms shall be to I.S. 48 or I.S. 52 hung on 1 pair 100 mm steel butt hinges. Sliding doors to be not less than 44 mm thick and hung on acceptable proprietary track.

#### Trap Door 3.18

Form trap door 500 mm square or half hour fire rating suitably located to give access to roof space.

#### 3.19

Hot press to have not less than 2m<sup>2</sup> of spar shelving, 22mm x 44mm wrot, at 75mm centres supported on 22mm x 44mm battens. Where necessary, the cylinder shall be carried on 22mm T and G on 35mm x 75mm framed bearers. Hang suitable door, framed to prevent warping and fitted with suitable catch. Holes for pipes etc. to be neatly made good.

NOTE. Hot press doors are very liable to distort due to temperature difference. Consideration should be given to insulating the inner face of the door.

#### 3.20 Fitments

All fitments and built-in units shall be of such design, material and workmanship so as to satisfy completely the demands of normal usage.

#### 3.21 Trimmings

- **3.21.1** Skirtings 16mm x 100mm wrot deal to all floors well fixed to grounds. Plastic skirting may be used where appropriate.
- 3.21.2 Architraves may be 16mm x 75mm wrot deal or as necessary to form neat joint, mitred at angles and securely fixed to grounds.
- **3.21.3** Saddles shall be hardwood, cut of 22mm x 150mm splayed, scribed to door frames and secured to floor. For external doors accepted proprietary thresholds may be used.

#### Section 4 IRONMONGERY AND GENERAL

#### 4.1 Eave Gutters and Rain Water Pipes

Eave gutters and rain water pipes shall be to relevant I.S.S. and may be:-

GUTTERS	I.S.	PIPES		
125 mm	42	75 mm Cast Iron		
125 mm	59	75 mm 14 SWG galvanised pressed		
		steel .	-	
125 mm	71	75 mm Asbestos cement		
125 mm		75 mm Aluminium		<u></u>
115 mm		65 mm P.V.C.		

Metal and A.C. gutters to be supported on suitable brackets at not more than 2m centres, joisted with mastic compound (and gaskin washers in the case of asbestos cement) and bolted with galvanised gutter bolts and nuts. P.V.C. gutters to be supported on suitable brackets at not more than 1m centres and jointed in accordance with manufacturers instructions. Gutters to be set to falls. At least two stacks of rain water pipes shall be provided secured by holder brackets and kept clear of wall. Provide and fit all necessary matching stop ends, angles and drop nozzles, swannecks, hopper heads and toes. Rainwater pipes to discharge approximately 50mm above gully grid.

#### 4.2 Windows

See 3.13.

#### 4.3 Sash Fittings

All opening sashes shall be fitted with strong metal fasteners. Centre pivoted, top, side or bottom hung sashes to have suitable stay gear. Up and down sashes shall be hung on brass bushed and faced steel sash pulleys with suitable sash cords and weights or on accepted patent hanging gear.

#### 4.4 Door Fittings

Internal doors shall be hung on one pair 100mm steel <u>butt</u> hinges and fitted with suitable mortice type lock or catch and complete with furniture. Provide <u>bolt or locking device to bathroom and toilet</u>

External doors shall be hung on 1½ pair of 100mm steel buff hinges. Entrance door shall be fitted with cylinder night latch and external pull handle. Provide and fit letter place on or near door, Other external doors shall be fitted with bolt and rim or mortice lock suitable for external use. See 12.1.3.

#### 4.5 Ventilation Grids

External openings to ventilators shall be fitted with galvanised cast iron, aluminium, concrete, or accepted P.V.C. louvred grids. See 2.13.3.

#### Section 5 ROOFING

Sarking Felt 5.1

Untearable sarking felt to I.S. 36 shall be laid under all slates and tiles, lapped horizontally not less than 75 mm for pitches greater than 25° and 150 mm for lesser pitches, carried down into eave gutters. Side lap shall not be less than 150 mm for pitches over 25° and 500 mm for lesser pitches. Felt to be carried fully over ridge board.

5.2

Laths or battens shall be 44 mm for rafter spacings not greater than 400 mm. For spacing up to 600 mm battens not less than 44 mm x 44 mm shall be used. Tilting fillet to be provided at eaves where necessary.

**Quarry Slates** 5.3

Quarry slates shall be laid to a minimum pitch of 30°, lap 100 mm fixed with 2 No. 10 gauge galvanised slating nails double course at eaves, and slate and a half at verges, with slate slip under.

**Asbestos Cement Slates** 5.4

Asbestos cement slates shall be to i.S.7. The normal pitch for asbestos cement slates shall be 30°, lap 100 mm. Each slate shall be fixed with 2 No. 10 gauge 35 mm galvanised nails and copper crampion at bottom. Provide double course at ridge and treble course at eaves.

Asbestos cement slates may be laid at a pitch lower than 30° in special circumstances.

Concrete Roofing Tiles (normal pitch — 30° and over) 5.5

Concrete roofing tiles (normal pitch) shall be to I.S.3 laid to a pitch of not less than 30°. Every tile in every alternative course to be fixed with 1 No. 50 mm 10 gauge galvanised nail. Lap 75 mm clear of nail hole. Pantiles shall be closed at eaves with a course of plain tiles or slate underclock and suitably coloured sand/cement pointing. Alternatively patent eave closer and filler clip may be used.

Concrete Tiles (low pitch — under 30°) 5.6

Low pitch concrete tiles shall be laid in accordance with manufacturers instructions and to the minimum pitches accepted by the Department which may not be as low as those recommended by ... . . the manufacturers.

5.7

Slates and tiles to be neatly trimmed where necessary. Part tiles and slates to be adequately secured.

Drip overhang to be provided at eave and valley gutters.

At verges slates or tiles shall oversail wall face or barge, by at least 25 mm in the case of slates and 50 mm in the case of tiles, and shall be neatly pointed in suitably coloured sand/cement mortar.

Ridge and hip tiles shall be bedded in gauged mortar and pointed with cement mortar, suitably coloured; bedding and pointing to be done in one operation.

Provide suitable hip hooks, screwed to end of hip rafters. In industrial atmospheres special nails may be necessary. Over party walls the space between battens shall be filled with mortar to complete fire stop.

Flashings 5.8

Valley gutters, cover flashings and flashings to chimneys shall be

- (1) No. 5 lead to B.S. 1178
- (2) 22/24 gauge medium hard copper
- 20 gauge super-purity aluminium. (18 gauge to valleys and parapet gutters). (3)
- accepted proprietary systems.

To chimney, flashing shall consist of aprons, soakers and cover flashings. The latter shall be secured in a chase in concrete block chimneys, wedged and pointed in with cement fillet formed over. To brick chimneys cover flashings shall be stepped, wedged and pointed into brick joints. Saddle pieces shall be provided at all ridges and roof intersections. Valley gutters shall be laid on felt on 20mm x 225mm wrot boarding treated with wood preservative, and turned up at edges under roof felt tiles or slates.

#### 5.9 Felted Flat Roofs

Wall plates 44mm x 75mm fixed as described. Joist sizes according to span, spaced to suit decking and pitched or firred to fall of 1 to 80. Roof to project 200mm beyond face of wall, or finish with a parapet with 150mm upstand, suitably capped and flashed. Fascias and soffits as previously described. Decking 22mm T & G laid as for floors, plywood, or chipboard not less than 600 kg/m³ of thickness.

12 mm for joists (rafters) at 300 mm centres 15 mm for joists (rafters) at 400 mm centres 18 mm for joists (rafters) at 500 mm centres

or proprietary decking to manufacturers instructions. Angled wood fillets at upstands and verges out of 75 mm x 75 mm.

Plywood, chipboard or wood wool decking must be kept dry at all times and should be felted immediately after fixing. Any sheets which have been allowed to get wet must be replaced, as their strength has been seriously impaired.

First layer of felt 1 ply, close random nailed all over with galvanised clout nails. Second layer 2 ply stuck down all over with special mastic solution or hot bitumen.

Final layer as for second. Each layer in reverse directions, final layer parallel to eave carried over 22mm x 44mm batten (on fascia) at eaves and down into gutter. Felt at verges to be properly finished with welted apron dressed back over camphered verge fillet. Final layer shall be mineral surfaced, or alternatively covered with light coloured pebbles or chippings stuck on suitably, or as required by local authority. On pitched roof the final layer of felt shall be laid at right angles to eave and lapped away from the prevailing wind. The pitch shall not exceed 20° and the timbers shall be as described in 3.1 and 3.2. Insulate as necessary.

#### Section 6 PLASTERING

#### 6.1 External Plastering

225mm hollow block, 225mm solid block and chimney stacks:scud walls in 3:1 sharp sand and cement. Apply 2 coats of plaster (1 cement: 1 lime: 6 sand). The total thickness of plaster shall be 20mm minimum. The second coat to be finished nap or smooth or combed for rough cast or pebbledash; or prepared for proprietary finish.

275mm cavity walling may be scud and one coat 1:1:6 plaster approximately 13mm thick and finished as above.

#### 6.2 Rough Cast

Rough cast shall consist of 5-6 parts washed sand and pebbles: 1 part lime: 1 part cement.

#### 6.3 Reveals

Plaster reveals to opes shall be 20mm thick and finished smooth with scored drip groove to soffit of head. All arrises shall be neatly finished.

#### 6.4 Plinths

Plaster plinths to be finished smooth, and neatly cut off or weathered at top edge.

Plaster finish to extend below finished ground level.

- 6.5 Internal Plastering
  Scud walls and plaster one coat 12mm thick, 1 cement: 1 lime: 6 sand. Finish with neat gypsum plaster skim, or a grey coat of gauged mortar applied with wood float. Alternatively proprietary finishes may be used to manufacturers instructions.
- 6.6 Stud Partitions and Ceilings
- 6.6.1 Stud partitions and ceilings to be covered with 10mm plaster boards or slabs with skimmed plaster finish or alternatively 12mm patent plaster sheets, all erected, jointed and finished to manufacturers instructions.
- 6.6.2 All wall plastering should be carried behind skirtings and architraves.

  All internal wall and ceiling finishes, including decorative finishes, shall comply with the relevant local fire requirements.
- 6.7 General
  Precautions shall be taken to protect floors and surrounding work during plastering. Make good neatly to holds for pipework etc.

Plasticisers, water proofers, sealers, and bonding agents shall be used in accordance with manufacturers instructions.

#### Section 7 PLUMBING

7.1 Service Pipe

Incoming service pipe to be 15mm diameter laid in trench 600mm deep, or otherwise suitably protected against frost, and connected to internal stopcock.

7.2 Cold Water Supply

From stopcock take 15mm cold supply direct to sink with branch to high pressure ball valve in service tank, capacity 225 litres, for 3 bedroom houses or 360 litres for 4 or more bedrooms or as required by local authority. Tank to be covered and adequately supported over a partition where possible and at such height as to ensure proper working of the system. Provide 22mm overflow from tank to discharge externally. Connect to service tank 50mm over bottom of tank and take 22mm feed to 150 litre hot water cylinder to IS 161 with 22mm branch over top of cylinder to bath and 15mm connections off wash hand basin and W.C.

7.3 Hot Water Supply

An adequate water heating apparatus must be provided and fitted in accordance with manufacturers instructions. Flow and return pipes, where appropriate, shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the heating apparatus. A 22mm copper or stainless steel expansion pipe to be taken from top of cylinder to discharge over service tank, with a 22mm do. branch to bath and 15mm connections off for wash hand basin, sink etc.

- 7.4 General
- 7.4.1 Fit full way stopcock on cold feeds from service tank and fit draw off cock at lowest convenient point of system. On no account should a stop-cock be fitted on an expansion pipe.
- 7.4.2 Copper tubes shall be certified as complying with Irish Standard Specification I.S. 238 1980 in accordance with the Irish Standard Mark Licensing Scheme of the Institute for Industrial Research and Standards and shall bear the Irish Standard Mark.

- 7.4.3 Plastic pipes to I.S. 123, 134, or 135 where used shall be fixed at least 75mm clear of hot pipe runs. Pipes shall be fixed in straight lines as far as possible, properly jointed with patent fittings and adequately supported and secured with proper pipe clips.
- 7.4.4 Storage tanks and pipes to be insulated against frost where necessary.
- 7.4.5 Where other domestic water heating systems are used they shall be competently designed and installed.

7.4.6 Compression tube fittings of copper alloy

Compression tube fittings of copper and copper alloy shall be certified by the Institute for Industrial Research and Standards under the Irish Standard Mark Licensing Scheme as complying with I.S. 239:1980 "Compression tube fittings of copper and copper alloy", and shall bear the Irish Standard Mark.

7.5 Sink

Provide and fit in kitchen or scullery stainless steel sink and drainer to I.S. 132 suitably supported, or alternatively white glazed fireclay sink 600mm x 400mm x 250mm supported on 2 No. iron or steel brackets and fitted with suitable drainer. Sink to be provided with adequate overflow. Top of sink to be not less than 850mm over floor level. Form enclosed press, with raised floor and recessed plinth under sink and drainer.

7.6 Bath and Wash Hand Basin

Fit where indicated a bath in vitreous enamelled cast iron or other accepted material, minimum length 1700mm nominal and panelled as necessary and vitreous china wash hand basin 550mm x 400mm suitably supported and secured with not less than 150mm clearance to sides. Both to be provided with adequate overflow.

7.7 Plugs, Traps, Wastes and Taps

15mm hot and cold chrome plated brass taps to be fitted to sink and wash hand basin, and 22mm do. to bath. Provide 42mm waste fitting to bath and sink and 35mm to wash hand basin. All complete with plug and chain. Fit S or P trap, complete with cleaning eye and copper, lead or acceptable plastic waste pipe adequately secured and fitted with cleaning eyes as necessary and discharging approximately 50mm over gully trap.

7.8 W.C. Suite

Provide and fit where indicated W.C. suite, with cistern, to I.S.70, all fully supported and secured. Connect to soil pipe with proprietary flexible coupling or other acceptable joint. Cistern to be provided with adequate overflow.

7.9 Pipes shall not be jointed within the thickness of a wall.

#### Section 8 DRAINAGE

#### 8.1 Trenches

Trenches shall be excavated to the necessary depths, widths ands falls to allow the drains to be properly laid. The water service shall be in a separate trench from the drain. See also 1.3.2.

8.2 Drain

The main and branch drains shall be 100mm diameter laid to continuous falls of not less than 1 in 60 or not more than 1 in 30, with bends and junctions, splayed in the direction of flow, where required, and laid in straight lines from manhole to manhole. The drain shall be P.V.C., cast iron, impermeable glazed ware with flexible joints or concrete with flexible joints, all laid, jointed and back filled to manufacturers instructions or shall be socketed impermeable glazed ware or concrete supported on continuous concrete bed mix B 100mm thick x 300mm wide for full length of each pipe and haunched half way up the pipe after testing and shall be jointed in cement mortar, well worked in against 2 rings of tarred gaskin and finished with a neatly worked fillet. Clean pipe internally as necessary after each joint is made.

8,3

Immediately over pipes back fill in fine material and fill remainder of trench in selected excavated material, well rammed and remove surplus spoil.

Drains under Roads and Buildings 8.4

Where drains pass under roadways or are likely to be subjected to heavy traffic, they should be fully encased in 150mm concrete, mix B. Drains shall not be taken under any buildings unnecessarily, but where this is unavoidable pipes shall be cast iron, or encased in 150mm of concrete mix B or otherwise to local authority requirements and laid in straight lines. Form ducts through rising walls or foundations as necessary to avoid damage to drains.

A.J.s, Manholes, Drop-Manholes 8.5

Armstrong junctions or manholes as suitable shall be provided at each change in direction or gradient of drain and at septic tank and of such dimensions and spacing as to permit easy cleaning of the system. Manholes shall be built in 225mm concrete walls on 150mm thick concrete floor mix B, with glazed channels, bends and branches, suitably benched. Benching and internal walls to be finished smooth in cement mortar. Fit cast iron, reinforced concrete, or hot dipped galvanised steel frame and cover. Covers to have provision for lifting. Where required by local authority, outfall manholes shall be formed, with interceptor trap, stoppered cleaning eye and air inlet.

8.6

Gullies and Armstrong junctions to be set level, supported on 150mm concrete bed, mix B, and connected to drain as previously specified. Armstrong junctions shall have frame and cover of cast iron, aluminium or galvanised steel.

8.7

Gully traps shall be set in dished concrete surround, to take wastes from bath, sink and wash hand basin and discharge from rain water pipes, and shall be fitted with cast iron, aluminium, or other . . . . . . suitable grid.

8.8

Where sewage disposal is to be a septic tank, rain water shall be piped to a separate soak pit, not less than 6m from the house or to a suitable watercourse.

8.9

Septic tank, where provided, shall be located so as not to endanger any well or other source of water supply and shall be in accordance with S.R.6 1975. Septic tanks to accepted prefabricated systems may also be used.

8.10

At head of drain, carry up 50mm minimum diameter vent pipe over eave level or to 1m over head of highest window within 4m of vent, secured with proper brackets and fitted with cowl or cage.

8,11

Single stack drainage, where provided, must be in accordance with British Standard Code of Practice No. 304 (1968).

8.12

Test plumbing and drainage on completion to ensure watertightness and efficient working of the system, and as may be required by the local authority. See also 8.2.

#### Section 9 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

#### 9.1 Installation

Electrical installation shall be in accordance with the "National Rules for Electrical Installations" obtainable from the Electro-Technical Council of Ireland and shall have, in suitable locations, at least:-

Lighting Outlets	Socket Outlets		
One in every room, landing/stairway, hall and corridor.	One in every bedroom. Three singles in one living-room. Two singles in kitchen excluding any cooker point. One in each other habitable room, entrance hall or landing.		

Conduit shall be used where cable is buried in plaster. Joists shall not be notched: where necessary the cable shall be taken through holes bored in centres of joists.

#### Section 10 PROTECTIVE PAINTING

#### 10.1 Preparation

All surfaces to be painted or otherwise protectively coated shall be cleaned down and prepared by wire brushing, sanding, planing or as necessary to obtain the best possible finish. Timber preservatives should be applied where already specified in 3.2 et seq.

#### 10.2 Paints

Thinners, sealers, primers, colour washes, paints, varnishes or other brush, roller or spray applied finishes shall be of suitable manufacture for the surface and material to be covered and shall be applied strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

#### 10.3 Woodwork

All woodwork usually painted shall be knotted, stopped, primed and painted with two undercoats and one finishing coat. Alternatively, may be stained or dyed and knotted, primed and finished with two coats varnish.

Decorative hardwoods may be treated traditionally internally and shall be oiled or treated with suitable preservatives externally, or may be painted or varnished, as previously specified.

#### 10.4 Metal Work

All metalwork, ironmongery, rainwater goods, shall be cleaned down, suitably primed, twice, undercoated and one coat finished.

#### Section 11 GLAZING

#### 11.1 Glass

All window panes up to 0.5m<sup>2</sup> shall be glazed in 3mm glass All window panes up to 1.5m<sup>2</sup> shall be glazed in 4mm glass All window panes over 1.5m<sup>2</sup> shall be glazed in 5mm or 6mm glass

All panes less than 600mm over floors shall be 6mm glass.

11.2

Bathroom W.C. or other closet windows may be glazed in obscured glass to standard as above. Before glazing, timber rebates shall be painted and back puttied. Glass shall be sprigged and puttied with linseed oil putty to I.S.28 or other acceptable non-hardening compound and neatly struck off. 5mm glass and over shall be fixed with a suitable glazing slip, pinned and bedded in mastic. Galvanised steel windows shall be back puttied and finished with metal sash putty or other suitable mastic.

11.3

House to be thoroughly cleaned and all rubbish removed, on completion.

# Section 12 FIRE PRECAUTIONS

- Garage 12.1
- 12.1.1 Garage under first floor rooms: the ceiling in the garage shall be 10mm plaster slab with skim coat finish or 10mm soft asbestos sheets with joints thoroughly sealed.
- 12.1.2 Garage directly under roof of house: separating wall to be taken to plane of roof and treated as for party wall to complete fire stop. See 2.11 and 5.7.
- 12.1.3 Any door between garage and dwelling shall be self closing and door and frame shall have half hour fire rating. Garage floor shall be 100mm under floor level of house.
- **Central Heating** 12.2

A central heating unit shall not be located in a garage.

## Section 13 VENTILATION

13.1

Every habitable room, kitchen, and scullery shall have an opening window area of not less than one twentieth of the room area, ventilated directly to open air.

13.2

Bathroom and W.C. apartment shall be ventilated as above subject to a minimum of 0.1m<sup>2</sup>.

13.3

A ventilated lobby shall be provided between any W.C. apartment and a living room, kitchen or scullery.

13.4

All built in cupboards, presses, closets and wardrobes to be adequately through ventilated.

13.5

Under floor ventilation shall be as previously specified under 2.25 and 3.6.

13.6

Garage must have permanent ventilation.

#### Section 14 THERMAL INSULATION

14.1	Insulation must be in accordance with the maximum U-Value laid down by the Department Viz., a general whole building standard not exceeding 0.85 W/m <sup>2</sup> °C and elemental values as follows:

Roofs

0.60 watts per square metre per degree celsius.

0.40 watts per square metre per degree celsius.

Ground Floors

0.60 watts per square metre per degree celsius.

External parts of 0.60 watts per square metre per degree celsius.

intermediate floors

U-values will be required to be calculated in accordance with the method for calculating standard U-values set out in Section A 3 of the C.I.B.S. Guide Book A 1980 published by the Chartered Institution of Building Services.

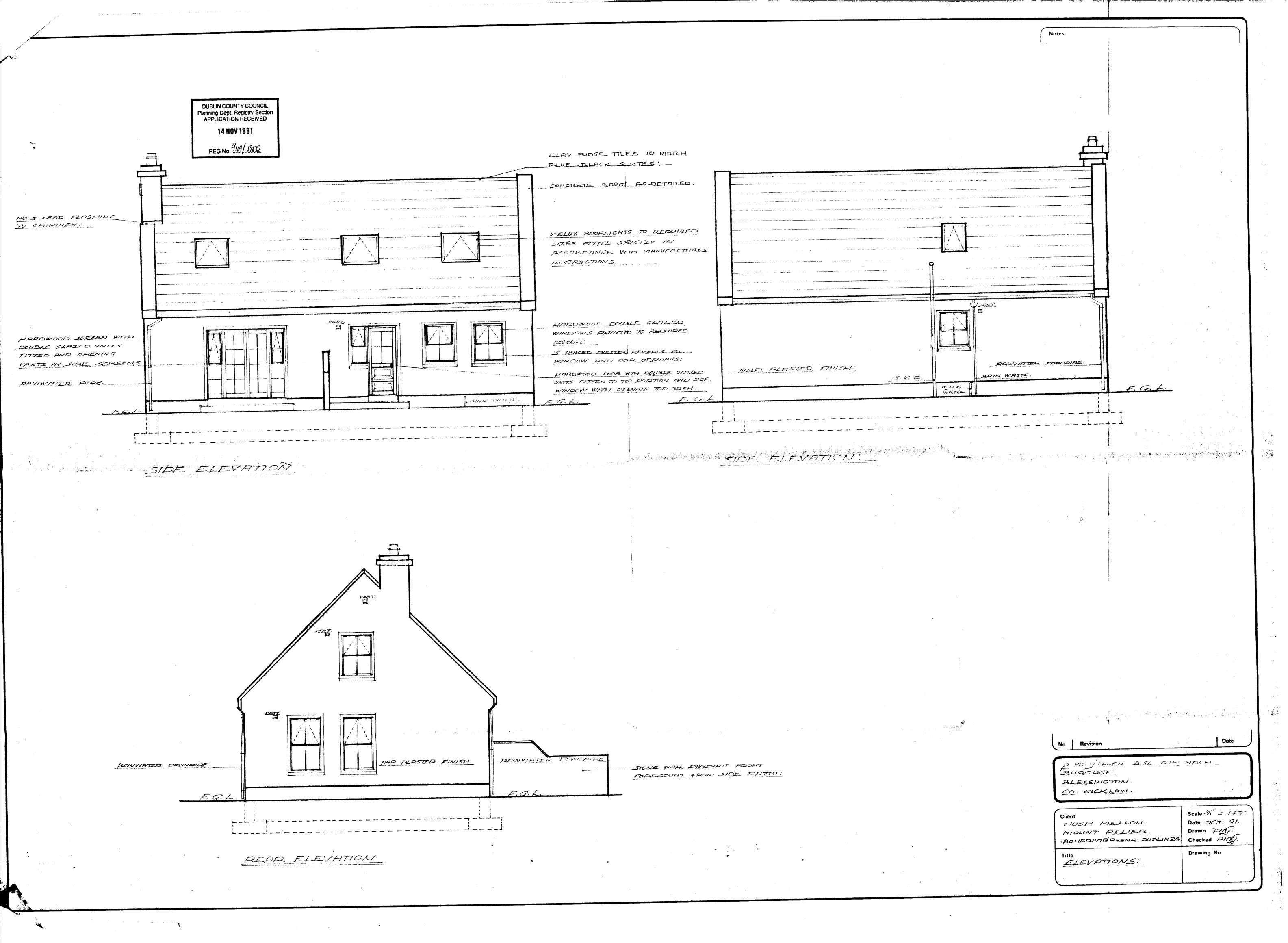
#### 14.2 Mineral fibre mats for thermal insulation of buildings

Mineral fibre mats for thermal insulation of buildings shall be certified by the Institute for Industrial Research and Standards under the Irish Standard Mark Licensing Scheme as complying with I.S.260: 1984 "Mineral fibre mats for thermal insulation of buildings", and shall bear the Irish Standard Mark.

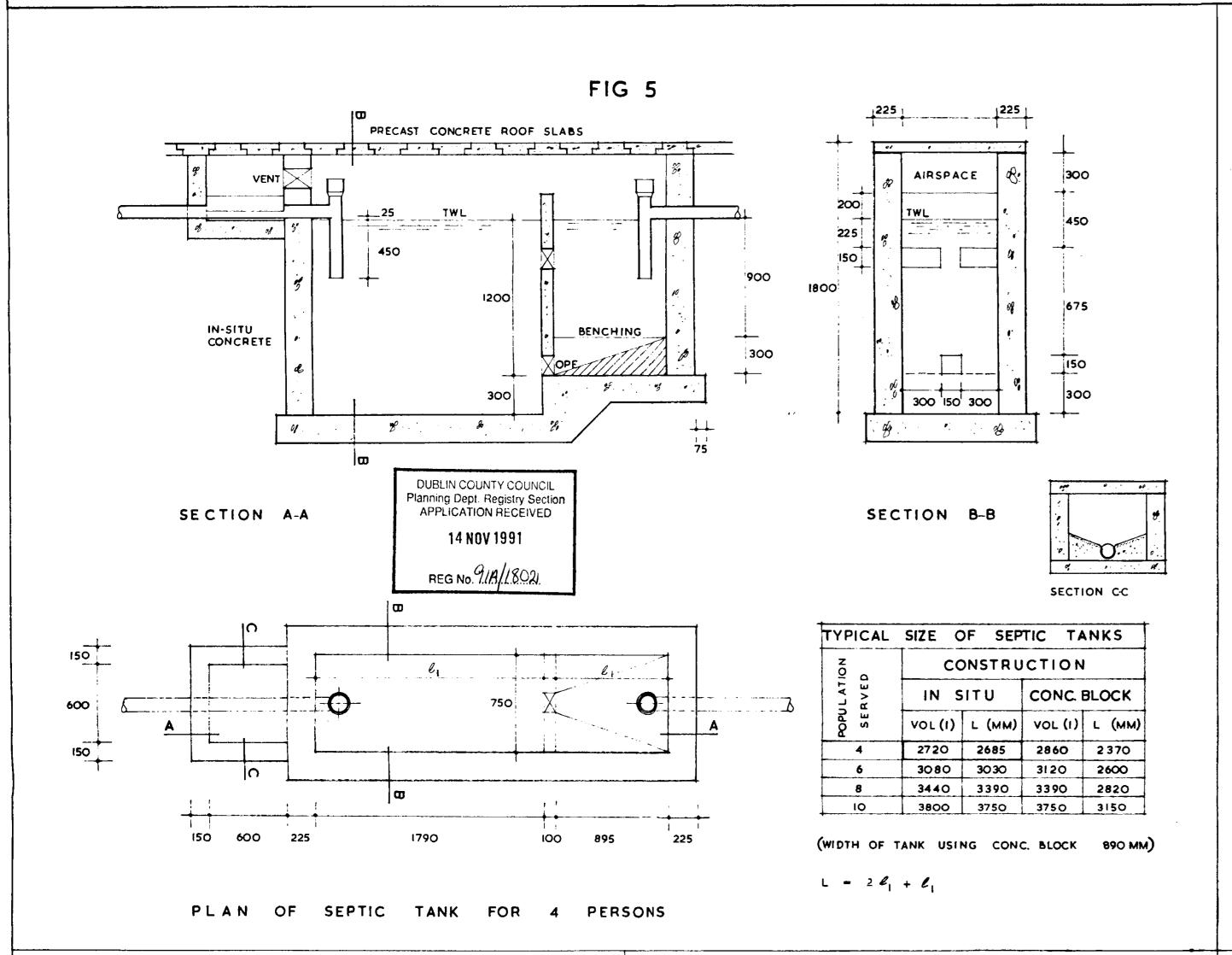
#### METRIC CONVERSION

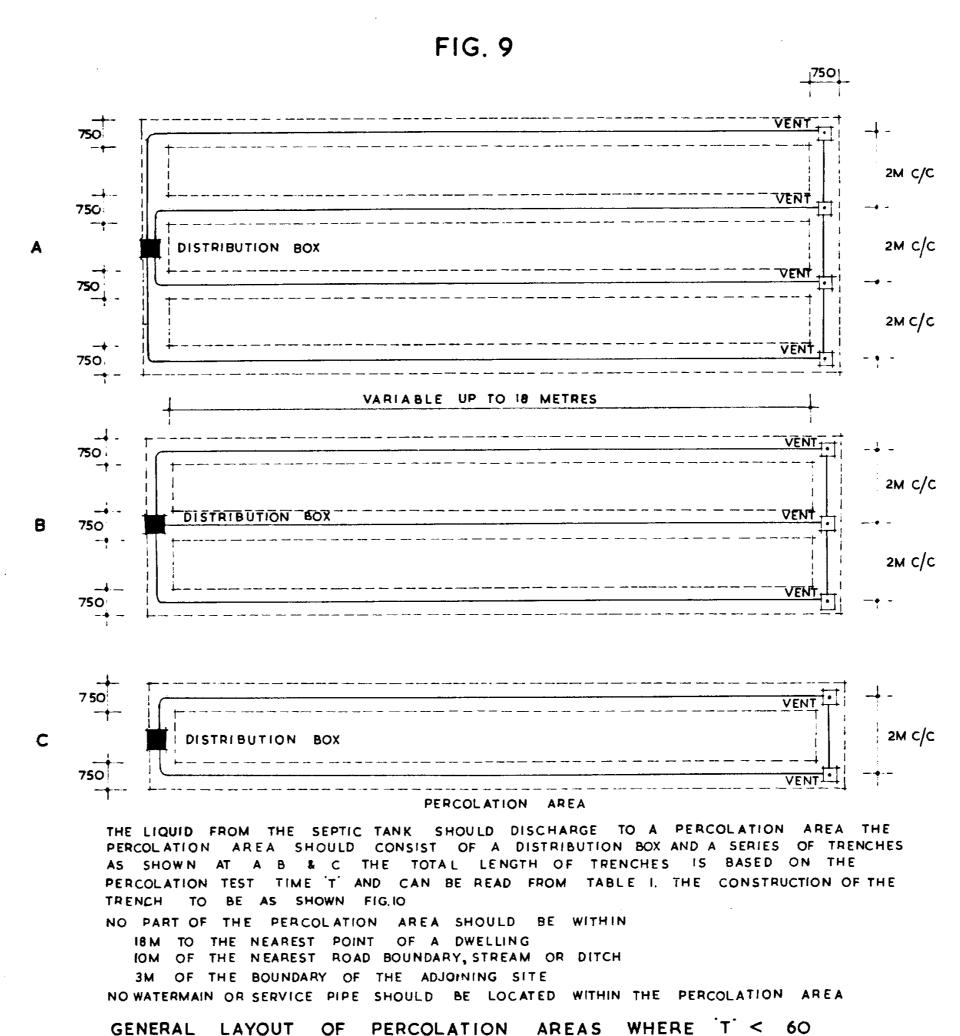
25mm = 1 inch(es) approx. 50mm = 2 inch(es) approx. 100m = 4 inch(es) approx. 300mm = 12 inch(es) approx. 600mm = 24 inch(es) approx. 1.00m = 39.37 inches approx.

1 litre = 0.22 gallons 1 Kilogram = 2.20 lbs,



# (DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT)





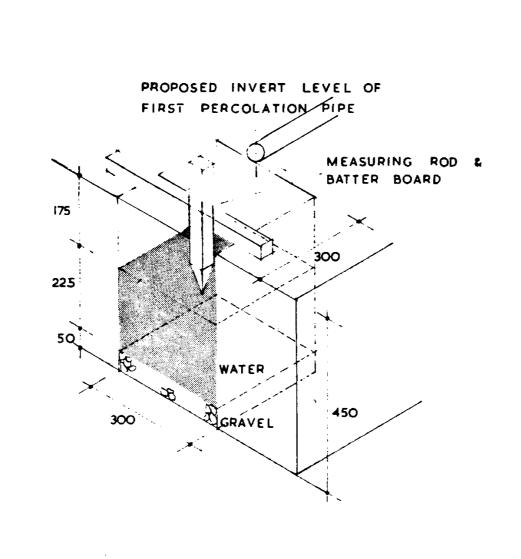
WATER LEVEL A
WATER LEVEL B
1000
1000

(A) IM MAX. IN JAN. FEB. MARCH

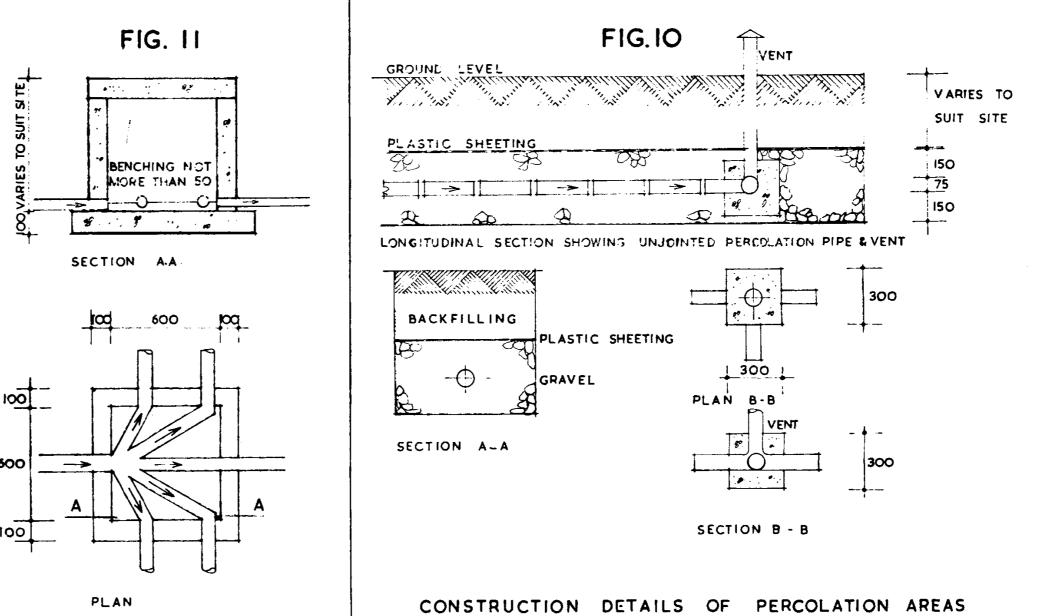
(B) 600 MM MAX IN THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR

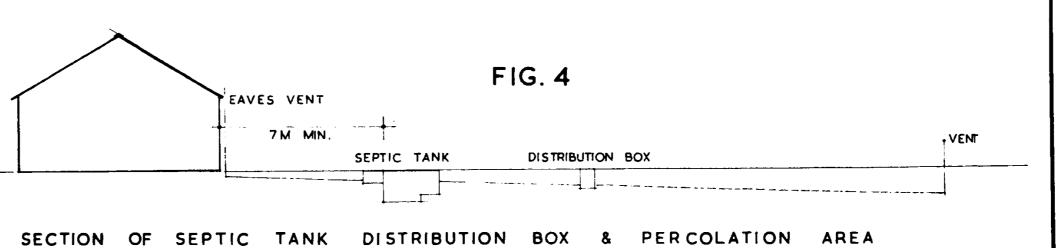
WATER TABLE TRIAL HOLE

FIG. 2



PERCOLATION TEST HOLE





CONSTRUCTION DETAILS OF A

TYPICAL DISTRIBUTION BOX

# NOTES

# TABLE I

VALUE OF T	LENGTH OF DISTRIBUTION PIPING IN M
ı	17
2	21
3	26
4	30
5	35
10	47
15	56
30	78
60	105

# TEST FOR WATER TABLE

A TRIAL HOLE SHALL BE DUG A MINIMUM OF M X M X 2M DEEP.

HOLE SHOULD BE LEFT FOR 48 HOURS. WATER DEPTH SHOULD BE
LESS THAN IM DEEP FOR THE MONTHS OF JANUARY FEBRUARY AND
MARCH. FOR THE REST OF THE YEAR WATER DEPTH SHOULD NOT

EXCEED 600 MM SECTION FIG.1.

TWO TRIAL HOLES SHALL BE DUG ONE IN THE PERCOLATION AREA ANOTHER IN THE RESERVE PERCOLATION AREA.

# PERCOLATION TEST

TEST TO BE CARRIED OUT AT THE PERCOLATION AREAS OF THE PROPOSED SITE. A TEST HOLE SHALL BE DUG 300MM SQUARE TO A DEPTH OF 450MM BELOW INVERT LEVEL OF THE FIRST PERCOLATION PIPE AS SHOWN. THE BOTTOM AND SIDES OF THE HOLES TO BE SCRATCHED TO PROVIDE A NATURAL SOIL INTERFACE INTO WHICH WATER MAY PERCOLATE HOLE TO BE FILLED TO A DEPTH OF 300MM WITH WATER AND LEFT FOR 24 HOURS

NEXT DAY FILL HOLE TO A DEPTH OF 225 MM AND TIME IN MINUTES
FOR THIS WATER TO SEEP COMPLETELY AWAY OBSERVED. DIVIDE
TIME BY 9 TO GET AVERAGE TIME 'T' REQUIRED FOR WATER TO
DROP 25 MM (SEE TABLE I)

CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO EXCLUDE RAIN AND SURFACE WATER FROM TRIAL HOLE. TWO TEST HOLES SHOULD BE TESTED FOR BOTH THE PERCOLATION AREA, AND THE RESERVE PERCOLATION AREA AND THE AVERAGE TIME FOR THE 25MM WATER DROP FOR EACH OF THE FOUR TEST RESULTS SHALL IN TURN BE AVERAGED GIVING THE VALUE T

ALL THESE ARE ONLY EXTRACTS FROM S.R. 6 THE COMPLETE TEST PROCEDURE ETC. IS AVAILABLE IN S.R. 6 1975 PUBLISHED BY THE INSTITUTE FOR INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH AND STANDARDS, BALLYMUN ROAD, DUBLIN 9.

ALL FIGURE NUMBERS ON DRAWING REFER TO S.R. 6 1975

# RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SEPTIC TANK DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

SUITABLE FOR SINGLE HOUSES

AN ROINN COMHSHAOIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

O CONNELL BRIDGE HOUSE

DUBLIN 2

DATE NOVEMBER 1980

