

BYE LAW APPLICATION FEES

REF. NO.: 91A/1553 CERTIFICATE NO.: 16437B
 PROPOSAL: Alterations + subdivision to 2 separate premises
 LOCATION: Airton road, Tallaght
 APPLICANT: Sandor (Ireland) Ltd

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
CLASS	DWELLINGS/AREA LENGTH/STRUCTURE	RATE	AMT. OF FEE REQUIRED	AMT. LODGED	BALANCE DUE	RED. FEE APPL.	AMT. OF RED. FEE
A	Dwelling (Houses/Flats)	@ £55					
B	Domestic Ext. (Improvement/Alts.)	@ £30					
C	Building for office or other comm. purpose	@ £3.50 per M ² or £70					
D	Building or other structure for purposes of agriculture	@ £1.00 per M ² in excess of 300 M ² Min. £70					
E	Petrol Filling Station	@ £200					
F	Dev. of prop. not coming within any of the forgoing classes	£70 or £9 per .1 hect. whichever is the greater	<u>£70</u>	<u>£70</u>	<u>—</u>		

Column 1 Certified: Signed: _____ Grade: _____ Date: _____

Column 1 Endorsed: Signed: _____ Grade: _____ Date: _____

Columns 2,3,4,5,6 & 7 Certified: Signed: Mohan Grade: C/O Date: 30/9

Columns 2,3,4,5,6 & 7 Endorsed: Signed: _____ Grade: _____ Date: _____

PLANNING APPLICATION FEES

Reg. Ref. 910/1553 Cert. No. 26739
 PROPOSAL Alterations & subdivision into 2 separate premises
 LOCATION Arden road, Tallaght
 APPLICANT Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd

CLASS	DWELLINGS/AREA LENGTH/STRUCT.	RATE	AMT. OF FEE REC.	AMOUNT LODGED	BALANCE DUE	BALANCE PAID
1	Dwellings	@£32				
2	Domestic,	@£16				
3	Agriculture	@50p per m2 in excess of 300m2. Min. £40				
4	Metres	@£1.75 per m2 or £40				
5	x .1 hect.	@£25 per .1 hect. or £250				
6	x .1 hect.	@£25 per .1 hect. or £40				
7	x .1 hect.	@£25 per .1 hect. or £100				
8		@£100				
9	x metres	@£10 per m2 or £40				
10	x 1,000m	@£25 per £1000m or £40				
11	x .1 hect.	@£5 per .1 hect. or £40	<u>£40</u>	<u>£40</u>	<u>—</u>	

Column 1 Certified: Signed: Grade: Date:
 Column 1 Endorsed: Signed: Grade: Date:
 Columns 2,3,4,5,6 & 7 Certified: Signed: Moller Grade: UD Date: 3/9
 Columns 2,3,4,5,6 & 7 Endorsed: Signed: Grade: Date:

LOCATION GOVERNMENT (PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT) ACTS, 1963 TO 1982

ASSESSMENT OF FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION

REG. REF.:

CONT. REG.:

SERVICES INVOLVED: WATER/POUL SEWER/SURFACE WATER

AREA OF SITE:

FLOOR AREA OF PRESENT PROPOSAL:

MEASURED BY:

CHECKED BY:

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT:

TOTAL ASSESSMENT

MANAGER'S ORDERED NO: E/ /
DATED

ENTERED IN CONTRIBUTIONS REGISTER:

*pin days
for the bed
£100*

DEVELOPMENT CONTROL ASSISTANT GRADE

[Signature] 18/11/09

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

PLANNING AND BUILDING CONTROL DEPARTMENT

Senior Environmental Health Officer,
33 Gardiner Place.

Register Reference : 91A/1553

Date : 26th September 1991

Development : Sub-divide existing office & warehouse premises to
create two separate premises i.e. office and
warehouse, included in the application are new works
to Airton Road office elevation and provision of
toilets to warehouse premises

LOCATION : Airton Road, Tallaght

Applicant : Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

App. Type : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

Planning officer :

Date Recd. : 25th September 1991

Attached is a copy of the application for the above development .Please
ensure that your report is received within 5 weeks from 25th September 1991.

Yours faithfully,

.....
for PRINCIPAL OFFICER

*THE ABOVE PROPOSAL IS ACCEPTABLE SUBJECT TO
COMPLIANCE WITH THE BUILDING BYE-LAWS.*

PLANNING DEPT.
DEVELOPMENT CONTROL SECT
Date 26.11.91
Time 11.25
.....

*for Sta Devine
John O'Reilly JBHO
14/11/91.*

*Peter Whelan-
13/11/91.*

COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ÁTHA CLIATH

Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

Permission to subdivide existing office and warehouse premises at Airton Road, Tallaght to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application and new works to Airton Road, office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises for Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

COND.	
Standard.	100
Roads:	
S. Sers:	
Open Spaces:	
Other:	
SECURITY:	
Boys/C.I.F.:	
Cash:	

Integrated Development Services,
146 Lower Drumcondra Road,
Drumcondra,
Dublin 9.

Reg. Ref. 91A/1553
App. Recd: 25.09.1991
Floor Area: 14 sq. m²
Site Area: 5,200 sq. m²
Zoning: E

Report of the Dublin Planning Officer, dated 14 November 1991

This is an application for PERMISSION to subdivide existing office and warehouse premises at Airton Road, Tallaght to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application and new works to Airton Road, office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises for Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd. This application should be seen in conjunction with 91A/1554.

The site is a standard plot, approximately 5,200 sq. metres and well maintained.

The existing building on Airton Road is a standard warehouse and office block comprising approximately 1315 sq. metres. The major portion of this is in warehouse. The office block and related store comprise approximately 398 sq. metres.

HISTORY

The planning history to this site indicates the following:-

90A-401 - Permission granted for 115 sq. metre store at rear of existing premises.

The purpose of the subject application is to split the existing offices and warehouse and to create two separate and independent units, i.e. office block and store and warehouse. The entire site is outlined in red, and therefore a decision "in principle" is required.

A separate file, 91A-1554 relates to the "warehouse" section, which is intended to be sold off to another occupant. The existing occupant, Sandoz, only requires the office block and store for its future needs in the Dublin area.

The office block and store together would require 15 car parking spaces. 18 are shown.

cc. car park to be greatly underutilized. A site inspection showed the existing Contd.../

COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ÁTHA CLIATH

Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

Permission to subdivide existing office and warehouse premises at Airton Road, Tallaght to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application and new works to Airton Road, office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises for Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

The warehouse section would require 46 spaces to comply with Development Plan Standards. 38 are shown, but it is argued that only 19 will actually be needed.

The revisions to the elevation are designed to match those of the warehouse. An integrated proposal has been devised, showing light grey forticrete outer leaf with dark grey bands. The office block will include a double glazed aluminium porch and windows in synthapulum or similar finish.

A report on file from Sanitary Services indicates that they have no objection to the proposal.

I recommend that a decision to GRANT PERMISSION be made under the Local Government (Planning and Development) Acts, 1963-1990 subject to the following (6) conditions:-

CONDITIONS

REASONS FOR CONDITIONS

1. The development to be carried out in its entirety in accordance with the plans, particulars and specifications lodged with the application, save as may be required by the other conditions attached hereto.

1. To ensure that the development shall be in accordance with the permission and that effective control be maintained.

2. That before development commences, approval under the Building Bye-Laws be obtained, and all conditions of that approval be observed in the development.

2. In order to comply with the Sanitary Services Acts, 1878-1964.

3. That ~~any~~ proposed boundary treatment shall be agreed with the Planning Authority *prior to development*
commencing

3. In the interest of the proper planning and development of the area.

4. That the applicant to submit to the Planning Authority a scaled drawing indicating the exact boundaries of the 2 sites outlined in red.

4. To enable the Planning Authority to monitor the development.

5. That a financial contribution in the sum of £100 be paid by the proposer to the Dublin County Council towards the cost of provision of public services in the area of the proposed development and which facilitate this development; this contribution to be paid before the commencement of development on the site.

5. The provision of such services in the area by the Council will facilitate the proposed development. It is considered reasonable that the developer should contribute towards the cost of providing the services.

(see bond 6 over)

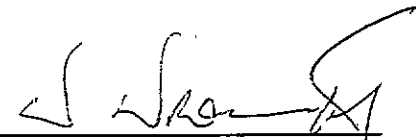
COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ÁTHA CLIATH

Record of Executive Business and Manager's Orders

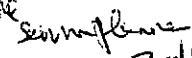
Permission to subdivide existing office and warehouse premises at Airton Road, Tallaght to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application and new works to Airton Road, office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises for Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

6. That the office use be incidental to the use of the balance of the structure as a store.
6 In the interest of the proper planning and development of the area

(GB/BB)

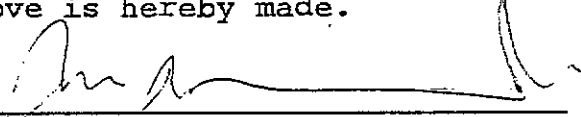
Endorsed: - 
for Principal Officer


For Dublin Planning Officer

14.11.91
Approved by  2/11/91

Order:- A decision pursuant to Section 26(1) of the Local Government (Planning and Development) Acts, 1963-1990, to GRANT PERMISSION for the above proposal subject to the ⁵ (6) conditions set out above is hereby made.

Dated: 21st November, 1991.


ASSISTANT CITY & COUNTY MANAGER

to whom the appropriate powers have been delegated by Order of the Dublin City and County Manager, dated 6th November 1991.

SS + Cms.

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
PLANNING AND BUILDING CONTROL DEPARTMENT

②

Senior Engineer,
Sanitary Services Dept.

Register Reference : 91A/1553

Date : 26th September 1991

Development : Sub-divide existing office & warehouse premises to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application are new works to Airton Road office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises

LOCATION : Airton Road, Tallaght

Applicant : Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

App. Type : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

Planning Officer :

Date Recd. : 25th September 1991

Attached is a copy of the application for development. Your report would be appreciated within the next 28 days.

Date received in sanitary services : 4 OCT. 1991

DUBLIN CO. COUNCIL
SANITARY SERVICES
Development. Your
- 8 NOV 1991
Returned *[Signature]*

DUBLIN Co. Council
4 OCT. 1991
SAN SERVICES

FOUL SEWER

No objection - existing system

PLANNING DEPT.
DEVELOPMENT CONTROL SECT
Date 11.11.91
Time 3.00

SURFACE WATER

Surface water run off is subject to the provision of the Water Pollution Act.

[Signature]
30.10.91

SS7CHD

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

Tel. 724755 (ext. 262/264)

PLANNING DEPARTMENT,
BLOCK 2,
IRISH LIFE CENTRE,
LR. ABBEY STREET,
DUBLIN 1.

Notification of Decision to Grant Permission/

Local Government (Planning and Development) Acts, 1963-1983

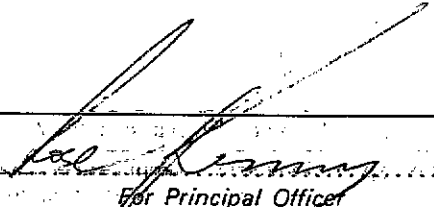
Integrated Development Services, Decision Order P/5269/91 - 21.11.1991
 To Number and Date
 146 Lower Drumcondra Road, 91A/1553
 Register Reference No.
 Drumcondra,
 Dublin 9. Planning Control No.
 Application Received on 25.09.1991
 Applicant Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

In pursuance of its functions under the above-mentioned Acts, the Dublin County Council, being the Planning Authority for the County Health District of Dublin, did by Order dated as above make a decision to grant Permission/ for:-
 to subdivide existing office and warehouse premises at Airton Road, Tallaght to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application and new works to Airton Road, office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises.

SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS

CONDITIONS	REASONS FOR CONDITIONS
<p>1. The development to be carried out in its entirety in accordance with the plans, particulars and specifications lodged with the application, save as may be required by the other conditions attached hereto.</p> <p>2. That before development commences, approval under the Building Bye-Laws be obtained, and all conditions of that approval be observed in the development.</p> <p>3. That proposed boundary treatment shall be agreed with the Planning Authority prior to development commencing.</p> <p>4. That the applicant to submit to the Planning Authority a scaled drawing indicating the exact boundaries of the 2 sites outlined in red.</p>	<p>1. To ensure that the development shall be in accordance with the permission and that effective control be maintained.</p> <p>2. In order to comply with the Sanitary Services Acts, 1878-1964.</p> <p>3. In the interest of the proper planning and development of the area.</p> <p>4. To enable the Planning Authority to monitor the development.</p>

Signed on behalf of the Dublin County Council



for Principal Officer

21st November, 1991.

Date

IMPORTANT: Turn overleaf for further information

CONDITIONS

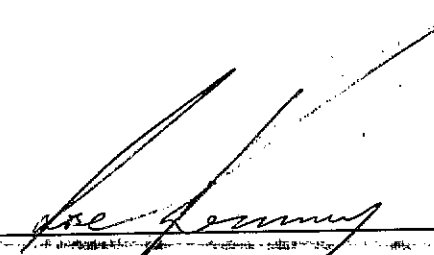
REASONS FOR CONDITIONS

5. That a financial contribution in the sum of £100. be paid by the proposer to the Dublin County Council towards the cost of provision of public services in the area of the proposed development and which facilitate this development; this contribution to be paid before the commencement of development on the site.

6. That the office use be incidental to the use of the balance of the structure as a store.

5. The provision of such services in the area by the Council will facilitate the proposed development. It is considered reasonable that the developer should contribute towards the cost of providing the services.

6. In the interest of the proper planning and development of the area.



NOTE:

If there is no appeal to An Bord Pleanala against this decision PERMISSION/APPROVAL will be granted by the Council as soon as may be after the expiration of the period for the taking of such appeal. If every appeal made in accordance with the Acts has been withdrawn, the Council will grant the PERMISSION/APPROVAL after the withdrawal.

An appeal against the decision may be made to An Bord Pleanala. The applicant may appeal within one month from the date of receipt by him of this notification. ANY OTHER PERSON may appeal within twenty-one days beginning on the date of the decision.

An appeal shall be in writing and shall state the subject matter and grounds of the appeal. It should be addressed to:—
An Bord Pleanala, Blocks 6 and 7, Irish Life Centre, Lower Abbey Street, Dublin 1.

(1) An appeal lodged by an applicant or his agent with An Bord Pleanala will be invalid unless accompanied by a fee of £36 (Thirty-six Pounds). (2) A party to an appeal making a request to An Bord Pleanala for an Oral Hearing of an appeal must, in addition to (1) above, pay to An Bord Pleanala a fee of £36 (Thirty-six Pounds). (3) A person who is not a party to an appeal must pay a fee of £10 (Ten Pounds) to An Bord Pleanala when making submissions or observations to An Bord Pleanala in relation to an appeal.

Approval of the Council under Building Bye-Laws must be obtained and the terms of the approval must be complied with in the carrying out of the work before any development which may be permitted is commenced.

● Integrated Development Services Ltd.

Property Acquisition and Development Consultants.

146 Lower Drumcondra Road, Dublin 9, Ireland. Telephone: (01) 370936, 379362, 360033. Fax: (01) 369303.

Principal Planning Officer,
Dublin County Council,
Planning Department,
Block 11,
Irish Life Centre,
Lower Abbey Street,
Dublin 1.

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
PLANNING DEPT.
RECEIVED
25 OCT 1991

25th October 1991

Re: Building Bye-Law Application

Ref: 91 A/1553

Proposed Alterations to Office Entrance for

Sandoz Ltd., Airton Road, Tallaght.

91A/1553
2-2-2,2
Hand A.1 for B.B.C.

Dear Sirs,

As final part of our building bye-law application we enclose 2
No. copies of the following:-

1. Engineers Certificate.
2. Calculations.
3. Civil and Structural Specification.
4. G.A. Details - Plans and Sections.

I trust the above to be in order.

Yours faithfully,



Adam Heffernan
Integrated Development Services Ltd.

JOHN MOYLAN & ASSOCIATES

Consulting Engineers

The Chief Planning Officer,
Dublin County Council,
Block 11,
Irish Life Centre,
Lower Abbey Street,
Dublin 1.

79 Merrion Square,
Dublin 2.

Telephone: (01) 615337/612475.
Facsimile: (01) 610255.

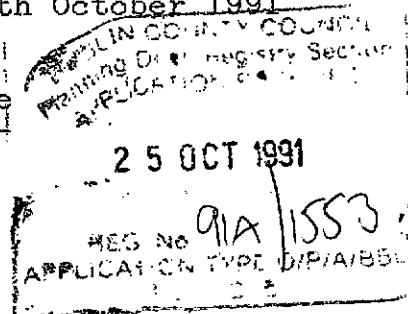
Your Ref.

Our Ref. S-56A/JM

25th October 1991

Re: Proposed Alterations to Office Entrance

For Sandoz Ltd. Airton Road Tallaght




Dear Sirs,

We wish to advise that we have been appointed civil and structural consulting engineers in connection with the above development.

We confirm that all works of a civil and structural content will be designed at this office in accordance with the relevant updated Irish and British Standards and Codes of Practice.

If the job proceeds and if we are engaged to do so the structural works will be supervised by periodic visits to the site in the manner normal to consulting engineers. The frequency of such visits will depend on the apparent need for supervision as the job proceeds.

Yours faithfully,



John Moylan
John Moylan & Associates.

John Moylan, B.E., C. Eng., M.I.E.I., M. Cons. E.I.

PROPOSED ALTERATIONS

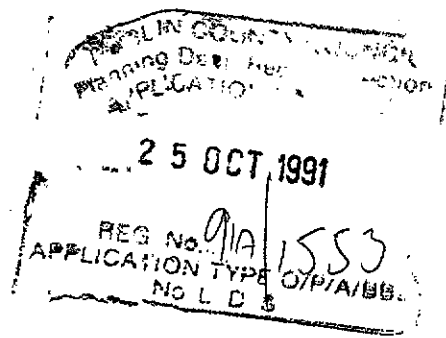
TO OFFICE ENTRANCE

FOR

SANDOZ LTD.

AIRTON ROAD

TALLAGHT.



OUTLINE STRUCTURAL CALCULATION

John Moylan & Associates,
Consulting Engineers,
79, Merrion Square,
Dublin 2.

Tel Nos. (01) 615337/612475
Fax No. (01) 610255

October 1991

JOHN MOYLAN & ASSOCIATES
TELEPHONE NO. 615337 / 612475
FAX NO. 610255

CONTRACT: SANDOZ

STRUCTURAL ALTERATIONS

DRG. NO:

JOB NO: 556

SHEET NO: 01

DATE:

DESIGN: P.A.I.

CALCULATION INDEX.

DESIGN INFORMATION	02
STRUCTURAL PROPOSAL	03
ROOF BEAM OVER WINDOW OPE	04
FOUNDATION TO NEW OUTER LEAF	05
STRUCTURAL FRAME TO PORCH	05

SIGN INFORMATION

02

CLIENT	SANDOZ LTD.
ARCHITECT	INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
ENGINEER	JOHN MOYLAN AND ASSOCIATES
DESIGN CODES	15325, 05449.
INTENDED USE OF STRUCTURE	OFFICE / COMMERCIAL
FIRE RESISTANCE REQUIREMENTS	AS PER ARCHITECTS REQUIREMENTS
GENERAL LOADING CONDITIONS	ROOF LIVE 0.75 kN/m ²
WIND LOADING CONDITIONS	BASIC WIND SPEED 44 m/s ¹
EXPOSURE CONDITIONS	MILD : INTERNAL , MODERATE : EXTERNAL
SUBSOIL CONDITIONS	TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE
FOUNDATION TYPE	STRIP FOOTINGS
CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT	f_{cu} 30 N/mm ² f_y 460 N/mm ²

JOHN MOYLAN & ASSOCIATES
TELEPHONE NO. 615337 / 612475
FAX NO. 610255

CONTRACT: SANDS 2.

STRUCTURAL ALTERATIONS

DRAWING NO:

JOB NO: 556

SHEET NO: 03

DATE:

DESIGN: P.S.J.

STRUCTURAL PROPOSAL

THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT COMPRISES OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW OUTER LOBBY TO THE FRONT ELEVATION OF THE SINGLE STORY OFFICE BLOCK AND A NEW FEATURED ENTRANCE PORCH.

THE NEW OUTER LOBBY, ARISING OFF AN UPGRADED FOUNDATION WILL BE TIED BACK TO THE EXISTING WALL WITH STAINLESS STEEL FRAMES THROUGH WALL TIES.

THE PROPOSED ENTRANCE PORCH CONSTRUCTED FROM ALUMINIUM BOX SECTIONS WILL BE FRAMED OUT WITH A STRUCTURAL STEELWORK SUB-FRAME.

ALL STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS WILL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RELEVANT CODES OF PRACTICE AND OPENING UP WORKS WILL BE CARRIED OUT ON THE EXISTING BUILDING TO ENSURE THAT ~~THE~~ PROPOSED WORKS CAN BE FULLY INTEGRATED WITH THE EXISTING STRUCTURE.

DR NO:

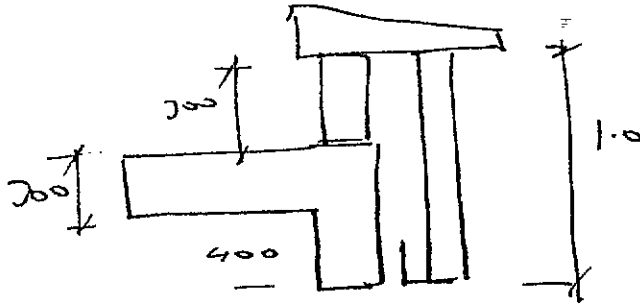
JOB NO: 556

SHEET NO: 04

DATE:

DESIGN:

new beam over window opening



beam span 5.2 m

LOADING

slab wt.	$0.4 \times 0.25 \times 24$	2.1	
	$0.3 \times 1.75 \times 24$	5.4	
slab inner	0.3×4.7	1.41	
curb.	$0.15 \times 0.5 \times 24$	1.8	
slab outer	2.1×1.0	2.1	
roof finishes	1.0×0.5	0.5	
		<u>13.31</u>	
		$\downarrow 1.4$	18.64
roof	1.5×0.5	0.75	
		$\downarrow 1.6$	<u>1.2</u>
			20 kN/m
ultimate moment	$20 \times \frac{5.2^2}{8}$	= 67.64 kNm	
ultimate shear	$20 \times \frac{5.2}{2}$	52 kN	
$b = 215$	$h = 700$	$d = 650$	
$m/bd^2 = 0.74$	use mm	\Rightarrow	beam ok.

JOHN MOYLAN & ASSOCIATES
 TELEPHONE NO. 615337/612475
 FAX NO. 610255

CONTRACT: SANDOZ.

STRUCTURAL ALTERATIONS

DRAWING NO:

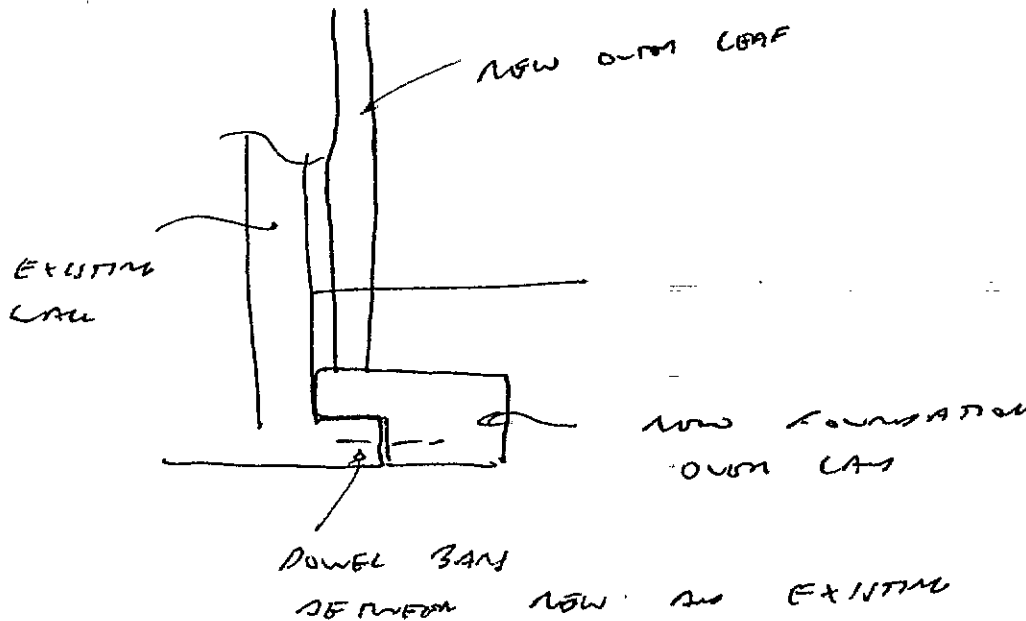
JOB NO: 556

SHEET NO: 05

DATE:

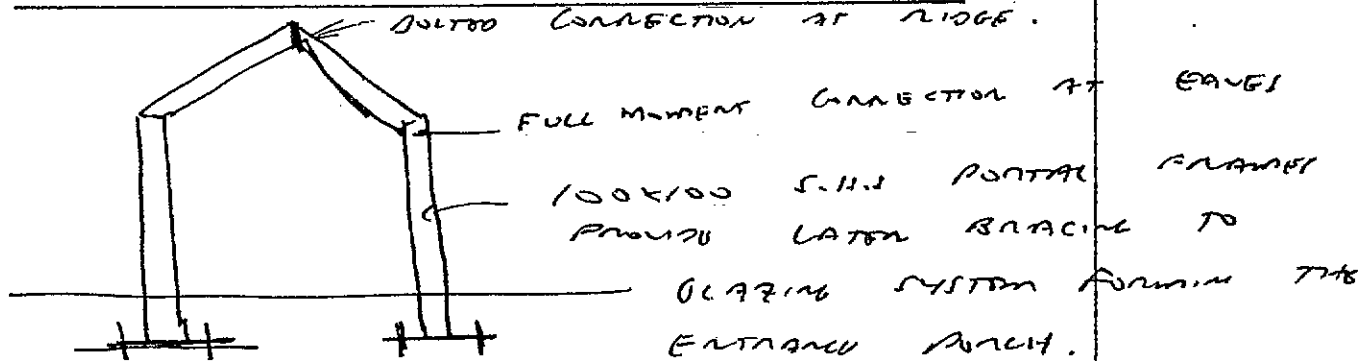
DESIGN: P.M.

FOUNDATION TO NEW OUTER LEAF.



FOUNDATION WALL VERY LOW ⇒
 EXTENDING STAFF LENGTH WITH 30 OR
 PROVIDED FOUNDATION LEVEL OF EXISTING
 HAS AN AREA OF APPROX PREVIOUS GRADATOR THAN
 100 cm².

STRUCTURAL FRAME TO ARCH



PROPOSED ALTERATIONS

TO OFFICE ENTRANCE

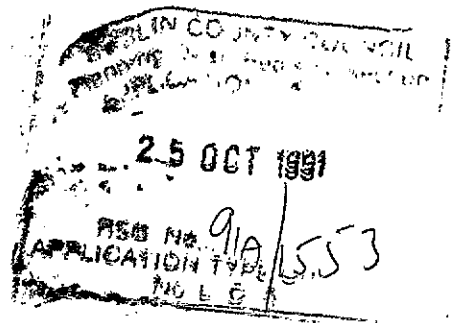
FOR

SANDOZ LTD.

AIRTON ROAD

TALLAGHT

CIVIL AND STRUCTURAL SPECIFICATION



John Moylan & Associates,
Consulting Engineers,
79, Merrion Square,
Dublin 2.

Tel Nos. (01) 615337/612475
Fax No. (01) 610255

October 1991

CONTENTS

PREAMBLE

SECTION B

EXCAVATION, EARTHWORKS

Page B1

SECTION C

CONCRETE

Page C1

SECTION D

BLOCKWORK

Page D1

SECTION F

STRUCTURAL STEELWORK

Page F1

PREAMBLE - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.1. DEFINITIONS.

The following terms whenever used in this specification shall be taken to have the meanings indicated below:

The "Engineer" shall mean

John Moylan & Associates,
79, Merrion Square,
Dublin 2.

"Approved" or "Approval" shall mean approved by the Engineer in writing.

1.2. RESPONSIBILITY

No approval by the Engineer shall in any way relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for the quality of materials and the standard of workmanship in the finished works and for the strength and durability and appearance of the finished concrete works.

1.3. VARIATIONS

No variations to this specification may be made unless approved by the Engineer.

1.4. DEFECTIVE WORK

Where in the opinion of the Engineer any of the finished works or the materials or workmanship in any part of the works do not comply with all the relevant parts of this specification, that part of the works shall be classed as defective works.

All such work shall be cut out and replaced to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The extent of the work to be removed and the methods to be used in removal and replacement of this work shall be in accordance with the directions of the Engineer.

1.5. DESIGN

The reinforced concrete works have been designed generally in accordance with the recommendations contained in British Codes of Practice B.S. 8110. In regard to concrete materials, specification and construction, the Contractor shall comply with the recommendations made in section 6 of B.S. 8110 together with Road Note No. 4 prepared by the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (Design of concrete mixes) unless specifically excluded or modified hereafter.

1.6. WORKS PROGRAMME

The Contractor shall submit a programme of works for the approval of the Engineer. Notwithstanding such approval, the Contractor shall comply with the Engineer's instructions to carry out any part of the works at any time.

1.7. SITE INVESTIGATIONS

Prior to submitting his tender the Contractor shall carry out a thorough examination of the site. He shall satisfy himself as to his ability to complete the Works in accordance with the Contract and ensure that he has made adequate provision in his tender for all supervision, plant, temporary works, etc. necessary for such completion.

The report of the site investigation carried out by the Engineer is included for the information of the Contractor. This report does not relieve the contractor of his obligation to examine the site thoroughly and to include in his tender for all costs necessary for the satisfactory completion of the Works. The site investigation has been carried out for the specific purpose of design of the permanent works. The interpretation of the data for the design and/ or costing of temporary works and/or alternative design submissions is the responsibility of the Contractor.

Notwithstanding the site investigation report or the tender, variations in ground conditions which are of a normal nature and could reasonably be foreseen by competent Contractors experienced with Works of this nature on sites of similar geological formation, shall not form any basis for a claim.

The Contractor shall be at liberty to carry out a separate site investigation to investigate subsoil conditions entirely at his own cost. In this event, the Contractor shall consult with the Engineer, prior to commencement of the investigation, on the proposed scope of work and on the proposed method of operations and of testing. The results of any such investigation shall be made known to the Engineer immediately they become available to the Contractor, firstly during the course of field work and secondly on completion of laboratory testing including the provision of a report and/or conclusions.

1.8. SETTING OUT

The Contractor will be supplied with the information necessary to establish the lines and levels of the works. Where master pegs and /or levels have been

established by the Engineer, the Contractor shall check the accuracy of their position, level and/or alignment and shall immediately notify the Engineer of any discrepancies. The Contractor shall ensure that the position of all master pegs and, where given, master levels can be accurately located by referencing them by measurement and/or level to reference points. At least two independent reference points shall be provided for each master peg. All master pegs and reference points shall be clearly marked and where appropriate bedded in concrete. They shall be adequately protected during the construction of the Works. Where it is necessary to remove a master peg additional reference pegs shall be provided.

Prior to commencing construction the Contractor shall set out centre lines and grid lines in sufficient detail to ensure that the work is fully compatible with existing features and any proposed constructions. The centre lines of the Works shall be perfectly co-ordinated with and shall be continuous with the centre lines of the adjacent works or existing roads. The Contractor shall, when instructed by the Engineer, make any adjustments necessary to satisfy these requirements. Where appropriate, reference points shall be adjusted to take account of the new locations of the master pegs.

The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the setting out of the works and the Engineer accepts no responsibility for replacing any of the master pegs or master levels where these have been given.

1.9. WATCHING, LIGHTING AND PROTECTION OF PUBLIC

The Contractor shall provide for protection of the works and property and for the protection and convenience of the public, adjacent owners, and occupiers including all necessary watching, lighting, barriers, guard rails, warning notices and for all precautions required by the Engineer.

1.10. NOISE CONTROL

The Contractor shall comply with the general recommendations set out in BS 5228 Code of Practice for Noise Control on Construction and Demolition Sites together with any specific requirements described in the Contract.

1.11. PROTECTION OF WATERCOURSES FROM POLLUTION

The Contractor shall ensure that waste products of whatever description associated with the works shall not enter watercourses, whether normally dry or not, which are adjacent to the works. The Contractor shall be solely liable for any claims for damage, including consequential loss or damage, resulting from such pollution.

1.12. PROTECTION OF EXISTING WORKS AND AMENITIES

The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to safeguard all existing buildings and works from damage by construction activity, plant operation, ground water movement, ground movement and settlement, and all other activities associated with the execution of the Contract. If, in the opinion of the contractor, damage will, or is likely to be, caused to mains, services or adjacent structures, he shall submit to the Engineer his proposals for making surveys, monitoring movements or vibrations and provision of adequate temporary supports to avoid such damage.

1.13. CONDITION SURVEY

The Contractor shall carry out a condition survey and make all necessary records (Photographic or otherwise) of existing structures and other properties that could be affected by the execution of the works prior to the commencement of construction. The results of the condition survey shall be served on all interested parties and shall be maintained as a permanent record of the condition of existing adjoining properties prior to the commencement of construction.

1.14. EXISTING SERVICES

If any privately owned service for water, electricity, drainage, etc. passing through the Site is affected by the Works, then the Contractor shall locate it and provide a satisfactory alternative service before cutting the existing service.

The positions of Statutory Undertakers' mains and services and Public Authorities' sewers shall be verified by the Contractor who must satisfy himself as to the exact position of such apparatus. The Contractor shall take all measures required by any Statutory Undertaker or Public Authority for the support and full protection of the pipes, cables, and other apparatus during the progress of the Works.

1.15. FACILITIES TO OTHER CONTRACTORS OR UNDERTAKERS

The Contractor shall, during the period of the Contract, afford all reasonable facility to other Contractors or Service Undertakers who may be engaged in authorised work on or adjacent to the site.

1.16. MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT AND WORKMANSHIP

All materials and equipment shall be of the best of their type and to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Materials shall, as far as possible be of Irish manufacture or origin, and shall conform to the appropriate Irish Standard Specification. Where no Irish Standard Specification exists, materials shall comply with the relevant British Standard.

1.17. SAMPLING AND TESTING

Materials and mixtures shall be tested in accordance with the appropriate Standard Specification when directed by the Engineer.

1.18. ALTERNATIVE MATERIALS

Where alternative specified materials are permitted, the Contractor shall inform the Engineer of his choice at least 4 weeks before the material is to be used, or longer if such period is required for testing of the material by the Engineer. The material shall not then be changed without the Engineers approval.

1.19. TIDY SITE ON COMPLETION OF WORK

On completion of the work the Contractor shall leave the site in a neat and tidy condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Carriageway and footpath surfaces shall be thoroughly swept and freed from mud and loose chippings. Boundary walls, fences and adjacent properties shall be cleaned of any splashings or dirt which may be attributed to the work on the contract and paintwork shall be touched up where it has been damaged due to the Contractor's activity.

SECTION BEXCAVATION, AND EARTHWORKS1.1. Nature of Ground

The Contractor shall visit the site and satisfy himself as to the general nature of the ground. It is assumed that foundations can be founded on suitable ground at depths not exceeding 1500mm below reduced ground level following general excavation of the site.

Only when the actual foundations have been excavated can the foregoing assumptions be confirmed, and it is, of course, possible that the design of the foundations may have to be altered if unexpected ground conditions are met.

1.2. Excavation

Excavation shall be to the dimensions and levels shown on the drawings or to such other dimensions and levels as required by the Engineers. Any excavation in excess of that required shall be backfilled with lean mix concrete or such other material, which may be approved by the Engineers, and compacted to their satisfaction.

Excavations for foundations in positions adjacent to existing buildings, roads, sewers and pathways shall be carried out in such a manner and in a sequence that any any time these buildings, roadways, sewers and pathways are not endangered by the excavation. Hand excavation shall be included for in the rates. All propping, shoring and methods of excavation must be discussed with the Engineers and have their approval prior to commencement of the work. Such approval by the Engineers will not relieve the Contractor in any way of his responsibility to ensure the safety of the workings and of adjacent buildings.

1.3. Additional Excavation

Any additional excavation required to accommodate the temporary support of sides of excavations shall be provided and backfilled at the Contractor's expense.

1.4. Strip Topsoil

Topsoil shall be excavated in the areas and to the depths required. Note that these depths vary over the site. The volume of topsoil to be preserved for re-use shall be stockpiled in temporary spoil heaps where directed. Topsoil shall be kept separate from other materials. Surplus topsoil shall be removed from site and taken either to the Contractor's own tip or to an area selected by the Client.

1.5. Classification of Excavation

Excavation shall be classified as:-

- (a) Excavation in any material except solid rock.
- (2) Excavation in solid rock.

Rock shall mean natural rock formation which can be removed properly only by means of explosives, boring or wedging or some other recognised method of quarrying solid rock. It shall also include solid boulders of 1 cubic metre or more, in volume. The Engineer shall be sole judge as to when the material excavated comes under the heading of rock. Where rock is encountered it will be measured up and included in the amount of ordinary excavation in the tender where it occurs and it will also be measured up and paid for at the EXTRA price over ordinary excavation as scheduled for rock in the tender.

1.6. Use of Explosives

Explosives shall not be used without the permission of the Engineer and then only in the manner and to the extent he may prescribe.

1.7. Obstructions

Any obstructions at or below formation level shall be reported to the Engineers and shall be dealt with as directed by them.

1.8. Formation

To minimise moisture softening the formation shall be exposed for as short a time as possible. The last 250m.m. of excavation shall not be taken out until concrete is almost ready to start. The formation shall be lightly rammed. Before any concrete is placed the Contractor shall call on the Engineers or their representative to inspect the formation. Formwork and excavation shall be clean and free from water at the time of placing concrete.

1.9. Planking and Strutting

The sides of excavations shall be planked and strutted in accordance with statutory requirements and to the approval of the Engineer.

1.10. Propping and Shoring

The Contractor will be held entirely responsible for the strength, adequacy and stability of any necessary propping, shoring, strutting and the like, and shall be responsible for making good any loss or damage resulting from any failure in this respect.

1.11. Pumping

The Contractor shall provide all pumping equipment and other works necessary to keep the excavation free of water and to prevent the direct access of water to the formation.

Excavation shall be so arranged that any water entering the cut is immediately drained away to a sump or other point from which it can be pumped or otherwise disposed of. Before any pumping takes place, especially near existing structure, the approval of the Engineers shall be sought, but this approval will not absolve the Contractor from his responsibility for the safety of existing structures. If the Contractor pumps or otherwise puts water into a drain, he shall be responsible for seeking all permissions and for removing from the system all deposits caused thereby.

1.12. Filling

Except under foundations, layers of approved filling material consolidated to the satisfaction of the Engineers shall be placed below all ground slabs, on top of which a layer of lean mix shall be placed, all to receive a 1000 g. Visqueen waterproof membrane placed as shown on the drawings. This fill shall be applied only when the formation level is free of mud and slurry, the formation left shall be exposed for as short a time as possible between removing unsuitable soil and applying the fillings. The formation level shall be lightly rammed and generally levelled before filling commences. Backfilling around pads, strip footings and retaining walls shall also be in this approved fill material.

Granular filling where specified shall comprise either of:-

gravels, crushed rock or crushed concrete, to the following gradings (by weight).

<u>SIZE</u>	<u>GRAVELS</u> (% passing)	<u>CRUSHED ROCK/CONCRETE</u> (% passing)
75m.m.	100%	100%
40m.m.	85-100	85-100
10m.m.	45-100	40-70
5m.m.	25-85	25-45
600 Microns	8-45	8-22
75 Microns	0-10	0-2

The Contractor shall supply a grading analysis, done by an independent testing authority, indicating compliance of the proposed filling material with this specification.

The filling shall be deposited in layers not exceeding 250m.m. when compacted and shall be at a moisture level content within the range of 5 -8% for gravel and not exceeding 5% for the crushed stone or concrete.

Each layer shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineers with approved mechanical equipment.

1.13. Underpinning of Existing Walls

The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that his operations do not in any way impair the safety or conditions of existing structures or existing supports and shoring to them. He shall provide any temporary supports required for this purpose, and shall carefully inspect the condition of the structure both before and during execution of the work, and immediately inform the Engineer if he considers that any more stringent procedure than that specified is necessary.

Underpinning is to be carried out to the satisfaction of the Engineer and Local Authority in short sections generally not exceeding 1000 m.m. in length, in such a manner that adequate support is at all times maintained to the underside of the wall for at least three-quarters of its length and that sections of work in progress at any one time are separated by a distance of at least 4000 m.m.

Projecting portions of the existing brick and/or concrete footings are to be carefully cut off where directed, and the underside of the footings are to be cleaned and hacked free of any dirt, soil or loose material before underpinning.

The body of the underpinning is to be constructed in mass concrete mix Type A using Rapid Hardening Portland Cement, and is to be cast to the widths and depths shown on the drawings. The bottoms of excavations are to be prepared as specified for foundations generally.

Excavation and concreting of any section of underpinning shall be carried out on the same day.

The mass of the concrete shall be poured to a level which shall be a minimum of 225 m.m. above the underside of existing foundation. The concrete below the existing foundation shall be well compacted with a bent podger or other means so that the concrete penetrates all the gaps of the underside of the existing footing.

Any 'letterboxes' or similar used by the Contractor to place concrete in this fashion shall be removed after one day as may be necessary to achieve a flush outside surface. Such removal shall be effected without damage to the body of the underpinning concrete.

Alternatively -

The mass of the concrete shall be poured to a level 75m.m. below the underside of existing foundation. The concrete shall be well compacted with a bent podger or other means so that the concrete penetrates all the interstices of the underside of the existing footing. When the mass concrete has set, the final pinning up shall be carried out with a damp stiff Grade 30 concrete mix (using REPC) well rammed into the 15m.m. gap.

Excavation to any section of underpinning shall not be commenced until at least 48 hours after completion of any adjacent sections of the work.

The Contractor shall keep a record on site of the sequence and dimensions of underpinning as actually executed, including the dates of starting excavation, casting concret and pinning up for each section.

1.14. Protection

Protect as necessary, all work described in this section during the progress of the works and clean down and leave perfect on completion.

SECTION C.CONCRETE1. FORMWORK AND SURFACE FINISH.1.1. Construction

1 Formwork shall include all temporary or permanent forms required for forming the concrete together with all temporary construction required for their support.

2 All formwork shall be so constructed that there shall be no loss of material from the concrete.

After hardening the concrete shall be in the position and of the shape, dimensions and surface finish described in the Contract.

3 Where internal metal ties are permitted, they or their removable parts shall be extracted without damage to the concrete and the remaining holes filled with mortar. No permanently embedded metal part shall have less than 35mm cover to the finished concrete surface.

1.2. Formed Surfaces - Classes of Finish.

1 The requirements extra to those given in Clause 1.1. to provide the class of finish described in the Contract shall be:

Class F1 Nil

Class F2 The irregularities in the finish shall be no greater than those obtained from the use of wrought thickened square edged boards arranged in a uniform pattern. The finish is intended to be left as struck but imperfections such as fins and surface discolouration shall, if required, be made good by methods approved by the Engineer.

Class F3 The formwork shall be lined with a material approved by the Engineer to provide a smooth finish of uniform texture and appearance. This material shall leave no stain on the concrete and shall be so joined and fixed to its backing, that it imparts no blemishes. It shall be of the same type and obtained from only one source throughout any one structure. The Contractor shall make good any imperfections in the resulting finish, as required by the Engineer. Internal ties and embedded metal parts will be allowed only with the Engineer's specific approval.

2 The Contractor shall ensure that permanently exposed surfaces to Class F2 and F3 finish are protected from rust marks, spillage and stains of all kinds.

1.3. Preparation of Formwork before Concreting.

1 The inside surfaces of forms shall, except for permanent formwork, or unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, be coated with an approved material to prevent adhesion of the concrete. Release agents shall be applied strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and shall not come into contact with the reinforcement or prestressing tendons and anchorages. Different release agents shall not be used in formwork to concrete which will be visible in the finished Works.

2 Immediately before concreting, all forms shall be thoroughly cleaned out.

1.4. Removal of Formwork.

1 The Engineer shall be informed in advance when the Contractor intends to strike any formwork.

2 Attention is drawn to the provisions of Clause 1.4.4

3 The time at which the formwork is struck shall be the Contractor's responsibility, but the minimum periods between concreting and the removal of forms shall be as follows:-

Sides of beams, walls columns and piles	24 hours.
Soffits of beams and slabs.	7 days.

4 The periods stated above are based on a constant surface temperature of the concrete of 16°C and the use of ordinary Portland cement. They shall be increased during cold weather as directed by the Engineer, and may be changed if other types of cement are used, subject to the Engineer's agreement.

5 Formwork shall be constructed so that the side forms of members can be removed without disturbing the soffit forms and, if props are to be left in place when the soffit forms are removed, these props shall not be disturbed during the striking.

6 For prestressed units the side forms shall be eased as early as possible and the soffit forms shall permit deformation of the member when the prestress is applied.

7 All formwork shall be removed without damage to the concrete.

8 Where it is intended that formwork is to be re-used, it shall be cleaned and made good to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

1.5. Unformed Surfaces - Classes of Finish.

1 Class U1 The concrete shall be uniformly levelled and screeded to produce a plain or ridged surface as described in the Contract. No further work shall be applied to the surface unless it is used as the first stage for a Class U2 or Class U3 finish.

2 Class U2 After the concrete has hardened sufficiently, the concrete Class U1 surface shall be floated by hand or machine sufficiently only to produce a uniform surface free from screed marks.

3 Class U3 When the moisture film has disappeared and the concrete has hardened sufficiently to prevent laitance from being worked to the surface, a Class U1 surface shall be steel-trowelled under firm pressure to produce a dense smooth uniform surface free from trowel marks.

1.6. Remedial Treatment of Surfaces.

1 Any remedial treatment to surfaces shall be agreed with the Engineer following inspection immediately after removing the formwork and shall be carried out without delay.

2 Any concrete, the surface of which has been treated before being inspected by the Engineer, shall be liable to rejection.

1.7. Tolerances.

On all setting out dimensions 3.00 metres and over a tolerance of plus or minus 6mm will be allowed. On all setting out dimensions under 3.00 metres a tolerance of plus or minus 3mm will be allowed. A tolerance of plus or minus 3mm will be permitted on the cross-section dimensions of structural members, unless otherwise required by the drawings. Columns and walls shall not be more than 6mm out of plumb in their storey height and not more than 19mm out of plumb in their full height. The Contractor will be responsible for the cost of all corrective measures required by the Engineer to rectify work which is not constructed within the tolerances set out above.

2. STEEL REINFORCEMENT.

2.1. GENERAL

1 Steel reinforcement shall be stored in clean conditions. It shall be clean and free from loose rust and loose mill scale at the time of fixing in position and subsequent concreting.

2.2. BENDING OF REINFORCEMENT.

1 Reinforcement shall be bent to the dimensions given in the Bar Schedules.

2 All reinforcement shall be bent at temperatures in the range of 5°C and 100°C.

3 Cold worked and hot rolled bars shall not be straightened or bent again once having been bent. Where it is necessary to bend mild steel reinforcement already cast in concrete, the internal radius of bend shall not be less than twice the diameter of the bar.

2.3. PLACING OF REINFORCEMENT.

1 Reinforcement shall be placed and maintained in the position shown in the Contract. Unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer all intersecting bars shall be tied together and the end of the tying wire shall be turned into the main body of concrete.

2 No splices shall be made in the reinforcement except where described in the Contract or where approved by the Engineer.

2.4. COVER BLOCKS.

1 Cover blocks required for ensuring that the reinforcement is correctly positioned, shall be as small as possible consistent with their purpose, of a shape acceptable to the Engineer, and designed so that they will not overturn when the concrete is placed. They shall be made of concrete with 10mm maximum aggregate size and the mix proportions shall comply with Table No 1 or 2 of Clause 3.1 to produce the same strength as the adjacent concrete. Wire shall be cast in the block for the purpose of tying it to the reinforcement.

2.5. WELDING OF REINFORCEMENT.

1 Reinforcement in structures shall not be welded except where permitted in the Contract. All welding procedures shall be subject to the prior approval of the Engineer in writing.

2.6. ATTENDANCE OF STEELFIXER.

During concreting a competent steelfixer shall be in continuous attendance on the concreters to adjust and correct the positions of any reinforcement which may be displaced.

2.7. STANDARDS.

All reinforcement shall comply with the current Irish and/or British Standards:

Mild Steel reinforcement	BS 785
Cold Worked square twisted reinforcement	BS 1144
Hard drawn steel wire fabric mesh.	BS 1221

3. CONCRETE

3.1. CONCRETE MIX DESIGN.

1 Mixes for the classes of concrete shown in Table No 1 shall be designed by the Contractor. Alternatively for Classes 30 and 20, the mixes in Table No. 2 may be used. The class of concrete is denoted by the minimum 28 day works cube strength and the maximum size of aggregate.

2 The cement content in any mix shall not exceed $530\text{kg}/\text{M}^3$ of concrete. The quantity of water used shall not exceed that required to produce a concrete with sufficient workability to be placed and compacted where required.

3.2. CONCRETE FOR ANCILLARY PURPOSES.

1 Class E concrete shall be composed of ordinary Portland cement and aggregates complying with BS 882 including all-in aggregate within the grading limits of Table 3 of the British Standard.

2 The weight of cement mixed with 0.28M^3 of combined or all-in aggregate shall not be less than 50.0kg . The mix shall be proportioned by weight or by volume.

3 The concrete shall be mixed by machine or by hand to a uniform colour and consistency before placing. The quantity of water used shall not exceed that required to produce a concrete with sufficient workability to be placed and compacted where required.

4 The concrete shall be compacted by hand or by mechanical vibration.

3.3. TRIAL MIXES.

1 No structural concrete shall be placed in the Works until the relevant mix has been approved by the Engineer.

2 When the Contractor designs the mix, he shall, at least 35 days before the commencement of concreting, have trial mixes prepared in a laboratory to be approved by the Engineer.

TABLE NO. 1. DESIGNED MIXES

Class	Minimum cement content in concrete	Minimum compressive strength 28 days after mixing	
		Preliminary test	Works test.
N/mm ² /mm	Kg/M ³	N/mm ²	N/mm ²
50/40	390	60.0	50.0
50/20	420	60.0	50.0
50/10	470	60.0	50.0
40/40	340	50.0	40.0
40/20	360	50.0	40.0
40/10	390	50.0	40.0
30/40	310	40.0	30.0
30/20	330	40.0	30.0
30/10	360	40.0	30.0
20/40	280	30.0	20.0
20/20	300	30.0	20.0

TABLE NO. 2 STANDARD MIXES

Class of concrete denoted by 28 day minimum works cube strength

Weight of dry gravel, or crushed rock, coarse aggregate, 50kg.

dry sand per 50 kg. cement

N/mm ²	Kg.	Maximum size			Maximum size			
		Low only	Low	Medium	High	Low	Medium	High
Workability								
Slump (m.m.)		0-6	12-25	25-50	50-120	25-50	50-100	100-175
Compacting Factor		.80-.86	.82-.88	.88-.94	.94-.97	.82-.88	.88-.94	.94-.97
30.0	70	100	150	115	90	180	140	115
20.0	90	Not required	190	160	140	225	190	170

NOTES

- 1 Cement shall comply with IS 1 or BS 12 or BS 146. Aggregate shall comply with IS 5 or BS 882 or BS 1047. The coarse aggregate shall be graded within the terms of the relevant IS or BS.
- 2 If the specific gravity of either the coarse or the fine aggregate differs significantly from 2.6, the weight of each type of aggregate should be adjusted in proportion to the specific gravity of the materials.
- 3 The weights are based on the use of a sand having a grading within the limits of grading Zone 2 in BS 882. See Clause 209e of CP114.
4. If a crushed stone sand or a crushed gravel sand is used instead of sand, the weight of the coarse aggregate should be reduced by at least 12 Kg without altering the weight of sand.
- 4 The weight of the fine aggregate should be decreased by at least 12Kg if its grading is within the limits of grading Zone 3 of BS 882 and increased by at least 12Kg if its grading is within the limits of grading Zone 1 of BS 882; the weight of coarse aggregate should be increased or decreased respectively, by the same amount so that the total weight of aggregate remains the same.

TRIAL MIXES - continued

The concrete from each mix shall be tested in accordance with Clause 3.8. and must satisfy the strength requirements of Table No. 1.

3 When the mix has been approved, no variations shall be made in the proportions, the original source of the cement and aggregates or in the type, size and grading zone of the latter without the consent of the Engineer who may require further tests to be made.

4 The Engineer may also require practical tests to be made on the Site by filling trial moulds to confirm the suitability of the mix for the Works. In these tests, the type of plant used for mixing, the method of compaction used, and the formwork face to the mould shall be similar in all respects to those intended for use in the Works.

5 When the Contractor intends to purchase factory-made pre-cast concrete units, the Engineer may dispense with trial mixes and laboratory tests, provided that evidence is given which satisfies him that the factory regularly produces concrete which complies with the Specification. The evidence shall include details of mix proportions, water: cement ratio, workability and strengths obtained at 28 days and 7 days.

3.4. ADMIXTURES.

1 Unless agreed by the Engineer neither admixtures nor cement containing additives shall be used.

3.5. DELIVERY AND STORAGE OF MATERIALS.

1 Cement shall be stored in a dry weather-proof shed with a raised wooden floor or in a silo and shall be delivered in quantities sufficient to ensure that there is no suspension or interruption of the work of concreting at any time. If stored in sheds, each consignment shall be kept separate and distinct.

2 Coarse aggregate, unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, shall be delivered to the Site in separate sizes (2 sizes when the maximum size is 20mm and 3 sizes when the maximum size is 40mm or more).

3 All aggregate brought upon the Site shall be kept free from contact with deleterious matter and in the case of aggregate passing a 5mm sieve they shall be deposited on the site of mixing for not less than 8 hours before use. Aggregates of different sizes shall be stored in different hoppers, or different stockpiles which shall be separated from each other.

3.6. MIXING CONCRETE.

1 The weighing and water-dispensing mechanisms shall be maintained in good order. Their accuracy shall be maintained within the tolerances described in BS 1305 and checked against accurate weights and volumes when required by the Engineer.

2 The weights of cement and each size of aggregate as indicated by the mechanisms employed shall be within a tolerance of ± 2 per cent of the respective weights per batch agreed by the Engineer. The weight of the fine and coarse aggregates shall be adjusted to allow for the free water contained in them. The water to be added to the mix shall be reduced by the quantity of the free water contained in the fine and coarse aggregates, which shall be determined by the Contractor by a method approved by the Engineer immediately before mixing begins, and further as the Engineer requires.

3 Unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, concrete shall be mixed in a batch type mixer manufactured in accordance with BS 1305 or in a batch type mixer, a specimen of which has been tested in accordance with BS 3963 and having a mixing performance within the limits of Table 6 of BS 1305. Where appropriate the batch capacity, method of loading, mixing time and drum speed shall conform to the details furnished in accordance with the requirements of BS 3963 for the mix which corresponds most closely to the mix proportions being used. The mixing blades of pan mixers shall be maintained within the tolerances specified by the manufacturer of the mixer and the blades shall be replaced when it is no longer

possible to maintain the tolerances by adjustment.

4 Mixers which have been out of use for more than 30 minutes shall be thoroughly cleaned before any fresh concrete is mixed. Unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, the first batch of concrete through the mixer shall then contain only two thirds of the normal quantity of coarse aggregate. Mixing plant shall be thoroughly cleaned before changing from one type of cement to another.

5 Concrete shall not be mixed when the air temperature in the shade is below 3°C unless special precautions are taken which have been approved by the Engineer. No frozen material or materials containing ice shall be used.

6 During hot weather the Contractor shall ensure that the constituent materials of the concrete are sufficiently cool to prevent the concrete from stiffening in the interval between its discharge from the mixer and compaction in its final position.

3.7. READY-MIXED CONCRETE.

1 Ready-mixed concrete as defined in BS 1926, batched off the Site, may be used only with the agreement of the Engineer and shall comply with all requirements of the Contract.

2 The concrete shall be carried in purpose made agitators, operating continuously, or truck mixers. The concrete shall be compacted and in its final position within 2 hours of the introduction of cement to the aggregates, unless a longer time is agreed by the Engineer. The time of such introduction shall be recorded on the Delivery Note together with the weight of the constituents of each mix.

3 When truck mixed concrete is used, water shall be added under supervision either at the Site or at the central batching plant as agreed by the Engineer but in no circumstances shall water be added in transit.

4 Unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, truck mixer units and their mixing and discharge performance shall comply with the requirements of BS 4251. Mixing shall continue for the number and rate of revolutions recommended in accordance with item 9 in Appendix B of BS 4251 or, in the absence of the manufacturer's instructions, mixing shall continue for not less than 100 revolutions at a rate of not less than 7 revolutions per minute.

3.8. SAMPLING

Sampling shall be in accordance with the requirements of BS 1881. Cubes for the works tested shall be made by the Contractor at regular intervals in groups of six. The location and time of such samples shall be agreed with the Engineer.

The Cubes shall be tested by the Nominated Testing Authority, three at 7 days and three at 21 days where Portland cement is used.

3.9. TRANSPORT AND PLACING.

1 The method of transporting and placing concrete shall be to the approval of the Engineer. Concrete shall be so transported and placed that contamination, segregation or loss of the constituent materials does not occur.

2 All formwork and reinforcement contained in it shall be clean and free from standing water, snow or ice immediately before the placing of the concrete.

3 Concrete shall not be placed in any part of the structure until the Engineer's approval has been given.

4 If concreting is not started within 24 hours of approval being given, approval shall again be obtained from the Engineer. Concreting shall then proceed continuously over the area between construction joints. Fresh concrete shall not be placed against in-situ concrete which has been in position for more than 30 minutes unless a construction joint is formed in accordance with Clause 311. When in-situ concrete has been in place for 4 hours no further concrete shall be placed against it for a further 20 hours.

5 Concrete when deposited shall have a temperature of not less than 5°C and not more than 32°C. It shall be compacted in its final position within 30 minutes of discharge from the mixer unless carried in purpose made agitators, operating continuously, when the time shall be within 2 hours of the introduction of cement to the mix and within 30 minutes of discharge from the agitator.

6 Except where otherwise agreed by the Engineer, concrete shall be deposited in horizontal layers to a compacted depth not exceeding 450mm where internal vibrators are used or 300mm in all other cases.

7 Unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, concrete shall not be dropped into place from a height exceeding 1,800mm. When trucking or chutes are used they shall be kept clean and used in such a way as to avoid segregation.

8 No concrete shall be placed inflowing water. Underwater concrete shall be placed in position by tremies, or by pipeline from the mixer. Full details of the method proposed shall be submitted in advance to the Engineer and his approval obtained before placing begins. Where the concrete is placed by a tremie, its size and method of operation shall be in accordance with Civil Engineering Code of Practice 'Foundations'. During and after concreting under water, pumping or dewatering operations in the immediate vicinity shall be suspended until the Engineer permits them to be continued.

3.10. COMPACTION OF CONCRETE.

1 All concrete shall be compacted to produce a dense homogeneous mass. Unless otherwise agreed by the Engineer, it shall be compacted with the assistance of vibrators. Sufficient vibrators in serviceable condition shall be on site so that spare equipment is always available in the event of breakdown.

2 Internal vibrators shall be capable of producing not less than 10,000 cycles per minute, and external vibrators not less than 3,000 cycles per minute.

3 Vibration shall not be applied by way of the reinforcement. Where vibrators of the immersion type are used, contact with reinforcement and all inserts shall be avoided, so far as is practicable.

4 Concrete shall not be subjected to vibration between 4 and 24 hours after compaction.

3.11. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS.

1 The position and detail of any construction joints not described in the Contract shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer, and shall be so arranged as to minimise the possibility of the occurrence of shrinkage cracks. The maximum dimension of any pour shall be approx. 9m.

2 The upper surface of lifts of concrete walls and columns shall be horizontal and if the formwork extends above the joint on the exposed face it shall be cleaned of adhering concrete before the next lift is placed. The concrete placed immediately above a horizontal construction joint shall contain only two thirds the normal quantity of coarse aggregate, shall not be the first batch through the mixer and shall be thoroughly compacted and worked against the existing concrete

3 In the case of vertical surfaces, a 1:1 slurry of cement and concreting sand shall, wherever possible, be well worked into them immediately before the fresh concrete is placed.

4 Where sections of the work are carried out in lifts, the reinforcement projecting above the lift being cast shall be adequately supported so as to prevent movement of the bars during the casting and settling of the concrete.

5 Wherever possible laitance and all loose material shall be removed while the concrete is still green and no further roughening shall then be required. Where this is not possible, it shall be removed by mechanical means provided the concrete has been in position for more than 24 hours. The roughened surface shall then be washed with clean water.

6 Where joints occur in waterproof concrete the stop ends shall be removed within 12 hours after pouring and the laitance removed by compressed air and water jet to the satisfaction of the Engineer. In waterproof structures no pour shall exceed 50 sq. m in area.

3.12. CURING OF CONCRETE.

1 Immediately after compaction and for 7 days thereafter concrete shall be protected against harmful effects of weather, including rain, rapid temperature changes, frost and from drying out. The methods of protection used shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer. When elevated-temperature curing is used, the temperature of the concrete shall not exceed 50°C within 2 hours nor 100°C within 6 hours of the concrete being placed; the rise in temperature within any period of 30 minutes shall not exceed 10°C. The rate of subsequent cooling shall not exceed the rate of heating. The method of curing employed shall prevent loss of moisture from the concrete. Details of the method to be used shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

3.13. EARLY LOADING

1 Except as specified for prestressed concrete, concrete shall at no time be subjected to loading, including its own weight, which will induce a compressive stress in it exceeding 0.33 of its compressive strength at the time of loading or of the specified 28 day strength.

2 For the purpose of this clause, the assessment of the strength of the concrete and the stresses produced by the loads shall be subject to the agreement of the Engineer.

3.14. WATERPROOF CONCRETE (i.e. BASEMENT RETAINING/WALLS AND FLOORS DESIGNED IN COMPLIANCE WITH CP 102)

When the use of waterproof concrete is specified, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that the resulting construction is watertight. The Contractor shall carry out at his own cost all necessary remedial measures which the Engineer requires.

3.15. INSPECTION

Inspection of reinforcement and formwork prior to concreting: no concrete shall be poured until the reinforcement has been checked in its final position in the formwork by the Engineer. Sufficient notice shall be given to allow such inspection to take place. Before starting to pour concrete all the reinforcement for that pour shall be in position and properly fixed.

SECTION DBLOCKWORK1.1. General

The work shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the current editions of the following code of practice and British Standard together with the instructions of this Specification and any further instructions deemed necessary by the Engineer:-

B.S. 5628 ; Part 1: 1978 "Structural Use of Masonry".

B.S. 5628 : Part 3: 1985 "Use of Masonry"

I.S. 325 : Part 1: 1986 "The Structural Use of Unreinforced Masonry.

The Contractor's attention is drawn to the fact that Architectural details of the walls shall be as shown on the Architect's drawings and in accordance with his specification. The colour of bricks or blocks to be used shall be selected by the Architect.

1.2. Materials and Properties1.2.1. Blocks and Bricks

The minimum standards of concrete blocks concrete bricks and clay bricks are set out in clauses 1.2.2., 1.2.3. and 1.2.4. Reference shall be made to the drawings and to table 13 of B.S. 5628 : Part 3: 1985 for higher standard of bricks and blocks required for particular elements of construction as indicated.

1.2.2. Concrete Blocks - Solid and Hollow for General Use.

Concrete blocks shall be of approved manufacture to I.S.S. 20. All blocks, shall have a minimum guaranteed crushing strength of $5N/mm^2$. Sample blocks shall be tested at a laboratory to be approved by the Engineer. Blocks must be left at least 28 days after casting before being used. All blocks shall be well compacted and true and square in shape.

1.2.3. Concrete Bricks for General Use.

Concrete bricks shall be of approved manufacture to I.S.S. 189. All bricks shall have a minimum guaranteed crushing strength of 15N/mm^2 . Sample bricks shall be tested at a laboratory to be approved by the Engineer. Bricks must be left at least 28 days after casting before being used. All bricks shall be well compacted and true and square in shape.

1.2.4. Clay Bricks for General Use.

Clay bricks shall be of approved manufacture of ordinary quality to I.S.S. 91. They shall have a water absorption of not greater than 12% and a minimum guaranteed crushing strength of 15N/mm^2 .

1.2.5. Mortar

1.2.5.1. General

The mixing and use of mortars shall be in accordance with the recommendations given in B.S. 5390

1.2.5.2. Material for Mortar

- a) Cement - The cement used in the mortar shall be in accordance with I.S.S.I. The use of high alumina cement is not permitted.
- b) Lime - Lime used in mortars shall be non-hydraulic limes to conform to the requirements of I.S.S.8.
- c) Sand - The sand shall be free from deleterious substances and shall comply with the requirement for quality and grading of sand for mortar given in .B.S.S. 1200.
- d) Water - Water shall be free from impurities that are harmful to the mortar. Obtain approval from the Engineer of the source of water supply if the supply is not obtained from a public mains supply. Where the quality of supply is doubtful the water shall be tested in accordance with B.S. 3148 or equivalent.

- e) Admixture - Admixtures may be used subject to the Engineer's written approval.
- f) Colouring Compounds - Colouring compounds shall be added to the mortar as required by the Architect.

1.2.5.3. Preparation of Mortars

- a) Mix Proportions - The following cement-lime mortar shall be used for all walling constructed using masonry units to clauses 1.2.2., 1.2.3. and 1.2.4.

Mix	Cement	Non-hydraulic lime	Clean Washed Siliceous Sand.
1:1:6	50kg.	50kg.	0.213 cu.m

Reference shall be made to tables 13 and 15 of B.S. 5628: Part 3 1985 for mortar mixes to be used in conjunction with higher standard bricks and blocks.

- b) Batching of Mortars

The materials for the mortar shall be measured accurately to conform with the above specified mix proportions either by weight batching or by use of gauge boxes. The proportions of sand are based upon the use of dry sand. Adjust the proportions of sand for bulking due to moisture content. If admixtures are used, the proportions should be further adjusted in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions.

- c) Mixing of Mortars

The mortar shall be mixed by machine. Clean the mixer before starting to mix. Mortars containing cement shall be used within one hour of the mixing of the cement and water and any mortar not then used shall be discarded and not retempered.

d) Ready Mixed Mortar

Ready mixed sand-lime mortar shall comply with the requirements of B.S. 4721 or equivalent.

1.2.6. Reinforcement, Wall Ties and Bonding Tiesa) Bed Joint Reinforcement (Provisional)

Bed joint reinforcement where shown shall be either of expanded metal complying with the requirements of B.S. 405 or of the "tramline" or truss type (such as Brickforce, Dur-O-Wal or similar approved by the Engineer) made from hard drawn steel wire with an effective diameter of between 3 and 5m.m. The reinforcement shall be galvanised if it is to be used in a wall exposed to the weather i.e. outer leaf of cavity wall. The type of reinforcement to be used shall be indicated on the drawings.

b) Cavity Wall Ties

Cavity wall ties shall be vertical twist ties made from austenitic stainless steel strip complying with the requirements of B.S. 1449 : Part 2 and B.S. 970: Part 4, minimum 18/8 composition and excluding free machining specifications with split end anchorage or their equivalent subject to the Engineer's approval and shall conform to the requirements of the Irish Standard for Wall Ties for Cavity Wall construction and/or B.S. 1243, 1978. The Contractor shall supply the Engineer with written evidence from an approved testing authority to show that the wall ties meet the above specification.

c) Bonding Ties

Metal strips for bonding blockwork and brickwork to concrete shall be austenitic stainless steel (material specification as for cavity wall ties) dovetail slot and anchor ties or their equivalent subject to the Engineer's approval. Metal strips for bonding blockwork and brickwork to structural steelwork shall be austenitic stainless steel (material specification as for cavity wall ties) vertical twist ties with one end split and the other end turned down. The turned down end shall be pre-drilled to suit a shot fixing. The type of

shot fixing shall be approved by the Engineer. The ties shall be 2.5M x 20mm min. size. Metal strips for bonding brick to brick or block to block shall be flat austenitic stainless steel (material specification as for cavity wall ties) 2.5mm x 20mm. min long.

1.2.7. Damp Proof Courses

Damp proof courses shall be used in accordance with the latest edition of the British Standard Code of Practice CP 102.

D.P.Cs shall be laid on a smooth bed of fresh mortar. Materials for damp proof courses shall be in accordance with I.S. 57: 1972. In laterally loaded walls subject to wind loading only, a "non-slip" type damp proof course shall be used at the base of the wall.

The details and arrangement of the damp proof courses shall be obtained from the Architect.

1.2.8. Handling and Storage of Materials.

a) Cement

Cement shall be stored in such a manner as to ensure that it is not affected by damp and shall be used in the order of delivery.

b) Lime

Store under weatherproof conditions on a raised floor or in suitable silos.

c) Sand

Sands shall be stored separately according to type so that they will not be contaminated. They shall be stored on a hard self drained area.

d) Metals

Reinforcement and ties shall be protected from becoming contaminated, and reinforcement shall be free from loose mill scale and rust.

e) Blocks

Blocks shall be carefully unloaded so as to avoid damage to the units. All blocks shall be stacked on prepared level areas to ensure that the stack is stable and blocks used for fairfaced work shall be protected to prevent the exposed faces from becoming stained or marked. It is essential that blocks are protected from the rain and sun by covering with a suitable protecting membrane.

1.2.9. Testing

Blocks shall be tested by an approved testing authority. A sum of money shall be provided in the Bill of Quantities for such testing. This sum is provisional and at the disposal of the Engineer.

1.3. Workmanship1.3.1. Generala) Dimensions

All walling shall be set out and built to the correct dimensions, thickness and heights shown on the drawings.

b) Uniformity

All perpends, quoins, joints etc., shall be kept strictly true and square, and other angles shall be plumbed and the whole properly bonded or tied together and the bed joints levelled as the work proceeds. Build walling in level lifts. Where the walling is raked back no part shall rise more than 1.2m above the general level.

c) Bond

The brickwork and blockwork shall be built to the bond indicated on the Architect's drawings. Where no bond is indicated, the units shall be laid in stretcher bond. Where possible the coursing shall be arranged to allow a full block to be positioned directly beneath a lintel bearing. Leave toothing

to provide for the bonding of future work. Where shown on the drawings, form toothing in existing work to provide adequate bond for new work.

d) Cutting

Blocks used for facing shall be cut with a masonry saw. Where it is necessary to cut the blocks wet they shall be allowed to dry before being built into the wall.

e) Chases, Ducts, Openings etc.

The positions and size of the chasings shall be as indicated on the drawings and shall be carried out neatly using a chasing tool. Form ducts, openings etc. in the walling as the work proceeds.

f) Colour Variation

Distribute evenly throughout any facing work bricks and blocks of varying shades of the same colour. Mix deliveries which vary in colour to avoid contrast between adjoining lifts.

g) Weather

No block laying shall be carried out when the temperature is at or below 3°C unless precautions are taken to ensure a minimum temperature of 4°C in the work when laid and thereafter to maintain the temperature above freezing point until the mortar has hardened. Should any walling be damaged by frost it shall be pulled down and made good at the Contractor's expense. Keep dry each lift including the top surfaces until the commencement of the next-lift or other superimposed work. It is essential that internal blockwork walling be protected from rain until such time as the building has been weathered.

h) Laying

Each block and brick shall be laid and adjusted to its final position while the mortar is still plastic. The maximum height of wall built in any one day shall not exceed 1.5m

1.3.2. Mortar Joints

a) Bedding

All blocks shall be laid on a full mortar bed. Vertical joints shall be filled. All joints are to be nominally 10m.m. thick

b) Excess Mortar

Any mortar which extrudes from the joint of fairfaced units shall be cut away and on no account is mortar to be smeared onto the face of the block .

c) Exposed Joints

Details of the type of finish required in all permanently exposed joints shall be obtained from the Architect.

1.3.3. Control Joints

Control joints shall be constructed as indicated on the Engineer's drawings. Joints need not be continued below the ground floor D.P.C. level. The vertical joints between panels or between a panel and another feature should be straight and be produced by terminating alternative courses in full and half units bedded in the normal way. The subsequent sawing of walling to form a contraction or expansion joint will not be allowed. If the walling is finished with a thick applied finish such as plaster or render, the edge of same shall be either chamfered or alternatively the joint may be covered with an architrave or other strip material, care being taken that the cover strip is fixed to the wall on one side of the joint only to allow relative movement to occur at the joint.

The joint sealing compound shall be an approved polysulphide based sealant such as "Thioflex 600" by Expandide or equal and shall be used strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations bearing in mind gap width, joint location etc.

Long runs of walling of clay bricks shall be provided with a 10mm wide vertical expansion joint about every 12m or as indicated on

the Engineer's drawings. The stability of the wall at an expansion joint shall be achieved as indicated on the Engineer's drawings without the use of metal ties across the joint. Expansion joints shall be cleaned out to ensure that mortar does not bridge the joint. The gap shall subsequently have a fully compressible material (not fibre-board) inserted into the joint and be pointed up with a joint sealing compound as described above.

1.3.4. Double Leaf (Cavity) Walls.

a) Wall Ties

The walls shall be built with cavities of the width shown on the drawings and tied together with ties embedded in the mortar at least 50mm. Unless otherwise detailed the ties shall be staggered in alternate courses and spaced in accordance with the following table.

Least leaf thickness (mm)	Cavity width (mm)	Spacing of ties	
		Horizontally (mm)	Vertically (mm)
65-90	50-75	450	450
90 or more	50-150	900	450

The spacing may be varied provided that the number of ties per unit area is maintained.

Additional ties shall be provided in every course within 225mm of opening and on each side of control joints. Ties shall be laid falling to the external leaf.

b) Cavities

The cavity and ties shall be kept clear and clean of mortar droppings or other materials during construction and only extruding mortar shall be struck off flush. No cavity shall be sealed off until inspected and approved by the Architect.

c) Weepholes (cavity walls)

Weepholes 10mm wide by 75mm high, spaced at centres not exceeding 900mm and extending through the vertical mortar joints of the outer leaf, shall be provided at ground level and at positions where the cavity is bridged or at alternative locations indicated on the Architect's drawings.

1.3.5. Partition Walls

Partition walls shall not be built on suspended slabs until after the props have been removed. These walls shall be built in accordance with the details shown on the Engineer's drawings.

1.3.6. Reinforcementa) Bed Joint Reinforcement

Bed joint reinforcement shall have an effective side cover of mortar of not less than 20mm and shall be continuous except at control joints, or where otherwise indicated. Bed joint reinforcement is to be positioned as shown on the drawings. Sufficient mortar shall be used in the joints in which the reinforcement is bedded to ensure that the whole surface of the steel is in contact with mortar to provide adequate bond and protection against corrosion.

1.3.7. Protectiona) Stability

Ensure the stability of walling during erection. Precautions shall also be taken to ensure stability of walls during backfilling and concreting operations.

b) Finished Work

The tops of constructed walls shall be protected from rain and in addition fairfaced work shall be protected against staining from construction activities.

1.3.8. Making Good

At the completion of the work all temporary holes in mortar joints of fairfaced work shall be filled with mortar and suitably tooled. Any damaged walling shall be repaired with approved materials or

replaced to the satisfaction of the Architect.

1.3.9. Tolerances

The permissible deviation for walls shall be as follows:-

- a) Level: \pm 10mm for dimensions to any nominally horizontal surface measured from the nearest reference level.
- b) Position on Plan : \pm 10mm for dimensions to any nominally vertical surface at the lower edge measured horizontally from the nearest reference line.
- c) Plumbness : \pm 5mm in any 1 meter not more than 20mm for plumbness floor to floor.
- d) Straightness: \pm 10mm measured horizontally
- e) Joint Thickness (i) Horizontal joints - joint thickness \pm 3mm
(ii) Vertical joints - joint thickness \pm 3mm

SECTION F STRUCTURAL STEELWORKINDEX1. PREAMBLE

- 1.0 Definition of Terms
- 1.1 Description of the Work
- 1.2 Plant
- 1.3 Design
- 1.4 Programme
- 1.5 Weights
- 1.6 Quality of Steelwork

2. MATERIALS

- 2.0 Steel
- 2.1 Bolts
- 2.2 Test Certificates
- 2.3 High Strength Friction Grip Bolts

3. FABRICATION

- 3.0 Fabrication Drawings
- 3.1 Correctness of Dimensions
- 3.2 Stiffeners
- 3.3 Sub-letting
- 3.4 Identification
- 3.5 Camber

4. WORKMANSHIP

- 4.0 General
- 4.1 Bolts
- 4.2 Cutting
- 4.3 Drilling
- 4.4 Examination and Testing

5. WELDING

- 5.0 Design
- 5.1 Workmanship

INDEX (CONTD)

6. ERECTION

- 6.0. General
- 6.1. Tolerances
- 6.2. Bracing
- 6.3. Holding Down Bolts.

7. CORROSION PROTECTION SYSTEM

- 7.1. Preparation
- 7.2. Blast Primer
- 7.3. Preparation and Spot Priming After Fabrication.
- 7.4. Site Holding Primer
- 7.5. Site Treatment
Preparation and Spot Priming After Erection

1. PREAMBLE

1.0. DEFINITION OF TERMS

- 1.0.1. The Engineer shall mean John Moylan Associates.
- 1.0.2. The Steelwork Contractor shall mean the steelwork firm appointed by the main contractor to supply, fabricate, deliver and erect the structural steelwork as shown on the contract drawings and as directed in this Specification.
- 1.0.3. The Main Contractor shall mean the firm appointed to carry out the building work under the main contract.

1.1. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.

- 1.1.1. The steelwork contract includes the supply, fabrication, delivery to the site and erection of the structural steelwork as shown on the steelwork contract drawing and as described in this Specification. This includes all holes, drilling for fixing of patent glazing where applicable connections, stiffeners, supports, bases, bolts, brackets etc., all to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

1.2. PLANT

- 1.2.1. The steelwork contractor shall provide all equipment necessary for the handling, erection and completion of the steelwork.

1.3. DESIGN

- 1.3.1. The structural steelwork has been designed in accordance with B.S. 449 Part 2 : 1969 specification for the "The Use of Structural Steel in Building".
- 1.3.2. The Engineer will supply to the Steelwork Contractor with drawings that will also show all working dimensions and other necessary particulars.

1.4. PROGRAMME

- 1.4.1. On his appointment the Steelwork Contractor shall produce a programme for the production of workshop and erection drawings. The Steelwork Contractor shall be required to agree with the Engineer a final date for submission of these drawings for approval.

1.5. WEIGHTS

- 1.5.1. All weights and variations or otherwise will be based on the listed weights or members and no allowance made for rolling margins. All steel sections shall be of "full profile" with no appreciable loss of material through corrosion or deficient rolling. If it is found that any steel weights less than 97½% of the listed weights the steelwork contractor shall replace it with a satisfactory section.

contd/.....

1.6. QUALITY OF STEELWORK.

1.6.1. The quality of the materials, fabrication, and erection of the steelwork in this contract shall comply entirely with the requirements set in the following British Standard and all other Standards therein referred to, except for all clauses dealing with the training and certification of welders. The date of issue of each standard shall be that listed below, or the most recent date of issue. All amendments to the Standards shall be deemed to be parts of the relevant Standards:

BS 4 Part 1	1962	Structural Steel Sections
BS 4 Part 2	1965	Ditto
BS 449	: 1959	Use of Structural Steel in Building.
BS 639	: 1964	Covered Electrodes.
BS 709	: 1971	Methods of testing fusion welded joints and weld metal in steel.
BS 938	: 1962	Metal Arc Welding of Tubes.
BS 968	: 1962	High Yield Stress Steel.
BS 1719	: 1963	Classification of covered Electrodes.
BS 1768	: 1963	Unified Precision Hexagon Bolts & Nuts.
BS 1775	: 1964	Steel Tubes for Structural Engineering Purposes.
BS 1856	: 1964	Metal Arc Welding of Mild Steel.
BS 2451	: 1963	Chilled iron shot and grit.
BS 2521 & 2523	:1966	Lead based priming paints.
BS 2642	: 1955	Matal Arc Welding of Steel to BS 968
BS 2708	: 1956	Unified Black Square and Hexagon Bolts and Nuts.
BS 2994	: 1958	Cold rolled steel sections.
BS 3139	: 1959	High Strength Friction Grip Bolts
BS 3294	: 1960	Use of High Strength Friction GripBolts
BS 3410	: 1961	Metal Washers
BS 3692	: 1967	I SO Metric precision hexagonal bolts, screws and nuts.
BS 4190	: 1967	I SO metric black hexagon bolts, screws and nuts.
BS 4232	: 1967	Surface finish of blast cleaned steel for painting.

contd/.....

- BS 4360 : 1972 Weldable Structural Steels
- BS 4395 : High strength friction grip bolts and associated nuts and washers for structural engineering.
- Part 1 : 1969 General Grade.
- Part 2 : 1969 Higher Grade bolts and nuts and general grade washers.
- Part 3 : 1973 Higher Grade bolts (waisted Shank) nuts and general grade washers.

The Steelwork Contractor shall keep a copy of each of the above standards in his shop for reference.

2. MATERIALS

2.0. STEEL

2.0.1. The steel for this contract is to be mild steel, grade 43C, in accordance with B.S. 4360:1972 "Specification for Weldable Structural Steels".

2.1. BOLTS.

2.1.1. Unless specified otherwise, all bolts and nuts shall be ISO metric black hexagon and conform to the requirements of B.S. 4190 : 1967 "ISO Metric Black Hexagon Bolts, Screws and Nuts."

2.2. TEST CERTIFICATES.

2.2.1. Manufacturer's test certificates for all steel used for the work shall be supplied to the Engineer. Copies of rolling mill orders shall also be provided.

2.3. HIGH STRENGTH FRICTION GRIP BOLTS.

2.3.1. Where high strength friction grip bolts are used, they shall be of the load indicating bolt type or have load indicating washers and the torque method or part turn method of tightening shall not be allowed. Reference must be made to the Manufacturer's instructions on the method of tightening and assessing the value of the applied load. The Engineer's approval must be obtained for the type of friction grip bolt to be used. The areas of metal directly under the washers must be clean and free of any paint or similar material. Matching surfaces of connections made with friction grip bolts must be thoroughly cleaned and be free from any paint primer or other foreign matter.

3. FABRICATION

3.0. FABRICATION DRAWINGS

3.0.1. The Steelwork Contractor will be required to prepare his own shop details in accordance with B.S. 449: Part 2: 1969. These drawings shall be supplied in duplicate to the Engineer for approval before fabrication.

Should these shop details be insufficient or unsatisfactory the Engineer may require fresh details to be submitted.

3.0.2. On receiving the Engineer's approval in writing of such detailed drawings, two further copies are to be supplied. Details are to be submitted at least five working days before approval is required and no work is to be put in hand until such approval has been obtained.

3.1. CORRECTNESS OF DIMENSIONS.

3.1.1. The Steelwork Contractor will be held responsible for the correctness of dimensions and details, fitting and workmanship and for the strength of all connections, notwithstanding the approval of the Engineer of the detailed drawings, and for all parts of the various structures coming together correctly for assembling in position.

3.1.2. In event of any connection being found unsatisfactory before or after erection or due to errors arising in fabrication, the Steelwork Contractor shall submit to the Engineer his proposals as to the method to be adopted in making good. The Steelwork Contractor shall abide by the Engineer's decision and in the event of replacements being required, the Steelwork Contractor shall be responsible for all costs involved.

3.2. STIFFENERS.

3.2.1. Where specified, fitted stiffeners shall be accurately ground over their full bearing faces to fit tightly the angle or section stiffened.

3.3. SUB-LETTING

3.3.1. The Steelwork Contractor shall not sub-let any fabrication or erection without the permission of the Engineer.

3.4. IDENTIFICATION

3.4.1. All steelwork delivered to site are to be clearly marked with their numbers, together with the number of the members onto which they frame at both ends.

3.5. CAMBER

3.5.1. In the absence of any specified camber, all lattice girders and beams of spans greater than seven metres shall have an upward camber of 0.1% of the span at midspan.

4. WORKMANSHIP

4.0. GENERAL

4.0.1. The workmanship throughout the work shall be to the standards of B.S. 449: Part 2.

4.1. BOLTS

4.1.1. All threads on bolts shall be clean and the nuts shall closely fit the bolts so that they can only just be fitted with washers under the nuts. Tampered washers shall be used on tapered sections and flanges to ensure true bearing of the bolt head or nut. Two clear threads shall show beyond the nut on a fully tightened bolt.

4.2. CUTTING

4.2.1. Thermal cutting by hand will be permitted only for wall ends of beams and filler joists and for notching.

4.3. DRILLING

4.3.1. All holes drilled shall be in compliance with B.S. 449: Part 2.

4.3.2. Generally holes, shall be drilled with a maximum of 2mm allowance for black bolts or high strength friction grip bolts.

4.3.3. For close Tolerance Bolts with holes not drilled in one operation the procedure shall be:-

- 1) Holes to be aligned with diameter equal to nominal size of hole - $0 + 0.15$ mm
- 2) Ream first hole, fit close tolerance bolt, and tighten before reaming second hole.
- 3) Repeat for each hole.
- 4) Re-tighten all bolts after last bolt is fitted.

4.3.4. Where hollow sections are drilled, spacer tubes must be welded in position to permit through bolting.

4.4. EXAMINATION AND TESTING

4.4.1. The Engineer or his representative shall at all reasonable times be permitted access to the steelwork contractor's works for purposes of progressing and examination and testing of welded structural components.

4.4.2. The Steelwork Contractor when required shall provide and send sample pieces, carriage paid, to such testing stations as may be directed. Sample pieces shall be 500 mm x 100 mm for plates or as that as practicable.

contd/

- 4.4.2. Contd.
and 500 mm long of full section for structural shapes, rods, etc. The sample pieces shall be selected by the Engineer and despatched to the testing station where test pieces will be made and tested.
- 4.4.3. If non-destructive tests are to be carried out on welded joints the Steelwork Contractor shall provide facilities for the Engineer or his representative to carry out these tests.
- 4.4.4. The Steelwork Contractor shall be held responsible for the costs and fees involved in the testing of welds which are found to be unsatisfactory.
- 4.4.5. The Employer shall be held responsible for the costs and fees involved in the testing of welds which are found to be satisfactory.
- 4.4.6. All areas of defective welding shall be cut out and made good to the entire satisfaction of the Engineer and all remedial measures shall be borne by the Steelwork Contractor. The remedial work shall be deemed to include radio-graphical or other suitable examination to verify the acceptance of the repair.

5. WELDING

5.0. DESIGN

- 5.0.1. The design of all welds shall comply with the requirements of B.S.: 499 1969.

5.1. WORKMANSHIP

- 5.1.1. The welding of all mild steel sections and plates shall be carried out to the requirements of B.S. 5135 metal arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels.
- 5.1.2. The welding of all structural hollow section shall be carried out to the requirements of B.S. 5135 metal arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels.
- 5.1.3. Evidence of qualification of welders will be required by the Engineers and in cases where recent test certificates or other acceptable proof is not available the Engineer will require welder approval tests to be carried out in accordance with B.S. 4872 "Fusion Welding of Steel"
The test shall be carried out under the supervision of the Engineer and to his satisfaction. The extent of qualification thereby attained shall be in conformity with the recommendation of B.S. 449 Part 2 1969.

6. ERECTION6.0. GENERAL

- 6.0.1. The method of transport, handling and erection of materials shall be to the satisfaction of Engineer and in accordance with the drawings or as directed. These operations shall be carried out in such a manner as will not injure, overstress or disfigure any part of the structure. Any member injured, overstressed or damaged in any way shall be rectified as directed by the Engineer.
- 6.0.2. Site joints and connections shall not be finally bolted until sufficient of the structure is properly plumbed, levelled and aligned and no straining into position will be allowed subsequently.
- 6.0.3. The Steelwork Contractor is to take all necessary precautions to ensure the stability and safety of the steelwork structure during erection and shall maintain any special temporary guying or other supports until the structure is completed. The steelwork Contractor shall be entirely responsible for any accidents which may arise from lack of suitable precautions.
- 6.0.4. The Steelwork Contractor will be held responsible for any damage to existing work or buildings or their contents, roads, walls, etc. adjoining or upon the site, arising from the off-loading and erection of steelwork.

6.1. TOLERANCES

- 6.1.1. Tolerances for erected steelwork shall be as follows:-
- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. Position of first erected column | + 10mm
- 10mm |
| 2. Linear dimensions: | |
| up to 8 m | + 10mm
- 10mm |
| from 8 m to 15 m | + 15mm
- 15mm |
| from 15 m to 25 m | + 20mm
- 20mm |
| over 25 m | + 25mm
- 25mm |
| 3. Plumb of columns in 30 m height: | + 15mm
- 15mm |
| 4. Level of base of first erected column | + 5mm
- 5mm |
| 5. Level of beam at junction with column measured from transferred bench mark. | + 15mm
- 15mm |
| 6. Level of beam at junction with column measured from transferred bench mark of storey in which beam is located. | + 10mm
- 10mm |
| 7. Levels of upper or lower surfaces of two or more beams meeting at a column | + 5mm
- 5mm |

6.1 TOLERANCES (CONT'D)

8. Difference in level of ends of a beam:

up to 8m long	+ - 5mm
from 8m to 15m long	+ - 10mm
from 15m to 25m long	+ - 15mm
over 25m long	+ - 20mm

6.2 BRACING

Bracing is provided to stabilise the completed building. The Steel Contractor shall be responsible for the provision of any extra steelwork considered necessary for the alignment and temporary stability of the steelwork. The cost of this additional steelwork should be included in the contact price.

6.3 HOLDING DOWN BOLTS

The Steelwork Contractor is to supply to the Building Contractor all the necessary holding down bolts or anchorage devices for the Building Contractor to cast into the foundations. The Steelwork Contractor must satisfy himself prior to erection that the foundations have been properly formed and, in particular, that the holding-down bolts have been accurately set and have the full amount of play required.

7. SPECIFICATION FOR CORROSION PROTECTION SYSTEM TO STRUCTURAL STEELWORK.

7.1. PREPARATION

Shot blast to Swedish Standard SISO55900 to give surface quality Sa 2½ and / or B.S. 4232 Second Quality. Remove all traces of loose rust, grit etc. by compressed air hose or careful clean dry brushing. Inspect for laminations and remove by careful grinding leaving a smooth surface. Dust off and within 2 hours of shot-blast apply 'Blast Primer'.

7.2. BLAST PRIMER

Apply by airless spray:-

1-coat 2-pack Epoxy Zinc Rich Primer to a D.F.T. of 20 microns. (This D.F.T. accords to B.S. 5493: 1977 for 'blast primers'). Allow to dry. Then fabricate as necessary.

7.3. PREPARATION AND SPOT-PRIMING AFTER FABRICATION

After fabrication carefully remove all weld flux and spatter, rough edges, etc. by scraping, chipping and grinding to a smooth surface. Remove any unsound 'scorched' primer around weld areas; also, all dust, dirt, grease, etc. (Wash with White Spirit where necessary). Allow to dry overnight.

7.4. SITE- HOLDING PRIMER.

Apply by airless spray to the clean dry surface:-

1-coat 2-pack Epoxy High Build Zinc Phosphate Primer, to a dry film thickness of 50 microns. Allow 7 days to achieve maximum through hardness before despatch to site.

7.5. SITE TREATMENT

PREPARATION AND SPOT-PRIMING AFTER ERECTION.

After erection all damaged areas (including boltheads etc.) must be thoroughly prepared and carefully spot-primed with primer. Allow to dry overnight.

ROOF PURLINS AND CLADDING RAILS

- General :** The following clauses cover the requirements for the design fabrication, galvanising of the roof purlin and side cladding rail system.
- The design of the roof purlins and cladding rails shall be in accordance with B.S. 5950, Part 5 as amended.
- Materials :** The dimensions and tolerances of cold formed sections shall comply with B.S. 2994.
- Material shall conform with B.S. 2989 and shall be Z35 grade steel with a minimum yield stress of 350 N/mm².
- All roof purlins, cladding rails and their components, say bars, bracing, etc. shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be hot dip in accordance with B.S. 729 with an average thickness of 20 micrometers.
- Storage:** Components which are stored prior to being transported or erected shall be stacked clear of the ground and arranged such that the water cannot accumulate. They shall be kept clean and supported in such a manner as to avoid permanent distortion.
- Erection:** Components shall be erected such that they are not bent, twisted or damaged. Any damaged members may be rejected by the Engineer at the Contractors cost.
- Members shall be erected to the following tolerances:-
- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Plan bow: | Span /1000 |
| Camber : | Span /1000 |
| Out of squareness of flanges : | 3 m.m. |
| Purlin Alignment : | + - 5 m.m. relative to adjacent purlin. |
| Purlin level : | + - 3 m.m. relative to adjacent purlin. |

Building Control Department,
Liffey House,
Tara Street,
Dublin 1.
Telephone:773066



Bloc 2, Ionad Bheatha na hEireann,
Block 2, Irish Life Centre,
Sraid na Mainistreach Iacht,
Lower Abbey Street,
Baile Atha Cliath 1.
Dublin 1.
Telephone. (01)724755
Fax. (01)724896

Register Reference : 91A/1553

Date : 26th September 1991

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT) ACTS, 1963 TO 1990

Dear Sir/Madam,

DEVELOPMENT : Sub-divide existing office & warehouse premises to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse, included in the application are new works to Airton Road office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises

LOCATION : Airton Road, Tallaght

APPLICANT : Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.

APP. TYPE : PERMISSION/BUILDING BYE-LAW APPROVAL

With reference to the above, I acknowledge receipt of your application received on 25th September 1991.

Yours faithfully,

.....

for PRINCIPAL OFFICER

Integrated Development Services,
146 Lower Drumcondra Road,
Drumcondra,
Dublin 9



PLEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS AT BACK BEFORE COMPLETING FORM. ALL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED.

1. Application for Permission Outline Permission Approval Place in appropriate box.
Approval should be sought only where an outline permission was previously granted. Outline permission may not be sought for the retention of structures or continuances of uses.
2. Postal address of site or building Airton Road, Tallaght, Dublin, 24.
(If none, give description sufficient to identify)
3. Name of applicant (Principal not Agent) Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd.,
Address Airton Road, Tallaght, Dublin, 24. Tel. No. 515775
4. Name and address of Integrated Development Services, 146 Lower Drumcondra Road,
person or firm responsible for preparation of drawings Drumcondra, Dublin, 9. Tel. No. 370936
5. Name and address to which As No. 4 Above.
notifications should be sent
6. Brief description of proposed development Alterations and Subdivision into 2 Separate Premises (Offices and Warehouse).
7. Method of drainage Existing Drains 8. Source of Water Supply Existing Mains
9. In the case of any building or buildings to be retained on site, please state:-
(a) Present use of each floor or use when last used. Offices and Warehouse (Single Unit).
(b) Proposed use of each floor Offices and Warehouse (2 Separate Units).
10. Does the proposal involve demolition, partial demolition or change of use of any habitable house or part thereof? No
11. (a) Area of Site C.5,200
(b) Floor area of proposed development 14
(c) Floor area of buildings proposed to be retained within site C.1,315 Sq. m.
12. State applicant's legal interest or estate in site (i.e. freehold, leasehold, etc.) Leasehold.
13. Are you now applying also for an approval under the Building Bye Laws?
Yes No Place in appropriate box.

Irish Press
2/9/91

REC'D 25/9
REG. SEC. NS0731

14. Please state the extent to which the Draft Building Regulations have been taken in account in your proposal:
AS FAR AS APPLICABLE.
15. DUBLIN 24 Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd. are applying for planning permission to subdivide their existing office and warehouse premises at Airton Road, Tallaght to create two separate premises i.e. office and warehouse. Included in the application are new works to Airton Road, office elevation and provision of toilets to warehouse premises.
SEE LETTER OF APPLICATION. BYE LAW APPLICATION REG. NO. E70 NS0211
16. Gross floor area of development (See back) 15 Sq. m.
No of dwellings proposed (if any) None Class(es) of Development 4C
Fee Payable £ 110.00 Basis of Calculation £40.00 Planning, £70.00 Bye Law. Subject to Discussion.
If a reduced fee is tendered details of previous relevant payment should be given

Signature of Applicant (or his Agent) [Signature] Date 25/9/91

Application Type P/B FOR OFFICE USE ONLY
Register Reference 91A/1553
Amount Received £ 213.0
Receipt No 21-8
Date

RECEIVED
25 SEP 1991
REG. SEC.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT) REGULATIONS 1977 to 1984.

Outline of requirements for applications for permission or Approval under the Local Government (Planning & Development) Acts 1963 to 1983. The Planning Acts and Regulations made thereunder may be purchased from the Government Publications Sales Office, Sun Alliance House, Molesworth Street, Dublin 2.

1. Name and Address of applicant.
 2. Particulars of the interest held in the land or structure, i.e. whether freehold, leasehold, etc.
 3. The page of a newspaper, circulating in the area in which the land or structure is situate, containing the required statutory notice. The newspaper advertisement should state after the heading Co. Dublin.
 - (a) The address of the structure or the location of the land.
 - (b) The nature and extent of the development proposed. If retention of development is involved, the notice should be worded accordingly. Any demolition of habitable accommodation should be indicated.
 - (c) The name of the applicant.
- NB. Applications must be received within 2 weeks from date of publication of the notice.**
4. Four (4) sets of drawings to a stated scale must be submitted. Each set to include a layout or block plan, proposed and existing services to be shown on this drawing, location map, and drawings of relevant floor plans, elevations, sections, details of type and location of septic tank (if applicable) and such other particulars as are necessary to identify the land and to describe the works or structure to which the application relates (new work to be coloured or otherwise distinguished from any retained structures). Buildings, roads, boundaries and other features bounding the structure or other land to which the application relates shall be shown on site plans or layout plans. The location map should be of scale not less than 1: 2500 and should indicate the north point. The site of the proposed development must be outlined in red. Plans and drawings should indicate the name and address of the person by whom they were prepared. Any adjoining lands in which the applicant has an interest must be outlined in blue.
 5. In the case of a proposed change of use of any structure or land, requirements in addition to 1, 2, & 3 are:
 - (a) a statement of the existing use and the proposed use, or, where appropriate, the former use and the use proposed.
 - (b) (i) Four (4) sets of the drawings to a stated scale must be submitted. Each set to consist of a plan or location map (marked or coloured in red so as to identify the structure or land to which the application relates) to a scale of not less than 1:2500 and to indicate the North point. Any adjoining lands in which the application has an interest must be outlined in blue.
 - (ii) A layout and a survey plan of each floor of any structure to which the application relates.
 - (c) Plans and drawings should indicate the name and address of the person by whom they were prepared.
 6. Applications should be addressed to: Dublin County Council, Planning Department, Irish Life Centre, Lr. Abbey Street, Dublin 1, Tel. 724755.

SEPTIC TANK DRAINAGE: Where drainage by means of a septic tank is proposed, before a planning application is considered, the applicant may be required to arrange for a trial hole to be inspected and declared suitable for the satisfactory percolation of septic tank effluent. The trial hole to be dug seven feet deep at or about the site of the septic tank. Septic tanks are to be in accordance with I.I.R.S. S.R. 6:75.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT:

The proposed use of an industrial premises should, where possible, be stated together with the estimated number of employees, (male and female). Details of trade effluents, if any, should be submitted.

Applicants to comply in full with the requirements of the Local Government (Water Pollution) Act, 1977 in particular the licencing provisions of Sections 4 and 16.

PLANNING APPLICATIONS

CLASS NO.	DESCRIPTION	FEE
1.	Provision of dwelling — House/Flat.	£32.00 each
2.	Domestic extensions/other improvements.	£16.00
3.	Provision of agricultural buildings (See Regs.)	£40.00 minimum
4.	Other buildings (i.e. offices, commercial, etc.)	£1.75 per sq. metre (Min. £40.00)
5.	Use of land (Mining, deposit or waste)	£25.00 per 0.1 ha (Min £250.00)
6.	Use of land (Camping, parking, storage)	£25.00 per 0.1 ha (Min. £40.00)
7.	Provision of plant/machinery/tank or other structure for storage purposes.	£25.00 per 0.1 ha (Min. £100.00)
8.	Petrol Filling Station.	£100.00
9.	Advertising Structures.	£10.00 per m ² (min £40.00)
10.	Electricity transmission lines.	£25.00 per 1,000m (Min. £40.00)
11.	Any other development.	£5.00 per 0.1 ha (Min. £40.00)

BUILDING BYE-LAW APPLICATIONS

CLASS NO.	DESCRIPTION	FEE
A	Dwelling (House/Flat)	£55.00 each
B	Domestic Extension (improvement/alteration)	£30.00 each
C	Building — Office/Commercial Purposes	£3.50 per m ² (min. £70.00)
D	Agricultural Buildings/Structures	£1.00 per m ² in excess of 300 sq. metres (min. - £70.00) (Max. - £300.00)
E	Petrol Filling Station	£200.00
F	Development or Proposals not coming within any of the foregoing classes.	£9.00 per 0.1 ha (£70.00 min.)
		Min. Fee £30.00 Max. Fee £20,000

Cheques etc. should be made payable to: Dublin County Council.

Gross Floor space is to be taken as the total floor space on each floor measured from the inside of the external walls. For full details of Fees and Exemptions see Local Government (Planning and Development) (Fees) Regulations 1984.

COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ÁTHA CLIATH

RECEIPT CODE

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
46/49 UPPER O'CONNELL STREET,
DUBLIN 1.

BYE LAW APPLICATION.

REC. No. N 50211

PAY BY
CASH
CHEQUE
M.O.
B.L.
L.T.

£70.00

Received this 25th day of September 1995

From Integrated Dev. Services Ltd,
146 LR Drumcondra Rd,
D.9

the sum of seventy Pounds

Pence, being 700 for

bye-law application at Airton Rd.

Maeleen Deane Cashier

S. CAREY Principal Officer Class F

COMHAIRLE CHONTAE ATHA CLIATH

RECEIPT CODE

PAID BY DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

CASH
CHEQUE
M.O.
DUBLIN 1

Issue of this receipt is regulated by the provisions of the Local Government (Receipts) Act, 1963. Tendered is the prescribed receipt for the sum of N 50731

€40.00

Received this 25th day of September 1997

from Integrated Dev. Services Ltd,
116 L.R. Drumcondra Rd,
D.9

The sum of forty Pounds

Pence, being for for

planning application of Arton Rd.

Maureen Deane Cashier

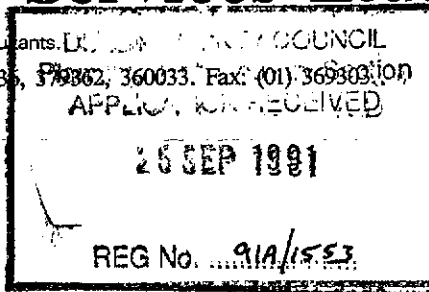
S. CAREY Class 11
Principal Officer

Integrated Development Services Ltd.

Property Acquisition and Development Consultants. DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

146 Lower Drumcondra Road, Dublin 9, Ireland. Telephone: (01) 370936, 370962, 360033. Fax: (01) 369803 (10)

Principal Officer,
Planning Department,
Dublin Co. Council,
Irish Life Centre,
Lower Abbey St.,
Dublin, 1.



25th September, 1991.

**RE; ALTERATIONS AND SUBDIVISION OF SANDOZ (IRELAND) LTD. PREMISES
AT AIRTON ROAD, DUBLIN 24 INTO 2 SEPARATE PREMISES I.E. OFFICES
AND WAREHOUSE.**

Dear Sir,

On behalf of Sandoz (Ireland) Ltd. we wish to apply for planning permission and bye law approval for the above. In support of the application we enclose.

1 No. Copy;

- Newspaper Advert Irish Press dated 21/9/91.
- Application form.
- Cheque in the amount of £110.00.
(Further monies will be forwarded if necessary subject to discussion with Registration Section).

4 No. Copies;

- Drawing No. 909/2 ; Site Location Plan.
- Drawing No. 909/3B ; Site Plan.
- Drawing No. 25791/1 ; Plan, Section and Elevation.
- Specification.

Please note that as discussed with the Area Planning Officer 9/9/91 this application stands alone but Messrs. McElroy Architects of 11 Braemor Park, Dublin 14 are simultaneously lodging an application to convert the warehouse section into offices and warehouse. We have liaised with McElroy Architects as to co-ordination of front elevational treatment and accordingly we enclose a copy of our drawing No. 91011/SK1.

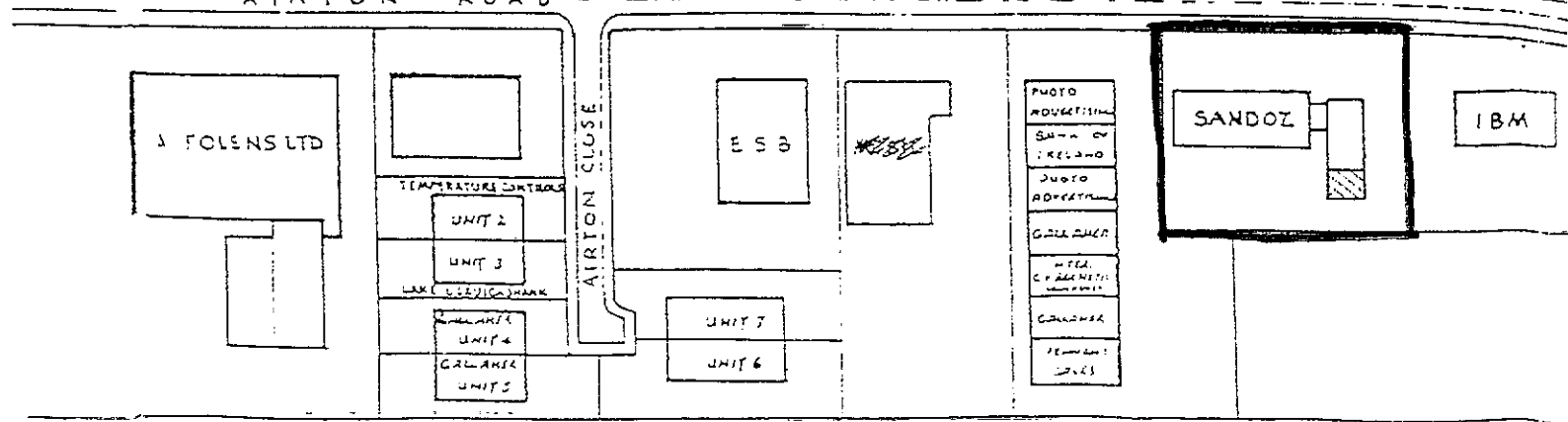
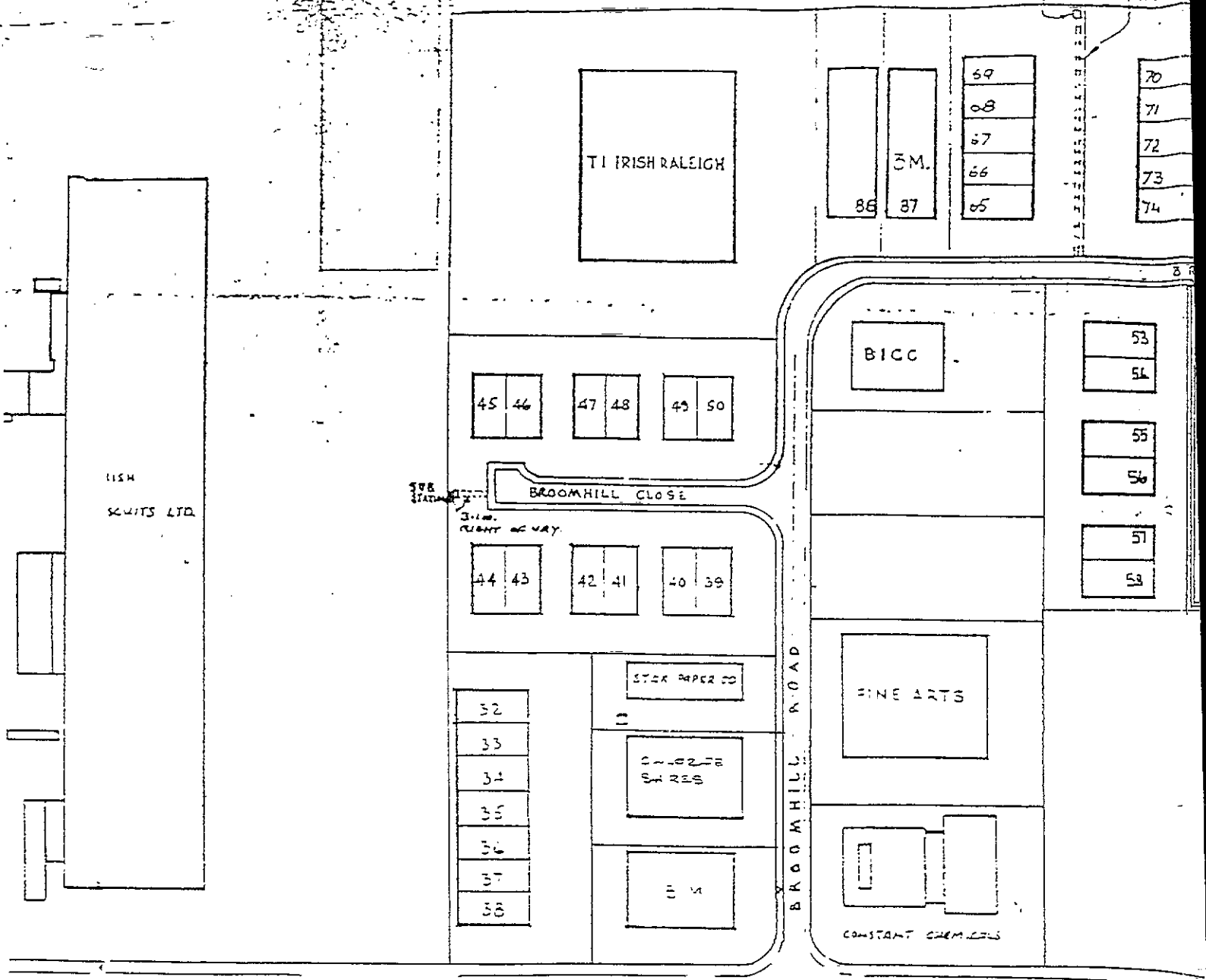
If you have any queries please contact us.

Yours faithfully,

KEVIN J. HAMELL
for INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT SERVICES.

ENCLS.

SUB-STATION
RIGHT OF WAY



TALLAGHT INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
LOCATION MAP 1/2500

JACK ADAMSON
(IRELAND) LTD.

COOMHILL

ROAD

- 64
- 63
- 62
- 61
- 60
- 59

TELECOM

SONY

SUB-STATION

W ZANGUE

FISH TEA
MERCHANTS

WARDEN
ROBERTS
PLC

GENERAL MOTORS

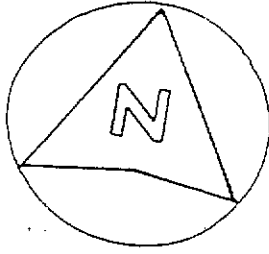
GREENHILL
ROAD

GALLAHER

TO WALKINGTO

ROAD
SELECTION

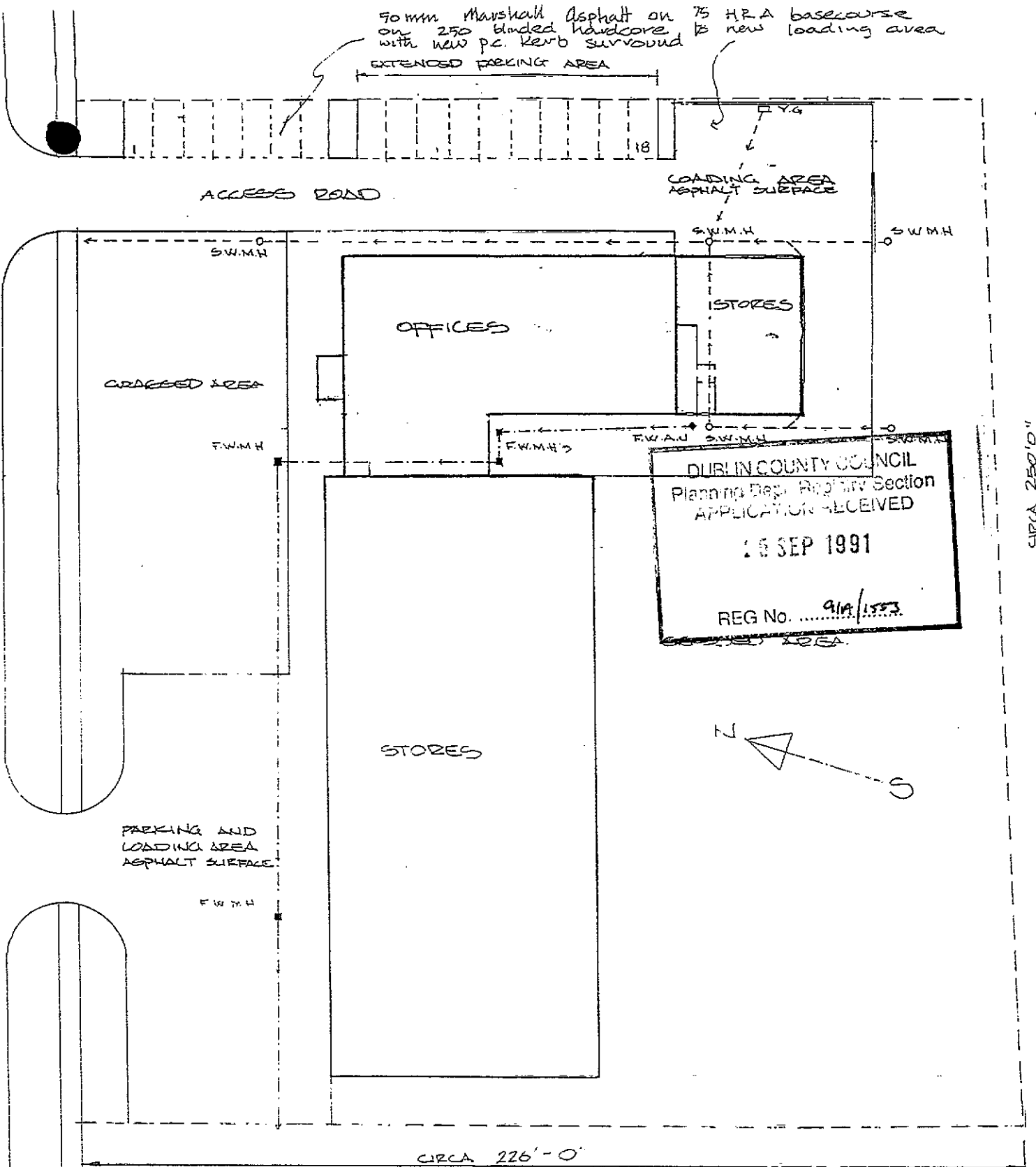
DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
 Planning Dept. Registry Section
 APPLICATION RECEIVED
 25 SEP 1991
 REG No. ...91A/1552...



INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
 146 LOWER DRUMCONDRA ROAD D.9
 PH 379362, 370936 DRG N° 909/2

50 mm Marshall Asphalt on 75 H.R.A basecourse
on 250 bladed hardcore with new p.c. kerb surround

EXTENDED PARKING AREA



DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL
 Planning Dept. Registry Section
 APPLICATION RECEIVED
 16 SEP 1991
 REG No. 919/1593

SITE PLAN 32' = 1"

INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
 RE : SANDOZ LT.D TALLAGHT.
 DRG TITLE - SITE PLAN
 DRG NO 909/38 SCALE 32' = 1" DATE SEPT. 1991.
 REV: B REVISED FOR PLANNING & BEB APPLICATION